









# Match-up database Analyses Report

SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS)

Surface drifters

SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S

prepared by the Pi-MEP Consortium

December 15, 2024

# Contents

1	Ove	erview
2	The	e MDB file datasets
	2.1	Satellite SSS product
		2.1.1 SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS)
	2.2	In situ SSS dataset
	2.3	Auxiliary geophysical datasets
		2.3.1 CMORPH
		2.3.2 ASCAT
		2.3.3 ISAS
		2.3.4 World Ocean Atlas Climatology
	2.4	Overview of the Match-ups generation method
		2.4.1 In situ/Satellite data filtering
		2.4.2 In situ/Satellite Co-localization
		2.4.3 MDB pair Co-localization with auxiliary data and complementary infor-
		mation
		2.4.4 Content of the Match-Up NetCDF files
	2.5	
	2.0	MDB characteristics for each specific in situ/satellite pair
		2.5.1 Number of paired SSS data as a function of time and distance to coast
		2.5.2 Histograms of the SSS match-ups
		2.5.3 Spatial Distribution of Match-ups
		2.5.4 Histograms of the spatial and temporal lags of the match-ups pairs
3	MD	OB file Analyses
•	3.1	Spatial Maps of the Temporal mean and Std of <i>in situ</i> and satellite SSS and of
	0.1	their difference ( $\Delta$ SSS)
	3.2	Time series of the monthly median and Std of <i>in situ</i> and satellite SSS and of
	3.2	their difference ( $\Delta SSS$ )
	2.2	
	3.3	Zonal mean and Std of in situ and satellite SSS and of the difference ( $\Delta$ SSS)
	3.4	Scatterplots of satellite vs in situ SSS by latitudinal bands
	3.5	Time series of the monthly median and Std of $\Delta$ SSS sorted by latitudinal bands
	3.6	ASSS sorted as function of geophysical parameters
	3.7	$\Delta$ SSS maps and statistics for different geophysical conditions
4	Sun	nmary
5	Mo	re Comparison/Validation Materials
•		
		Comparisons with other satellite products
	5.1	Comparisons with other satellite products
	5.1	Comparisons with other satellite products
т	5.1 5.2	Statistics derived for the different in situ databases
L	5.1 5.2	
L	5.1 5.2	Statistics derived for the different in situ databases
${f L}$	5.1 5.2 <b>ist</b>	Statistics derived for the different in situ databases
L	5.1 5.2 <b>ist</b>	Statistics derived for the different in situ databases

3	Histograms of SSS from Surface drifters (a) and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (b) considering all match-up pairs per bins of 0.1 over the SMOS coastal zone	10
4	(<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period Number of SSS match-ups between Surface drifters SSS and the SMAP SSS L2	13
	v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS product for the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region over 1°×1° boxes and for the full satellite product period	14
5	Histograms of the spatial (a) and temporal (b) lags between the location/time of the Surface drifters measurement and the date of the corresponding SMAP SSS	
6	L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS pixel	14
7	match-up pairs are used to generate these maps	15
	drifters) and Std of $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region considering all match-ups collected by	
8	the Pi-MEP	16
	$\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the full satellite product period.	17
9	Contour maps of the concentration of SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS (y-axis) versus Surface drifters SSS (x-axis) at match-up pairs for different latitude bands.	
	For each plot, the red line shows x=y. The black thin and dashed lines indicate a linear fit through the data cloud and the $\pm 95\%$ confidence levels, respectively. The number match-up pairs $n$ , the slope and $R^2$ coefficient of the linear fit, the root mean square (RMS) and the mean bias between satellite and in situ data are	
10	indicated for each latitude band in each plots	18
11	$40^{\circ}\text{N-}60^{\circ}\text{N}$	19
11	(a), ISAS SSS (b), ASCAT Wind speed (c), CCMP Wind speed (d), CMORPH rain rate (e) and IMERG rain rate (f). In all plots the median and Std of $\Delta$ SSS	
12	for each bin is indicated by the red curves and black vertical thick bars ( $\pm 1$ Std). $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) sorted as function of Surface drifters SST values (a), CMC SST (b), ERA5 SST (c), AVHRR SST (d), distance to coast (e) and	20
	distance to ice edge (f). In all plots the median and Std of $\Delta$ SSS for each bin is indicated by the red curves and black vertical thick bars ( $\pm 1$ Std). Link to a	
13	similar figure sorted as function of Sea ice fraction	21
	to:RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km (a), RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s (b), RR>1mm/h and $U_{10} < 4$ m/s (c), WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2 (d), WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2 (e)	22
	255 544 2512 (4), 11 0112010 555 5447 612 (6)	22



14	Normalized histogram of $\Delta$ SSS (SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) - Surface drifters)	
	for 5 different subdatasets corresponding to: RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s,	
	SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km (a), RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s (b),	
	RR>1mm/h and $U_{10} < 4m/s$ (c), WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2 (d), WOA2013 SSS	
	Std>0.2 (e)	23



## Acronym

Aquarius NASA/CONAE Salinity mission

ASCAT Advanced Scatterometer

ATBD Algorithm Theoretical Baseline Document

BLT Barrier Layer Thickness

CMORPH CPC MORPHing technique (precipitation analyses)

CPC Climate Prediction Center

CTD Instrument used to measure the conductivity, temperature, and pressure of

seawater

DM Delayed Mode
EO Earth Observation
ESA European Space Agency
FTP File Transfer Protocol

GOSUD Global Ocean Surface Underway Data
GTMBA The Global Tropical Moored Buoy Array

Ifremer Institut français de recherche pour l'exploitation de la mer

IPEV Institut polaire français Paul-Émile Victor

 $egin{array}{ll} {
m IQR} & {
m Interquartile\ range} \\ {
m ISAS} & {
m In\ Situ\ Analysis\ System} \\ \end{array}$ 

Kurt Kurtosis (fourth central moment divided by fourth power of the standard de-

viation)

L2 Level 2

LEGOS Laboratoire d'Etudes en Géophysique et Océanographie Spatiales

LOCEAN Laboratoire d'Océanographie et du Climat : Expérimentations et Approches

Numériques

LOPS Laboratoire d'Océanographie Physique et Spatiale

MDB Match-up Data Base

MEOP Marine Mammals Exploring the Oceans Pole to Pole

MLD Mixed Layer Depth

NCEI National Centers for Environmental Information

NRT Near Real Time

NTAS Northwest Tropical Atlantic Station

OI Optimal interpolation

Pi-MEP Pilot-Mission Exploitation Platform

PIRATA Prediction and Researched Moored Array in the Atlantic

QC Quality control

 $R_{sat}$  Spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product

RAMA Research Moored Array for African-Asian-Australian Monsoon Analysis and

Prediction

r<sup>2</sup> Square of the Pearson correlation coefficient

RMS Root mean square

RR Rain rate

SAMOS Shipboard Automated Meteorological and Oceanographic System

Skew Skewness (third central moment divided by the cube of the standard deviation)

SMAP Soil Moisture Active Passive (NASA mission)
SMOS Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity (ESA mission)
SPURS Salinity Processes in the Upper Ocean Regional Study

SSS Sea Surface Salinity

 $SSS_{insitu}$  In situ SSS data considered for the match-up



 $SSS_{SAT}$  Satellite SSS product considered for the match-up

 $\Delta$ SSS Difference between satellite and in situ SSS at colocalized point ( $\Delta$ SSS =

 $SSS_{SAT}$ -  $SSS_{insitu}$ )

SST Sea Surface Temperature Std Standard deviation

Std\* Robust Standard deviation = median(abs(x-median(x)))/0.67 (less affected by

outliers than Std)

Stratus Surface buoy located in the eastern tropical Pacific

Survostral SURVeillance de l'Océan AuSTRAL (Monitoring the Southern Ocean)

TAO Tropical Atmosphere Ocean

TSG ThermoSalinoGraph

WHOI Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
WHOTS WHOI Hawaii Ocean Time-series Station

WOA World Ocean Atlas



### 1 Overview

In this report, we present systematic analyses of the Match-up DataBase (MDB) files generated by the Pi-MEP platform within the following Pi-MEP region and for the below pair of Satellite/in situ SSS data:

- Pi-MEP region: SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S (download the corresponding mask in NetCDF here)
- SSS satellite product (SSS<sub>SAT</sub>): SMAP SSS L2 v6 40 km (RSS)
- In situ dataset (SSS<sub>Insitu</sub>): Surface drifters (download the corresponding in situ report here)

In the following,  $\Delta SSS = SSS_{SAT}$ -  $SSS_{Insitu}$  denotes the difference between the satellite and in situ SSS at the colocalized points that form the MDB.

This report presents successively:

The MDB file DataSets (Section 2)

- A short description of the satellite SSS product considered in the match-up (2.1)
- A short description of the in situ SSS dataset considered in the match-up (2.2)
- A short description of the auxiliary geophysical datasets co-localized with SSS pairs (2.3)
- An overview of how the Match-ups were evaluated (2.4)
- An overview of the MDB characteristics for the particular in situ/satellite pairs (2.5)

The major results of the MDB file Analyses (Section 3)

- Spatial Maps of the Time-mean and temporal Std of in situ and satellite SSS and of the  $\Delta$ SSS (3.1)
- Time series of the monthly median and Std of in situ and satellite SSS and of the  $\Delta$ SSS (3.2)
- Zonal mean and Std of in situ and satellite SSS and of the  $\Delta$ SSS (3.3)
- Scatterplots of satellite vs in situ SSS by latitudinal bands (3.4)
- Time series of the monthly median and Std of the  $\Delta$ SSS sorted by latitudinal bands (3.5)
- $\Delta$ SSS sorted as function of geophysical parameters (3.6)
- $\Delta$ SSS maps and statistics for different geophysical conditions (3.7)

All analyses are conducted over the Pi-MEP Region specified above and over the full satellite SSS product period. Original figures appearing in this report can be downloaded as PNG files here or by clicking directly on the figure.



#### 2 The MDB file datasets

## 2.1 Satellite SSS product

#### 2.1.1 SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS)

The RSS SMAP level 2C sea surface salinity V6.0 dataset produced by the Remote Sensing Systems (RSS) and sponsored by the NASA Ocean Salinity Science Team, is a validated product that provides orbital/swath data on sea surface salinity (SSS) derived from the NASA's Soil Moisture Active Passive (SMAP) mission. The SMAP satellite was launched on 31 January 2015 with a near-polar orbit at an inclination of 98 degrees and an altitude of 685 km. It has an ascending node time of 6 pm and is sun-synchronous. With its 1000km swath, SMAP achieves global coverage in approximately 3 days, but has an exact orbit repeat cycle of 8 days. Malfunction of the SMAP scatterometer on 7 July, 2015, has necessitated the use of collocated wind speed, primarily from WindSat, for the surface roughness correction required for the surface salinity retrieval.

The major changes in Version 6.0 from Version 5.0 are: (1) Removal of biases during the first few months of the SMAP mission that are related to the operation of the SMAP radar during that time. (2) Mitigation of biases that depend on the SMAP look angle. (3) Mitigation of salty biases at high Northern latitudes. (4) Revised sun-glint flag. The SMAP-SSS L2C product includes data for a range of parameters: derived sea surface salinity (SSS) with SSS-uncertainty, brightness temperatures for each radiometer polarization, antenna temperatures, collocated wind speed, data and ancillary reference surface salinity data from HYCOM, rain rate, quality flags, and navigation data. Each data file covers one 98-minute orbit (15 files per day), is available in netCDF-4 file format with about 4 days latency. Data begins on April 1,2015 and is ongoing. Observations are global in extent with an approximate spatial resolution of 40 km. Note that while a SSS 40 km variable is also included in the product for most open ocean applications, The standard product of the SMAP Version 6.0 release is the smoothed salinity product with a spatial resolution of approximately 70 km.

We only select data in the MDB files such as all bits from 0 to 12 and also bit 15 are 0.

SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) Spatial resolution  $\sim 40 \text{ km}$  gridded at  $0.25^{\circ} \text{x} 0.25^{\circ}$ Temporal repeat 8 days Temporal coverage From 2015-04-01 to Present Global [-180 180 -90 90] Spatial coverage Data Provider Remote Sensing Systems (RSS), Santa Rosa, USA Release Date 2024-03-26 Version User Guide RSS\_SMAP-SSS\_V6.0\_TechnicalDocumentation.pdf https://data.remss.com/smap/SSS/V06.0/documents/ Documentation ATBD\_EOM\_final.pdf ATBD http://doi.org/10.5067/SMP60-2SOCS DOI Data access http://www.remss.com/missions/smap/ Reference Meissner et al. (2018, 2022)

Table 1: Satellite SSS product characteristics



#### 2.2 In situ SSS dataset

The skin depth of the L-band radiometer signal over the ocean is about 1 cm whereas classical surface salinity measured by ships or Argo floats are performed at a few meters depth. In order to improve the knowledge of the SSS variability in the first 50 cm depth, to better document the SSS variability in a satellite pixel and to provide ground-truth as close as possible to the sea surface for validating satellite SSS, the L-band remotely sensed community proposed to deploy numerous surface drifters over various parts of the ocean. Surface drifter data are provided by the LOCEAN (see <a href="https://www.locean-ipsl.upmc.fr/smos/drifters/">https://www.locean-ipsl.upmc.fr/smos/drifters/</a>). Only validated data are considered with uncertainty order of 0.01 and 0.1.

#### 2.3 Auxiliary geophysical datasets

Additional EO datasets are used to characterize the geophysical conditions at the in situ/satellite SSS pair measurement locations and time, and 10 days prior to the measurements, to get an estimate of the geophysical concomitant condition and history. As discussed in Boutin et al. (2016), the presence of vertical gradients in, and horizontal variability of, sea surface salinity indeed complicates comparison of satellite and in situ measurements. The additional EO data are used here to get a first estimates of conditions for which L-band satellite SSS measured in the first centimeters of the upper ocean within a 50-150 km diameter footprint might differ from pointwise in situ measurements performed in general between 10 and 5 m depth below the surface. The spatio-temporal variability of SSS within a satellite footprint (50–150 km) is a major issue for satellite SSS validation in the vicinity of river plumes, frontal zones, and significant precipitation areas, among others. Rainfall can in some cases produce vertical salinity gradients exceeding 1 pss m<sup>-1</sup>; consequently, it is recommended that satellite and in situ SSS measurements less than 3-6 h after rain events should be considered with care when used in satellite calibration/validation analyses. To identify such situation, the Pi-MEP platform is first using CMORPH products to characterize the local value and history of rain rate and ASCAT gridded data are used to characterize the local surface wind speed and history. For validation purpose, the ISAS monthly SSS in situ analysed fields at 5 m depth are collocated and compared with the satellite SSS products. The use of ISAS is motivated by the fact that it is used in the SMOS L2 official validation protocol in which systematic comparisons of SMOS L2 retrieved SSS with ISAS are done. In complement to ISAS, monthly std climatological fields from the World Ocean Atlas (WOA13) at the match-up pairs location and date are also used to have an a priori information of the local SSS variability.

#### 2.3.1 CMORPH

Precipitation are estimated using the CMORPH 3-hourly products at 1/4° resolution (Joyce et al. (2004)). CMORPH (CPC MORPHing technique) produces global precipitation analyses at very high spatial and temporal resolution. This technique uses precipitation estimates that have been derived from low orbiter satellite microwave observations exclusively, and whose features are transported via spatial propagation information that is obtained entirely from geostationary satellite IR data. At present NOAA incorporate precipitation estimates derived from the passive microwaves aboard the DMSP 13, 14 and 15 (SSM/I), the NOAA-15, 16, 17 and 18 (AMSU-B), and AMSR-E and TMI aboard NASA's Aqua, TRMM and GPM spacecraft, respectively. These estimates are generated by algorithms of Ferraro (1997) for SSM/I, Ferraro et al. (2000) for AMSU-B and Kummerow et al. (2001) for TMI. Note that this technique is not a precipitation estimation algorithm but a means by which estimates from existing microwave



rainfall algorithms can be combined. Therefore, this method is extremely flexible such that any precipitation estimates from any microwave satellite source can be incorporated.

With regard to spatial resolution, although the precipitation estimates are available on a grid with a spacing of 8 km (at the equator), the resolution of the individual satellite-derived estimates is coarser than that - more on the order of  $12 \times 15$  km or so. The finer "resolution" is obtained via interpolation.

In effect, IR data are used as a means to transport the microwave-derived precipitation features during periods when microwave data are not available at a location. Propagation vector matrices are produced by computing spatial lag correlations on successive images of geostationary satellite IR which are then used to propagate the microwave derived precipitation estimates. This process governs the movement of the precipitation features only. At a given location, the shape and intensity of the precipitation features in the intervening half hour periods between microwave scans are determined by performing a time-weighting interpolation between microwave-derived features that have been propagated forward in time from the previous microwave observation and those that have been propagated backward in time from the following microwave scan. NOAA refer to this latter step as "morphing" of the features.

For the present Pi-MEP products, we only considered the 3-hourly products at 1/4 degree resolution. The entire CMORPH record (December 2002-present) for 3-hourly, 1/4 degree lat/lon resolution can be found at: <a href="ftp://ftp.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/precip/CMORPH\_V1">ftp://ftp.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/precip/CMORPH\_V1</a>. O/CRT/. CMORPH estimates cover a global belt (-180°W to 180°E) extending from 60°S to 60°N latitude and are available for the complete period of the Pi-MEP core datasets (Jan 2010-now).

#### 2.3.2 ASCAT

Advanced SCATterometer (ASCAT) daily data produced and made available at Ifremer/CERSAT on a 0.25°x0.25° resolution grid (Bentamy and Fillon (2012)) since March 2007 are used to characterize the mean daily wind at the match-up pair location as well as the wind history during the 10-days period preceding the in situ measurement date. These wind fields are calculated based on a geostatistical method with external drift. Remotely sensed data from ASCAT are considered as observations while those from numerical model analysis (ECMWF) are associated with the external drift. The spatial and temporal structure functions for wind speed, zonal and meridional wind components are estimated from ASCAT retrievals. Furthermore, the new procedure includes a temporal interpolation of the retrievals based on the complex empirical orthogonal function (CEOF) approach, in order to enhance the sampling length of the scatterometer observations. The resulting daily wind fields involves the main known surface wind patterns as well as some variation modes associated with temporal and spatial moving features. The accuracy of the gridded winds was investigated through comparisons with moored buoy data in Bentamy et al. (2012) and resulted in rms differences for wind speed and direction are about 1.50 m.s<sup>-1</sup> and 20°.

#### 2.3.3 ISAS

The In Situ Analysis System (ISAS), as described in Gaillard et al. (2016) is a data based re-analysis of temperature and salinity fields over the global ocean 70°N-70°S on a 1/2° grid. It was initially designed to synthesize the temperature and salinity profiles collected by the Argo program. It has been later extended to accommodate all type of vertical profile as well as time series. ISAS gridded fields are entirely based on *in situ* measurements. The methodology and configuration have been conceived to preserve as much as possible the data information content and resolution. ISAS is developed and run in a research laboratory (LOPS) in close collaboration with Coriolis, one of Argo Global Data Assembly Center and unique



data provider for the Mercator operational oceanography system. In Pi-MEP, the products used are the INSITU\_GLO\_PHY\_TS\_OA\_MY\_013\_052 for the period 2010 to 2021 and the INSITU\_GLO\_PHY\_TS\_OA\_NRT\_013\_002 for the Near-Real Time (2022-2023) derived at the Coriolis data center and provided by the Copernicus Marine Environment Monitoring Service (CMEMS). The major contribution to the data set is from Argo array of profiling floats, reaching an approximate resolution of one profile every 10-days and every 3-degrees over the satellite SSS period (http://www.umr-lops.fr/SNO-Argo/Products/ISAS-T-S-fields/). The ISAS optimal interpolation involves a structure function modeled as the sum of two Gaussian functions, each associated with specific time and space scales, resulting in a smoothing over typically 3 degrees. The smallest scale which can be retrieved with ISAS analysis is not smaller than 300-500 km (Kolodziejczyk et al. (2015)). For validation purpose, the ISAS monthly SSS fields at 5 m depth are collocated and compared with the satellite SSS products and included in the Pi-MEP Match-up files. In addition, the "percentage of variance" fields (PCTVAR) contained in the ISAS analyses provide information on the local variability of in situ SSS measurements within 1/2°x1/2° boxes.

#### 2.3.4 World Ocean Atlas Climatology

The World Ocean Atlas (WOA) is a set of objectively analyzed (1° grid) climatological fields of in situ temperature, salinity and other variables provided at standard depth levels for annual, seasonal, and monthly compositing periods for the World Ocean. It also includes associated statistical fields of observed oceanographic profile data interpolated to standard depth levels on  $5^{\circ}$ ,  $1^{\circ}$ , and  $0.25^{\circ}$  grids. We use these fields in complement to ISAS to characterize the climatological fields (montly mean and std) at the match-up pairs location and date.

### 2.4 Overview of the Match-ups generation method

The match-up production is basically a three steps process:

- 1. preparation of the input in situ and satellite data, and,
- 2. co-localization of satellite products with in situ SSS measurements.
- 3. co-localization of the in situ/satellite pair with auxiliary information.

In the following, we successively detail the approaches taken for these different steps.

#### 2.4.1 In situ/Satellite data filtering

The first step consists in filtering Surface drifters in situ data using the quality flags as described in 2.2 so that only valid salinity data remain in the final match-up files.

For high-spatial resolution in situ SSS measurements such as the Thermo-SalinoGraph (TSG) SSS data, as well as SSS data from surface drifters, an additional spatial filtering step is performed on the in situ data that will be eventually compared to the satellite SSS products. If  $R_{sat}$  is the spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product (L2 to L3-L4), the in situ data are spatially low pass filtered using a running median filter with a window width= $R_{sat}$  to try to minimize the spatial representation uncertainty when comparing to the lower spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product. Both original and filtered in situ data are finally stored in the MDB files.

Only for satellite L2 SSS data, a third sub-step consists in filtering spurious data using the flags and associated recommendations as provided by the official data centers and described in 2.1.



#### 2.4.2 In situ/Satellite Co-localization

In this step, each SSS satellite product is co-localized with the filtered *in situ* measurements. The method used for co-location is different if the satellite SSS is a swath product (so-called Level 2-types) or a time-space composite product (so-called Level 3/level 4-types).

#### • For L2 SSS swath data :

If  $R_{sat}$  is the spatial resolution of the satellite swath SSS product, for each in situ data sample collected in the Pi-MEP database, the platform searches for all satellite SSS data found at grid nodes located within a radius of  $R_{sat}/2$  from the in situ data location and acquired with a time-lag from the in situ measurement date that is less or equal than  $\pm$  12 hours. If several satellite SSS samples are found to meet these criteria, the final satellite SSS match-up point is selected to be the closest in time from the in situ data measurement date. The final spatial and temporal lags between the in situ and satellite data are stored in the MDB files.

#### • For L3 and L4 composite SSS products :

If  $R_{sat}$  is the spatial resolution of the composite satellite SSS product and D the period over which the composite product was built (e.g., periods of 1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 18 days, 1 month, etc..) with central time  $t_o$ , then for each in situ data sample in the Pi-MEP database within the time interval  $[t_o - D/2, t_o + D/2]$ , the platform searches for all satellite SSS data of the composite product found at grid nodes located within a radius of  $R_{sat}/2$  from the in situ data location. If several satellite SSS product samples are found to meet these criteria, the final satellite SSS match-up point is chosen to be the composite SSS with central time  $t_o$  which is the closest in time to the in situ data measurement date. The final spatial and temporal lags between the in situ and satellite data are stored in the MDB file.

Recently, in the context of the partnership with NASA, the Pi-MEP provides a new colocalization criterion that is applied only to L2 products, called "L2-Averaged". It consists in averaging all SSS L2 swath pixels falling in a spatio-temporal window defined by  $R_{sat}$ =50km and  $D=\pm 3.5$  days around the in situ location. The spatial and temporal lags stored in the MDB files correspond to the average of all lags for each in situ data.

# 2.4.3 MDB pair Co-localization with auxiliary data and complementary information

MDB data consist of satellite and in situ SSS pairs but also of auxiliary geophysical parameters such as local and history of wind speed and rain rates, as well as various information (climatology, distance to coast, mixed layer depth, barrier layer thickness, etc) that can be derived from in situ data and which are included in the final match-up files. The collocation of auxiliary parameters and additional information is done for each in situ SSS measurement contained in the match-up files as follows:

If  $t_{insitu}$  is the time/date at which the in situ measurement is performed, we collect:

- The ASCAT wind speed product of the same day than  $t_{insitu}$  found at the ASCAT  $1/4^{\circ}$  grid node with closest distance from the *in situ* data location. We then store the time series of the ASCAT wind speed at the same node for the 10 days prior to the *in situ* measurement day.
- If the *in situ* data is located within the 60°N-60°S band, we select the CMORPH 3-hourly product that is closest in time from  $t_{insitu}$  and found at the CMORPH  $1/4^{\circ}$  grid node



with closest distance from the *in situ* data location. We then store the time series of the CMORPH rain rate at the same node for the 10 days prior to the *in situ* measurement time

For the given month/year of the *in situ* data, we select the ISAS and WOA fields for the same month (and same year for ISAS fields) and take the SSS analysis (monthly mean, std) found at the closest grid node from the *in situ* measurement.

The distance from the *in situ* SSS data location to the nearest coast is evaluated and provided in km. We use a distance-to-coast map at  $1/4^{\circ}$  resolution where small islands have been removed.

When vertical profiles of salinity (S) and temperature (T) are made available from the *in situ* measurements used to build the match-up (Argo or marine mammals), the following variables are also included into each satellite/*in situ* match-up file:

- 1. The vertical distribution of pressure at which the profiles were measured,
- 2. The vertical S(z) and T(z) profiles,
- 3. The vertical potential density anomaly profile  $\sigma_0(z)$ ,
- 4. The Mixed Layer Depth (MLD). The MLD is defined here as the depth where the potential density has increased from the reference depth (10 meter) by a threshold equivalent to 0.2°C decrease in temperature at constant salinity:  $\sigma_0 = \sigma_{010m} + \Delta \sigma_0$  with  $\Delta \sigma_0 = \sigma_0(\theta_{10m} 0.2, S_{10m}) \sigma_0(\theta_{10m}, S_{10m})$  where  $\theta_{10m}$  and  $S_{10m}$  are the temperature and salinity at the reference depth (i.e. 10 m) (de Boyer Montégut et al. (2004), de Boyer Montégut et al. (2007)).
- 5. The Top of the Thermocline Depth (TTD) is defined as the depth at which temperature decreases from its 10 m value by  $0.2^{\circ}$ C.
- 6. The Barrier Layer thickness (BLT) is defined as the difference between the MLD and the TTD. If BLT<0, it corresponds to a vertically density compensated layer whose thickness is then the absolute value of (TTD-MLD).
- 7. The vertical profile of the buoyancy frequency  $N^2(z)$

The resulting match-ups files are serialized as NetCDF-4 files whose structure depends on the origin of the *in situ* data and is described in section 2.4.4.

#### 2.4.4 Content of the Match-Up NetCDF files

The content of the Match-Up NetCDF files for Surface drifters is described here.

#### 2.5 MDB characteristics for each specific in situ/satellite pair

#### 2.5.1 Number of paired SSS data as a function of time and distance to coast

Figure 2 shows the time (a) and distance to coast (b) distributions of the match-ups between Surface drifters and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) for the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.



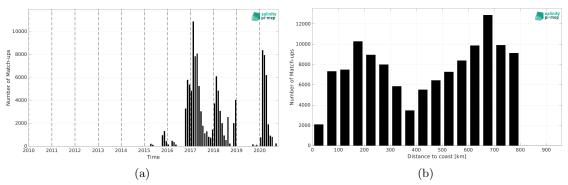


Figure 2: Number of match-ups between Surface drifters and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS as a function of time (a) and as function of the distance to coast (b) over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

#### 2.5.2 Histograms of the SSS match-ups

Figure 3 shows the SSS distribution of Surface drifters (a) and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (b) considering all match-up pairs per bins of 0.1 over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

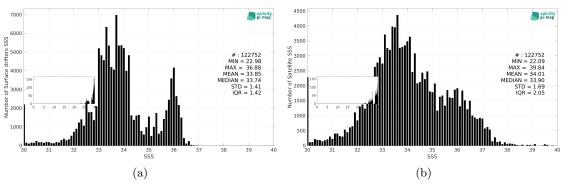


Figure 3: Histograms of SSS from Surface drifters (a) and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (b) considering all match-up pairs per bins of 0.1 over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

#### 2.5.3 Spatial Distribution of Match-ups

The number of SSS match-ups between Surface drifters SSS and the SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS product for the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region over  $1^{\circ}\times1^{\circ}$  boxes and for the full satellite product period is shown in Figure 4.



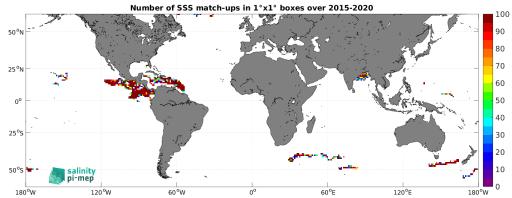


Figure 4: Number of SSS match-ups between Surface drifters SSS and the SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS product for the SMOS coastal zone (<800 km) 60 N-60 S Pi-MEP region over  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  boxes and for the full satellite product period.

#### 2.5.4 Histograms of the spatial and temporal lags of the match-ups pairs

Figure 5 reveals the spatial (left) and temporal (right) lags between the location/time of the Surface drifters measurement and the position/date of the corresponding SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS pixel of all match-ups pairs.

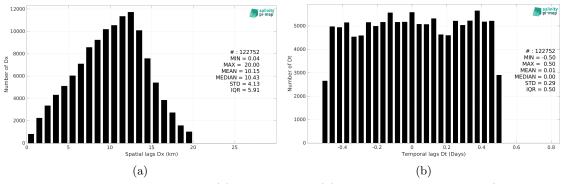


Figure 5: Histograms of the spatial (a) and temporal (b) lags between the location/time of the Surface drifters measurement and the date of the corresponding SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS pixel.

# 3 MDB file Analyses

# 3.1 Spatial Maps of the Temporal mean and Std of in situ and satellite SSS and of their difference ( $\Delta$ SSS)

In Figure 6, we show maps of temporal mean (left) and standard deviation (right) of the SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (top) and of the Surface drifters in situ dataset at the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs. The temporal mean and std are gridded over the full satellite product period and over spatial boxes of size  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ .

At the bottom of Figure 6, the temporal mean (left) and standard deviation (right) of the differences between the satellite SSS product and *in situ* data found at match-up pairs, namely



 $\Delta$ SSS(Satellite -Surface drifters), is also gridded over the full satellite product period and over spatial boxes of size  $1^{\circ}\times1^{\circ}$ .

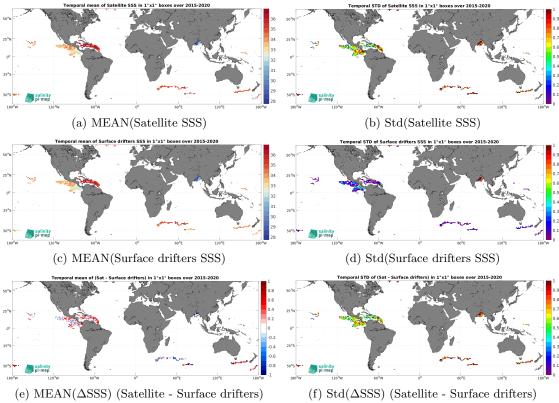


Figure 6: Temporal mean (left) and Std (right) of SSS from SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (top), Surface drifters (middle), and of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters). Only match-up pairs are used to generate these maps.

# 3.2 Time series of the monthly median and Std of in situ and satellite SSS and of their difference ( $\Delta$ SSS)

In the top panel of Figure 7, we show the time series of the monthly median SSS estimated over the full SMOS coastal zone ( $<800 \mathrm{km}$ ) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region for both SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) satellite SSS product (in black) and the Surface drifters in situ dataset (in blue) at the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs.

In the middle panel of Figure 7, we show the time series of the monthly median of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) for the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs and estimated over the full SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region.

In the bottom panel of Figure 7, we show the time series of the monthly standard deviation of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) for the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs and estimated over the full SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region.



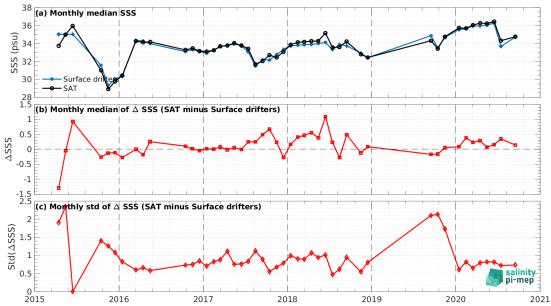


Figure 7: Time series of the monthly median SSS (top), median of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) and Std of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region considering all match-ups collected by the Pi-MEP.

# 3.3 Zonal mean and Std of in situ and satellite SSS and of the difference ( $\Delta$ SSS)

In Figure 8 left panel, we show the zonal mean SSS considering all Pi-MEP match-up pairs for both SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) satellite SSS product (in black) and the Surface drifters in situ dataset (in blue). The full satellite SSS product period is used to derive the mean.

In the right panel of Figure 8, we show the zonal mean of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the full satellite product period.



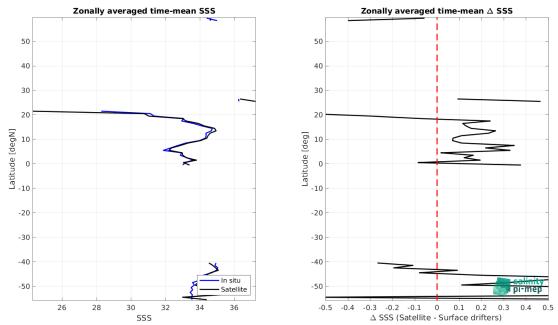


Figure 8: Left panel: Zonal mean SSS from SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) satellite product (black) and from Surface drifters (blue). Right panel: Zonal mean of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the full satellite product period.

### 3.4 Scatterplots of satellite vs in situ SSS by latitudinal bands

In Figure 9, contour maps of the concentration of SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS (y-axis) versus Surface drifters SSS (x-axis) at match-up pairs for different latitude bands: (a) 80°S-80°N, (b) 20°S-20°N, (c) 40°S-20°S and 20°N-40°N and (d) 60°S-40°S and 40°N-60°N. For each plot, the red line shows x=y. The black thin and dashed lines indicate a linear fit through the data cloud and the  $\pm 95\%$  confidence levels, respectively. The number match-up pairs n, the slope and  $\mathbb{R}^2$  coefficient of the linear fit, the root mean square (RMS) and the mean bias between satellite and in situ data are indicated for each latitude band in each plots.



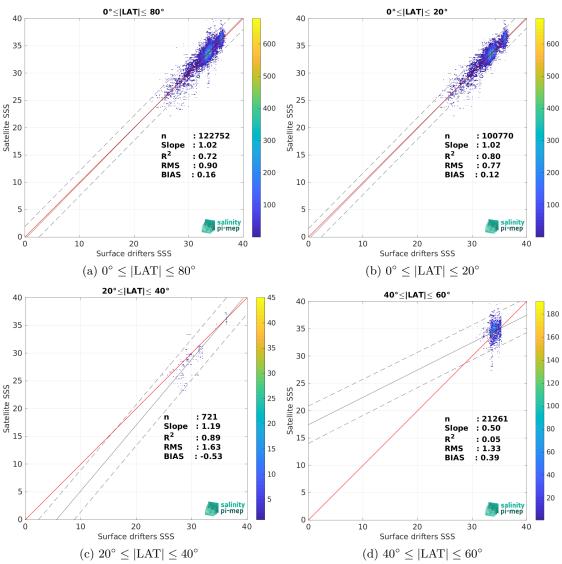
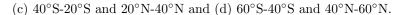


Figure 9: Contour maps of the concentration of SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS (y-axis) versus Surface drifters SSS (x-axis) at match-up pairs for different latitude bands. For each plot, the red line shows x=y. The black thin and dashed lines indicate a linear fit through the data cloud and the  $\pm 95\%$  confidence levels, respectively. The number match-up pairs n, the slope and  $R^2$  coefficient of the linear fit, the root mean square (RMS) and the mean bias between satellite and  $in\ situ$  data are indicated for each latitude band in each plots.

# 3.5 Time series of the monthly median and Std of $\Delta$ SSS sorted by latitudinal bands

In Figure 10, time series of the monthly median (red curves) of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) and  $\pm 1$  Std (black vertical thick bars) as function of time for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period are shown for different latitude bands: (a)  $80^{\circ}$ S- $80^{\circ}$ N, (b)  $20^{\circ}$ S- $20^{\circ}$ N,





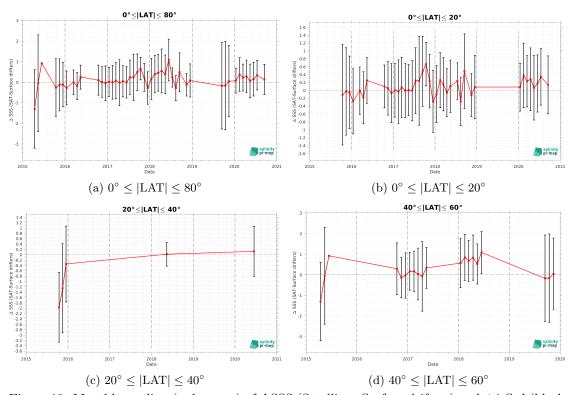


Figure 10: Monthly median (red curves) of  $\Delta SSS$  (Satellite - Surface drifters) and  $\pm 1$  Std (black vertical thick bars) as function of time for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period are shown for different latitude bands: (a) 80°S-80°N, (b) 20°S-20°N, (c) 40°S-20°S and 20°N-40°N and (d) 60°S-40°S and 40°N-60°N.

#### 3.6 $\Delta$ SSS sorted as function of geophysical parameters

In Figures 11 and 12, we classify the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - in~situ) between SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) and Surface drifters SSS as function of the geophysical conditions at match-up points. The median and std of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) is thus evaluated as function of the

- in situ SSS values per bins of width 0.2,
- in situ SST values per bins of width 1°C,
- CCMP 6h/ASCAT daily wind values per bins of width 1 m/s,
- IMERG 30 min/CMORPH 3-hourly rain rates per bins of width 1 mm/h,
- distance to the coast per bins of width 50 km,
- distance to the ice edge per bins of width 50 km,
- in situ measurement depth (if relevant),



- sea ice fraction per bins of width 10%,
- CMC/ERA5/AVHRR SST values per bins of width 1°C,
- ISAS SSS values per bins of width 0.2.

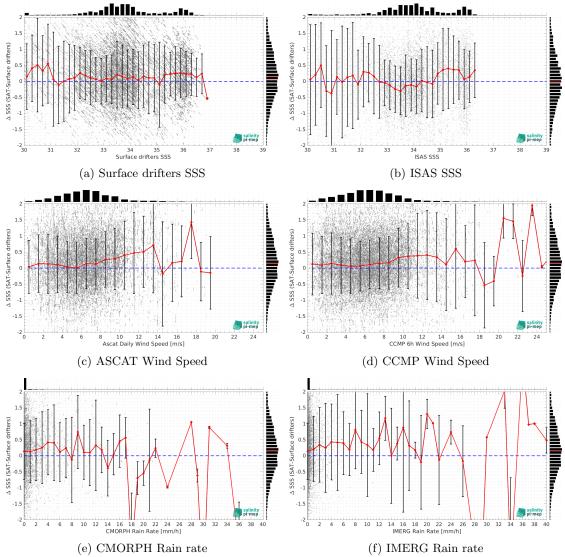


Figure 11:  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) sorted as function of Surface drifters SSS values (a), ISAS SSS (b), ASCAT Wind speed (c), CCMP Wind speed (d), CMORPH rain rate (e) and IMERG rain rate (f). In all plots the median and Std of  $\Delta$ SSS for each bin is indicated by the red curves and black vertical thick bars ( $\pm 1$  Std).



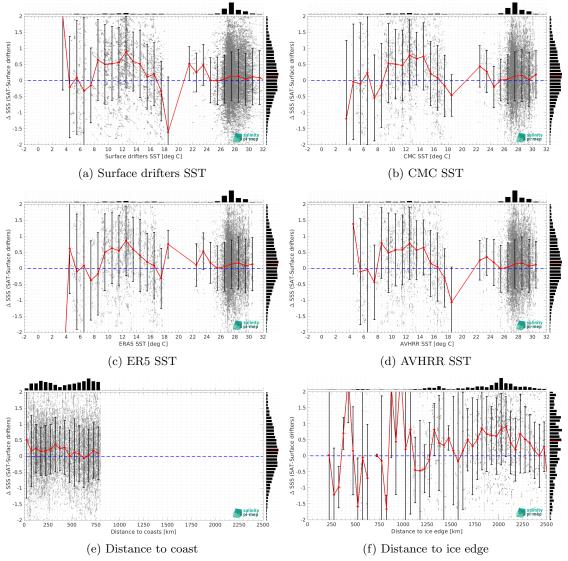


Figure 12:  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) sorted as function of Surface drifters SST values (a), CMC SST (b), ERA5 SST (c), AVHRR SST (d), distance to coast (e) and distance to ice edge (f). In all plots the median and Std of  $\Delta$ SSS for each bin is indicated by the red curves and black vertical thick bars ( $\pm$ 1 Std). Link to a similar figure sorted as function of Sea ice fraction.

### 3.7 $\Delta$ SSS maps and statistics for different geophysical conditions

In Figures 13 and 14, we focus on sub-datasets of the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - in situ) between SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) and Surface drifters for the following specific geophysical conditions:

- C1:if the local value at *in situ* location of estimated rain rate is zero, mean daily wind is in the range [3, 12] m/s, the SST is > 5°C and distance to coast is > 800 km.
- C2:if the local value at in situ location of estimated rain rate is zero, mean daily wind is



in the range [3, 12] m/s.

- C3:if the local value at *in situ* location of estimated rain rate is high (ie. > 1 mm/h) and mean daily wind is low (ie. < 4 m/s).
- C5:if the *in situ* data is located where the climatological SSS standard deviation is low (ie. above < 0.2).
- C6:if the *in situ* data is located where the climatological SSS standard deviation is high (ie. above > 0.2).

For each of these conditions, the temporal mean (gridded over spatial boxes of size  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ ) and the histogram of the difference  $\Delta SSS$  (Satellite -  $in \ situ$ ) are presented.

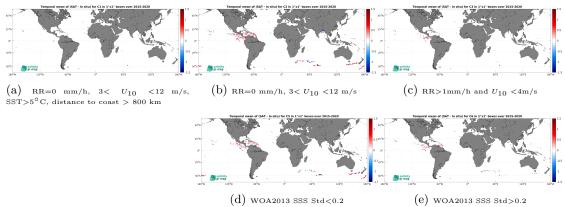


Figure 13: Temporal mean gridded over spatial boxes of size  $1^{\circ}\times1^{\circ}$  of  $\Delta \rm SSS$  (SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) - Surface drifters) for 5 different subdatasets corresponding to:RR=0 mm/h, 3<  $U_{10}$  <12 m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km (a), RR=0 mm/h, 3<  $U_{10}$  <12 m/s (b), RR>1mm/h and  $U_{10}$  <4m/s (c), WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2 (d), WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2 (e).



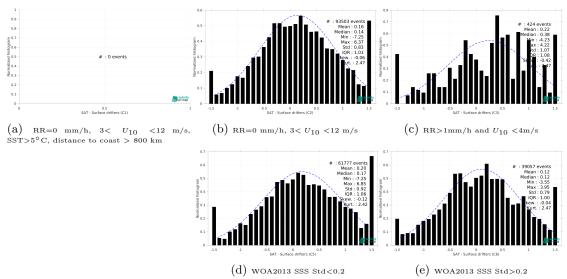


Figure 14: Normalized histogram of  $\Delta$ SSS (SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) - Surface drifters) for 5 different subdatasets corresponding to: RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km (a), RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s (b), RR>1mm/h and  $U_{10} < 4$ m/s (c), WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2 (d), WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2 (e).

## 4 Summary

- ▶ Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient ( $r^2$ ) and robust standard deviation (Std\*) of the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite  $in\ situ$ ) between SMAP SSS L2 v6 40 km (RSS) and Surface drifters derived over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period and for the following conditions:
  - all: All the match-up pairs satellite/in situ SSS values are used to derive the statistics
  - C1: only pairs where RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km
  - C2: only pairs where RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s
  - C3: only pairs where RR>1mm/h and  $U_{10}$  <4m/s
  - C5: only pairs where WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2
  - $\bullet$  C6: only pairs at WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2
  - C7a: only pairs with a distance to coast < 150 km.
  - C7b: only pairs with a distance to coast in the range [150, 800] km.
  - C7c: only pairs with a distance to coast > 800 km.
  - C8a: only pairs where SST is  $< 5^{\circ}$ C.
  - C8b: only pairs where SST is in the range [5, 15]°C.



- C8c: only pairs where SST is > 15°C.
- C9a: only pairs where SSS is < 33.
- C9b: only pairs where SSS is in the range [33, 37].
- C9c: only pairs where SSS is > 37.

Table 1: Statistics of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters)

Condition	#	Median	Mean	Std	RMS	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$
all	122752	0.14	0.16	0.89	0.90	1.05	0.724	0.78
C1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C2	93503	0.14	0.16	0.83	0.85	1.01	0.742	0.75
C3	424	0.38	0.22	1.07	1.09	1.08	0.661	0.84
C5	61777	0.17	0.20	0.92	0.94	1.06	0.663	0.79
C6	39057	0.12	0.12	0.79	0.80	1.00	0.780	0.75
C7a	16891	0.23	0.23	1.10	1.12	1.19	0.830	0.90
C7b	105843	0.13	0.15	0.85	0.86	1.02	0.668	0.76
C7c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8a	193	-0.19	0.21	1.77	1.78	2.73	0.026	1.74
C8b	16554	0.57	0.49	1.31	1.40	1.45	0.027	1.08
C8c	106005	0.09	0.11	0.79	0.79	0.97	0.793	0.73
C9a	23411	0.12	0.13	0.93	0.94	1.08	0.662	0.80
C9b	99341	0.15	0.17	0.88	0.89	1.04	0.586	0.78
C9c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

▶ Table 2 presents statistics of  $\Delta SSS$  (Satellite - ISAS) using only ISAS SSS values with PCTVAR<80%.

Table 2: Statistics of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - ISAS)

Table 2. Statistics of ASSS (Saterite - ISAS)											
Condition	#	Median	Mean	$\mathbf{Std}$	$\mathbf{RMS}$	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$			
all	105732	-0.02	-0.02	0.96	0.96	1.09	0.656	0.81			
C1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN			
C2	81800	-0.02	-0.02	0.93	0.93	1.07	0.667	0.80			
C3	331	-0.01	-0.03	0.85	0.85	1.01	0.567	0.77			
C5	56135	-0.04	-0.05	0.92	0.92	1.04	0.646	0.77			
C6	36640	-0.03	-0.02	0.98	0.98	1.14	0.657	0.84			
C7a	12305	0.27	0.25	1.28	1.30	1.36	0.775	1.03			
C7b	93409	-0.06	-0.06	0.91	0.91	1.05	0.604	0.79			
C7c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN			
C8a	172	-0.82	-0.27	1.79	1.81	2.29	0.023	1.36			
C8b	15973	-0.01	-0.03	1.22	1.22	1.40	0.080	1.04			
C8c	89587	-0.02	-0.02	0.90	0.90	1.05	0.710	0.78			
C9a	18475	-0.15	-0.21	1.11	1.12	1.19	0.515	0.89			
C9b	87257	0.02	0.02	0.92	0.92	1.08	0.521	0.81			
C9c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN			

 $\blacktriangleright$  Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1 and Table 2.



## 5 More Comparison/Validation Materials

## 5.1 Comparisons with other satellite products

▶ Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient ( $r^2$ ) and robust standard deviation (Std\*) of the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) between different satellite products and Surface drifters derived over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region considering all match-up pairs satellite/in situ SSS values to derive the statistics:

Table 1: Statistics of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Surface drifters) - All

smap-l2-rss-v6         133630         0.13         0.15         0.61         0.63         0.60         0.843         0.45           smap-l2-rss-v6-40km         122752         0.14         0.16         0.89         0.90         1.05         0.724         0.78           smap-l2-jpl-v5.0         159059         0.21         0.25         0.95         0.98         0.87         0.686         0.63           aquarius-l2-or-v5         52858         -0.05         -0.17         0.66         0.68         0.47         0.618         0.34           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q         152865         0.05         0.05         0.96         0.96         1.08         0.620         0.80           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km         434097         0.00         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km         438528         -0.01         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         -0.00         -0.05         0.64         0.64         0.43         0.806         0.32           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.03	Satellite products	#	Median	Mean	$\operatorname{Std}$	RMS	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$
smap-l2-rss-v6-40km         122752         0.14         0.16         0.89         0.90         1.05         0.724         0.78           smap-l2-jpl-v5.0         159059         0.21         0.25         0.95         0.98         0.87         0.686         0.65           aquarius-l2-or-v5         52858         -0.05         -0.17         0.66         0.68         0.47         0.618         0.34           aquarius-l2-jpl-v5         49899         0.04         0.01         0.57         0.57         0.54         0.700         0.40           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q         152865         0.05         0.05         0.96         0.96         0.96         0.80         0.80         0.80           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km         434087         0.00         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km         438528         -0.01         -0.05         0.64         0.64         0.43         0.806         0.32           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         0.00         -0.01         0.53         0.53         0.54         0.87         0.33           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01	smos-l2-v700	159184	0.02						0.78
smap-l2-jpl-v5.0         159059         0.21         0.25         0.95         0.98         0.87         0.686         0.68           aquarius-l2-or-v5         52858         -0.05         -0.17         0.66         0.68         0.47         0.618         0.34           aquarius-l2-jpl-v5         49899         0.04         0.01         0.57         0.57         0.54         0.700         0.40           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q         152865         0.05         0.05         0.96         0.96         1.08         0.620         0.80           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-l0d-25km         430888         0.00         -0.02         0.52         0.52         0.42         0.870         0.31           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-l0d-25km         438528         -0.01         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         0.00         -0.05         0.64         0.64         0.43         0.806         0.32           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.00         0.47         0.47         0.35         0.902         0.26           smos-l3-scev-2-9d         342846         -0.01         0.04	smap-l2-rss-v6	133630	0.13	0.15	0.61	0.63	0.60	0.843	0.45
aquarius-l2-or-v5         52858         -0.05         -0.17         0.66         0.68         0.47         0.618         0.34           aquarius-l2-jpl-v5         49899         0.04         0.01         0.57         0.57         0.54         0.700         0.40           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q         152865         0.05         0.05         0.96         0.96         1.08         0.620         0.80           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-l0d-25km         430888         0.00         -0.02         0.52         0.52         0.42         0.870         0.31           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-lnd-25km         434097         0.00         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         0.00         -0.01         0.53         0.53         0.44         0.875         0.33           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.00         0.47         0.47         0.35         0.992         0.26           smos-l3-rest-de-beer-v2-9d         342846         -0.01         0.00         0.62         0.62         0.51         0.867         0.38           smap-l3-rss-v6-lm         183450         0.08         0.11	smap-l2-rss-v6-40km					0.90			
aquarius-l2-jpl-v5         49899         0.04         0.01         0.57         0.57         0.54         0.700         0.40           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q         152865         0.05         0.05         0.96         0.96         1.08         0.620         0.80           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d         430888         0.00         -0.02         0.52         0.52         0.42         0.870         0.31           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km         434097         0.00         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km         438528         -0.01         -0.05         0.64         0.64         0.43         0.806         0.32           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         0.00         -0.01         0.53         0.53         0.44         0.875         0.33           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.00         0.47         0.47         0.35         0.902         0.26           smos-l3-resv6-sdr         183450         0.08         0.11         0.62         0.62         0.51         0.867         0.38           smap-l3-resv6-bdr         183495         0.08         0.12<	smap-l2-jpl-v5.0	159059	0.21	0.25	0.95	0.98	0.87	0.686	0.65
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q         152865         0.05         0.05         0.96         0.96         1.08         0.620         0.80           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d         430888         0.00         -0.02         0.52         0.52         0.42         0.870         0.31           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km         434097         0.00         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km         438528         -0.01         -0.05         0.64         0.64         0.43         0.806         0.32           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         0.00         -0.01         0.53         0.53         0.44         0.875         0.33           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.00         0.47         0.47         0.35         0.902         0.26           smos-l3-bec-v2-9d         342846         -0.01         0.04         0.62         0.62         0.51         0.867         0.38           smap-l3-rss-v6-Bdr         183450         0.08         0.11         0.53         0.54         0.39         0.885         0.29           smap-l3-jpl-v5-0-8dr         184192         0.18	aquarius-l2-or-v5	52858	-0.05	-0.17				0.618	0.34
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d         430888         0.00         -0.02         0.52         0.52         0.42         0.870         0.31           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km         434097         0.00         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km         438528         -0.01         -0.05         0.64         0.64         0.43         0.806         0.32           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         0.00         -0.01         0.53         0.53         0.44         0.875         0.33           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.00         0.47         0.47         0.35         0.902         0.26           smos-l3-bec-v2-9d         342846         -0.01         0.04         0.62         0.62         0.51         0.867         0.38           smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr         183450         0.08         0.11         0.53         0.54         0.39         0.885         0.29           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25 <td>1 01</td> <td>49899</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.57</td> <td>0.57</td> <td>0.54</td> <td>0.700</td> <td></td>	1 01	49899			0.57	0.57	0.54	0.700	
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km         434097         0.00         -0.05         0.67         0.67         0.51         0.795         0.39           smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km         438528         -0.01         -0.05         0.64         0.64         0.43         0.806         0.32           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         0.00         -0.01         0.53         0.53         0.44         0.875         0.33           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.00         0.47         0.47         0.35         0.902         0.26           smos-l3-bec-v2-9d         342846         -0.01         0.04         0.62         0.62         0.51         0.867         0.38           smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr         183450         0.08         0.11         0.53         0.54         0.39         0.885         0.29           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25         0.63         0.67         0.45         0.833         0.31           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr         147382         -0.03         -0.1	1 1								
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km         438528         -0.01         -0.05         0.64         0.64         0.43         0.806         0.32           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d         607803         0.00         -0.01         0.53         0.53         0.44         0.875         0.33           smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.00         0.47         0.47         0.35         0.902         0.26           smos-l3-bec-v2-9d         342846         -0.01         0.04         0.62         0.62         0.51         0.867         0.38           smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr         183450         0.08         0.11         0.53         0.54         0.39         0.885         0.29           smap-l3-rss-v6-1m         183957         0.08         0.12         0.62         0.63         0.40         0.845         0.29           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25         0.63									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d         607803         -0.01         0.00         0.47         0.47         0.35         0.902         0.26           smos-l3-bec-v2-9d         342846         -0.01         0.04         0.62         0.62         0.51         0.867         0.38           smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr         183450         0.08         0.11         0.53         0.54         0.39         0.885         0.29           smap-l3-rss-v6-1m         183957         0.08         0.12         0.62         0.63         0.40         0.845         0.29           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25         0.63         0.67         0.45         0.833         0.31           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr         147382         -0.03         -0.10         0.60         0.61         0.33         0.685         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41	-								
smos-l3-bec-v2-9d         342846         -0.01         0.04         0.62         0.62         0.51         0.867         0.38           smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr         183450         0.08         0.11         0.53         0.54         0.39         0.885         0.29           smap-l3-rss-v6-1m         183957         0.08         0.12         0.62         0.63         0.40         0.845         0.29           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25         0.63         0.67         0.45         0.833         0.31           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr         147382         -0.03         -0.10         0.60         0.61         0.33         0.685         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39				-0.01	0.53	0.53			
smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr         183450         0.08         0.11         0.53         0.54         0.39         0.885         0.29           smap-l3-rss-v6-1m         183957         0.08         0.12         0.62         0.63         0.40         0.845         0.29           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25         0.63         0.67         0.45         0.833         0.31           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr         147382         -0.03         -0.10         0.60         0.61         0.33         0.685         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m         159766         -0.05         -0.11         0.60         0.61         0.29         0.697         0.22           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39	smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d	607803		0.00	0.47	0.47		0.902	
smap-l3-rss-v6-1m         183957         0.08         0.12         0.62         0.63         0.40         0.845         0.29           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25         0.63         0.67         0.45         0.833         0.31           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr         147382         -0.03         -0.10         0.60         0.61         0.33         0.685         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m         159766         -0.05         -0.11         0.60         0.61         0.29         0.697         0.22           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39         0.40         0.26         0.822         0.19           smos-l4-bec-v2-1d         444685         -0.03         0.04         0.60	smos-l3-bec-v2-9d	342846		0.04	0.62	0.62	0.51	0.867	
smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr         184192         0.18         0.23         0.52         0.57         0.41         0.885         0.30           smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25         0.63         0.67         0.45         0.833         0.31           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr         147382         -0.03         -0.10         0.60         0.61         0.33         0.685         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m         159766         -0.05         -0.11         0.60         0.61         0.29         0.697         0.22           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39         0.40         0.26         0.822         0.19           smos-l4-bec-v2-1d         444685         -0.03         0.04         0.60         0.60         0.44         0.879         0.33           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         427429         0.01         0.08	smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr	183450		0.11			0.39	0.885	
smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m         124866         0.19         0.25         0.63         0.67         0.45         0.833         0.31           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr         147382         -0.03         -0.10         0.60         0.61         0.33         0.685         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m         159766         -0.05         -0.11         0.60         0.61         0.29         0.697         0.22           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask         159745         -0.02         -0.08         0.60         0.61         0.28         0.691         0.21           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39         0.40         0.26         0.822         0.19           smos-l4-bec-v2-1d         444685         -0.03         0.04         0.60         0.60         0.44         0.879         0.33           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         427429         0.01         0.08 </td <td>smap-l3-rss-v6-1m</td> <td>183957</td> <td>0.08</td> <td>0.12</td> <td>0.62</td> <td>0.63</td> <td>0.40</td> <td>0.845</td> <td>0.29</td>	smap-l3-rss-v6-1m	183957	0.08	0.12	0.62	0.63	0.40	0.845	0.29
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr         147382         -0.03         -0.10         0.60         0.61         0.33         0.685         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m         159766         -0.05         -0.11         0.60         0.61         0.29         0.697         0.22           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask         159745         -0.02         -0.08         0.60         0.61         0.28         0.691         0.21           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39         0.40         0.26         0.822         0.19           smos-l4-bec-v2-1d         444685         -0.03         0.04         0.60         0.60         0.44         0.879         0.33           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         427429         0.01         0.08         0.62         0.63         0.38         0.840         0.28           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         404515         -0.02	smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr	184192	0.18	0.23	0.52	0.57	0.41	0.885	0.30
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m         159766         -0.05         -0.11         0.60         0.61         0.29         0.697         0.22           aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask         159745         -0.02         -0.08         0.60         0.61         0.28         0.691         0.21           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39         0.40         0.26         0.822         0.19           smos-l4-bec-v2-1d         444685         -0.03         0.04         0.60         0.60         0.44         0.879         0.33           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         427429         0.01         0.08         0.62         0.63         0.38         0.840         0.28           smos-l4-cmems-catr-v1-1d         404515         -0.02         0.00         0.58         0.58         0.20         0.849         0.15	smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m	124866	0.19	0.25	0.63	0.67	0.45	0.833	0.31
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask         144094         -0.01         -0.07         0.58         0.59         0.32         0.690         0.24           aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask         159745         -0.02         -0.08         0.60         0.61         0.28         0.691         0.21           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39         0.40         0.26         0.822         0.19           smos-l4-bec-v2-1d         444685         -0.03         0.04         0.60         0.60         0.44         0.879         0.33           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         427429         0.01         0.08         0.62         0.63         0.38         0.840         0.28           smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d         404515         -0.02         0.00         0.58         0.58         0.20         0.849         0.15	aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr	147382	-0.03	-0.10	0.60	0.61	0.33	0.685	0.24
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask         159745         -0.02         -0.08         0.60         0.61         0.28         0.691         0.21           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr         144966         0.03         0.05         0.41         0.41         0.30         0.814         0.23           aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m         149535         0.03         0.06         0.39         0.40         0.26         0.822         0.19           smos-l4-bec-v2-1d         444685         -0.03         0.04         0.60         0.60         0.44         0.879         0.33           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         427429         0.01         0.08         0.62         0.63         0.38         0.840         0.28           smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d         404515         -0.02         0.00         0.58         0.58         0.20         0.849         0.15	•	159766	-0.05	-0.11	0.60	0.61		0.697	0.22
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr       144966       0.03       0.05       0.41       0.41       0.30       0.814       0.23         aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m       149535       0.03       0.06       0.39       0.40       0.26       0.822       0.19         smos-l4-bec-v2-1d       444685       -0.03       0.04       0.60       0.60       0.44       0.879       0.33         smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w       427429       0.01       0.08       0.62       0.63       0.38       0.840       0.28         smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d       404515       -0.02       0.00       0.58       0.58       0.20       0.849       0.15	aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask	144094	-0.01	-0.07	0.58	0.59	0.32	0.690	0.24
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m       149535       0.03       0.06       0.39       0.40       0.26       0.822       0.19         smos-l4-bec-v2-1d       444685       -0.03       0.04       0.60       0.60       0.44       0.879       0.33         smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w       427429       0.01       0.08       0.62       0.63       0.38       0.840       0.28         smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d       404515       -0.02       0.00       0.58       0.58       0.20       0.849       0.15	aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask	159745	-0.02	-0.08	0.60	0.61	0.28	0.691	0.21
smos-l4-bec-v2-1d         444685         -0.03         0.04         0.60         0.60         0.44         0.879         0.33           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         427429         0.01         0.08         0.62         0.63         0.38         0.840         0.28           smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         404515         -0.02         0.00         0.58         0.58         0.20         0.849         0.15	aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr	144966	0.03	0.05	0.41	0.41	0.30	0.814	0.23
smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w         427429         0.01         0.08         0.62         0.63         0.38         0.840         0.28           smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d         404515         -0.02         0.00         0.58         0.58         0.20         0.849         0.15	aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m	149535	0.03	0.06	0.39	0.40	0.26	0.822	0.19
smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-ld 404515 -0.02 0.00 0.58 0.58 0.20 0.849 0.15	smos-l4-bec-v2-1d	444685	-0.03	0.04	0.60	0.60	0.44	0.879	0.33
	smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w	427429	0.01	0.08	0.62	0.63	0.38	0.840	0.28
	smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d	404515	-0.02	0.00	0.58	0.58	0.20	0.849	0.15
smos-14-cmems-cnr-v1-1m 404515 -0.03 0.02 0.59 0.60 0.22 0.843 0.16	smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m	404515	-0.03	0.02	0.59	0.60	0.22	0.843	0.16
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr 399823 0.00 0.03 0.40 0.40 0.27 0.920 0.21	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr	399823	0.00	0.03	0.40	0.40	0.27	0.920	0.21
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr 395703 0.00 0.04 0.44 0.44 0.28 0.901 0.21	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr	395703	0.00	0.04	0.44	0.44	0.28	0.901	0.21
smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d 1163745 0.02 0.09 0.44 0.45 0.29 0.934 0.21	smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d	1163745	0.02	0.09	0.44	0.45	0.29	0.934	0.21
smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m 290772 0.02 0.10 0.49 0.50 0.28 0.915 0.21	smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m	290772	0.02	0.10	0.49	0.50	0.28	0.915	0.21
aquarius-14-iprc-v5-1w 152930 -0.02 0.01 0.35 0.35 0.20 0.869 0.15	aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w	152930	-0.02	0.01	0.35	0.35	0.20	0.869	0.15
aquarius-14-iprc-v5-1m 151125 -0.02 0.02 0.38 0.38 0.17 0.848 0.13									
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr 391872 0.00 0.04 0.39 0.39 0.27 0.922 0.20	~	391872	0.00	0.04		0.39		0.922	0.20
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-30dr 390239 0.00 0.05 0.43 0.44 0.28 0.903 0.21	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-30dr	390239	0.00	0.05	0.43	0.44	0.28	0.903	0.21



▶ Table 2 is similar to Table 1 but considering only match-up pairs where RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km.

Table 2: Statistics of  $\Delta SSS$  (Satellite - Surface drifters) - C1

Satellite products	#	Median	Mean	Std	RMS	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\operatorname{\mathbf{Std}}^{\star}$
smos-12-v700	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l2-rss-v6	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l2-rss-v6-40km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l2-jpl-v5.0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2-or-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2-jpl-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-bec-v2-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-rss-v6-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap- $l3$ -jpl- $v5.0$ - $8dr$	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-13-or-v5-1m-rain-mask	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l4-bec-v2-1d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-ld	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-30dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

- ▶ Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1 and Table 2.
- ▶ Figures using numerical values of Table 1 sorted by MEDIANS, MEANS, IQR, RMS, STD, R2 are also provided.
- ▶ Figures using numerical values of Table 2 sorted by MEDIANS, MEANS, IQR, RMS, STD, R2 are also provided.

Caution has to be made in the interpretation of the "ranking" between different satellite products in particular when looking at the dispersion parameters like the standard deviation (STD), or the interquartile range (IQR). Keep in mind that



low spatial and/or temporal resolution satellite SSS products tend to have lower dispersions than products at higher resolutions. For example, a level 2 (swath) product of a specific sensor will always have more dispersion than level 3 or 4 products where spatial and temporal averaging tend to reduce the instrumental noise and potential small scale variability. In general, products at  $1^{\circ}\times1^{\circ}$  spatial resolution have lower dispersion than products at  $0.25^{\circ}\times0.25^{\circ}$ . Same result applies for monthly products compared to daily products.

#### 5.2 Statistics derived for the different in situ databases

▶ Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient ( $r^2$ ) and robust standard deviation (Std\*) of the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite -  $in \ situ$ ) between **SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS)** and all the available  $in \ situ$  datasets derived over the SMOS coastal zone (<800km) 60N-60S Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period and considering all match-up pairs satellite/ $in \ situ$  SSS values to derive the statistics:

Table 1: Statistics of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite -  $in \ situ$ )

in situ database	#	Median	Mean	Std	RMS	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\operatorname{\mathbf{Std}}^{\star}$
argo	412727	-0.02	-0.04	1.17	1.17	1.19	0.886	0.89
tsg-legos-dm	2207391	0.01	0.06	1.45	1.45	1.33	0.647	1.00
tsg-gosud-research-vessel	2803267	0.04	0.09	1.26	1.26	1.31	0.830	0.97
tsg-gosud-sailing-ship	124322	0.08	0.09	1.08	1.09	1.29	0.497	0.97
tsg-samos	1026343	0.13	0.27	1.82	1.84	1.49	0.435	1.11
mammal	29691	0.08	0.13	1.51	1.51	1.73	0.346	1.29
drifter	122752	0.14	0.16	0.89	0.90	1.05	0.724	0.78
tsg-polarstern	144187	0.05	0.07	1.16	1.16	1.23	0.472	0.91
saildrone	339683	0.15	0.24	1.44	1.46	1.41	0.598	1.04
tsg-csic-utm	635127	0.13	0.14	1.22	1.23	1.26	0.530	0.94
ices	367383	0.32	0.43	2.01	2.05	1.97	0.917	1.47

▶ Table 2 is similar to Table 1 but considering only match-up pairs where RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12 \text{ m/s}$ , SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km.

Table 2: Statistics of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite -  $in \ situ$ )

in situ database	#	Median	Mean	$\operatorname{Std}$	$\mathbf{RMS}$	ÍQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$
argo	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
tsg-legos-dm	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
tsg-gosud-research-vessel	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
tsg-gosud-sailing-ship	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
tsg-samos	2	-0.07	-0.07	1.68	1.19	1.19	1.000	1.78
mammal	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
drifter	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
tsg-polarstern	1	1.16	1.16	0.00	1.16	0.00	NaN	0.00
saildrone	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
tsg-csic-utm	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
ices	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

▶ Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1 and Table 2.



#### References

- Abderrahim Bentamy and Denis Croize Fillon. Gridded surface wind fields from Metop/ASCAT measurements. *Int. J. Remote Sens.*, 33(6):1729–1754, March 2012. ISSN 1366-5901. doi: 10.1080/01431161.2011.600348.
- Abderrahim Bentamy, Semyon A. Grodsky, James A. Carton, Denis Croizé-Fillon, and Bertrand Chapron. Matching ASCAT and QuikSCAT winds. *J. Geophys. Res.*, 117(C2), February 2012. ISSN 0148-0227. doi: 10.1029/2011JC007479.
- Jaqueline Boutin, Y. Chao, W. E. Asher, T. Delcroix, R. Drucker, K. Drushka, N. Kolodziejczyk, T. Lee, N. Reul, G. Reverdin, J. Schanze, A. Soloviev, L. Yu, J. Anderson, L. Brucker, E. Dinnat, A. S. Garcia, W. L. Jones, C. Maes, T. Meissner, W. Tang, N. Vinogradova, and B. Ward. Satellite and In Situ Salinity: Understanding Near-Surface Stratification and Sub-footprint Variability. Bull. Am. Meterol. Soc., 97(8):1391–1407, 2016. ISSN 1520-0477. doi: 10.1175/bams-d-15-00032.1.
- Clément de Boyer Montégut, Gurvan Madec, A. S. Fischer, A. Lazar, and D. Ludicone. Mixed layer depth over the global ocean: An examination of profile data and a profile-based climatology. *J. Geophys. Res.*, 109(C12), December 2004. doi: 10.1029/2004jc002378.
- Clément de Boyer Montégut, Juliette Mignot, Alban Lazar, and Sophie Cravatte. Control of salinity on the mixed layer depth in the world ocean: 1. General description. *J. Geophys. Res.*, 112(C6), June 2007. ISSN 0148-0227. doi: 10.1029/2006jc003953.
- Ralph R. Ferraro. SSM/I derived global rainfall estimates for climatological applications. *J. Geophys. Res.*, 102(D14):16715–16736, 07 1997. doi: 10.1029/97JD01210.
- Ralph R. Ferraro, Fuzhong Weng, Norman C. Grody, and Limin Zhao. Precipitation characteristics over land from the NOAA-15 AMSU sensor. *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 27(17):2669–2672, 2000. doi: 10.1029/2000GL011665.
- Fabienne Gaillard, Thierry Reynaud, Virginie Thierry, Nicolas Kolodziejczyk, and Karina von Schuckmann. In Situ-Based Reanalysis of the Global Ocean Temperature and Salinity with ISAS: Variability of the Heat Content and Steric Height. *J. Clim.*, 29(4):1305–1323, February 2016. ISSN 1520-0442. doi: 10.1175/jcli-d-15-0028.1.
- Robert J. Joyce, John E. Janowiak, Phillip A. Arkin, and Pingping Xie. CMORPH: A Method that Produces Global Precipitation Estimates from Passive Microwave and Infrared Data at High Spatial and Temporal Resolution. *J. Hydrometeorol.*, 5(3):487–503, June 2004. doi: 10.1175/1525-7541(2004)005\( 0487: \cappa \); camtpg\( 2.0. \co; 2. \)
- Nicolas Kolodziejczyk, Gilles Reverdin, and Alban Lazar. Interannual Variability of the Mixed Layer Winter Convection and Spice Injection in the Eastern Subtropical North Atlantic. *J. Phys. Oceanogr.*, 45(2):504–525, Feb 2015. ISSN 1520-0485. doi: 10.1175/jpo-d-14-0042.1.
- Christian Kummerow, Y. Hong, W. S. Olson, S. Yang, R. F. Adler, J. McCollum, R. Ferraro, G. Petty, D-B. Shin, and T. T. Wilheit. The Evolution of the Goddard Profiling Algorithm (GPROF) for Rainfall Estimation from Passive Microwave Sensors. *J. Appl. Meteorol.*, 40(11): 1801–1820, 2001. doi: 10.1175/1520-0450(2001)040(1801:TEOTGP)2.0.CO;2.
- T. Meissner, F. J. Wentz, A. Manaster, R. Lindsley, M. Brewer, and M. Densberger. Remote sensing systems smap ocean surface salinities level 2c, version 5.0 validated release. *Remote*



Sensing Systems, Santa Rosa, CA, USA. Available online at www.remss.com/missions/smap, 2022. doi: 10.5067/SMP50-2SOCS.

Thomas Meissner, Frank J. Wentz, and David M. Le Vine. The Salinity Retrieval Algorithms for the NASA Aquarius Version 5 and SMAP Version 3 Releases. *Remote Sens.*, 10(7):1121, jul 2018. doi: 10.3390/rs10071121.