







# Match-up database Analyses Report

SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS)

Argo

Gulf of Mexico

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# Acronym

Aquarius	NASA/CONAE Salinity mission
ASCAT	Advanced Scatterometer
ATBD	Algorithm Theoretical Baseline Document
BLT	Barrier Layer Thickness
CMORPH	CPC MORPHing technique (precipitation analyses)
CPC	Climate Prediction Center
CTD	Instrument used to measure the conductivity, temperature, and pressure of
	seawater
DM	Delayed Mode
EO	Earth Observation
$\mathbf{ESA}$	European Space Agency
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
GOSUD	Global Ocean Surface Underway Data
GTMBA	The Global Tropical Moored Buoy Array
Ifremer	Institut français de recherche pour l'exploitation de la mer
IPEV	Institut polaire français Paul-Émile Victor
IQR	Interquartile range
ISAS	In Situ Analysis System
Kurt	Kurtosis (fourth central moment divided by fourth power of the standard de-
	viation)
L2	Level 2
LEGOS	Laboratoire d'Etudes en Géophysique et Océanographie Spatiales
LOCEAN	Laboratoire d'Océanographie et du Climat : Expérimentations et Approches Numériques
LOPS	Laboratoire d'Océanographie Physique et Spatiale
MDB	Match-up Data Base
MEOP	Marine Mammals Exploring the Oceans Pole to Pole
MLD	Mixed Layer Depth
NCEI	National Centers for Environmental Information
NRT	Near Real Time
NTAS	Northwest Tropical Atlantic Station
OI	Optimal interpolation
Pi-MEP	Pilot-Mission Exploitation Platform
PIRATA	Prediction and Researched Moored Array in the Atlantic
$\mathrm{QC}$	Quality control
$R_{sat}$	Spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product
RAMA	Research Moored Array for African-Asian-Australian Monsoon Analysis and
	Prediction
$r^2$	Square of the Pearson correlation coefficient
RMS	Root mean square
$\mathbf{RR}$	Rain rate
SAMOS	Shipboard Automated Meteorological and Oceanographic System
Skew	Skewness (third central moment divided by the cube of the standard deviation)
SMAP	Soil Moisture Active Passive (NASA mission)
SMOS	Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity (ESA mission)
SPURS	Salinity Processes in the Upper Ocean Regional Study
SSS	Sea Surface Salinity
$SSS_{insitu}$	In situ SSS data considered for the match-up



$SSS_{SAT}$	Satellite SSS product considered for the match-up
$\Delta SSS$	Difference between satellite and in situ SSS at colocalized point ( $\Delta$ SSS =
	$SSS_{SAT}$ - $SSS_{insitu}$ )
SST	Sea Surface Temperature
$\operatorname{Std}$	Standard deviation
$\operatorname{Std}^{\star}$	Robust Standard deviation = $median(abs(x-median(x)))/0.67$ (less affected by
	outliers than Std)
Stratus	Surface buoy located in the eastern tropical Pacific
Survostral	SURVeillance de l'Océan AuSTRAL (Monitoring the Southern Ocean)
TAO	Tropical Atmosphere Ocean
TSG	ThermoSalinoGraph
WHOI	Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
WHOTS	WHOI Hawaii Ocean Time-series Station
WOA	World Ocean Atlas



## 1 Overview

In this report, we present systematic analyses of the Match-up DataBase (MDB) files generated by the Pi-MEP platform within the following Pi-MEP region and for the below pair of Satellite/in situ SSS data:

- Pi-MEP region: Gulf of Mexico (download the corresponding mask in NetCDF here)
- SSS satellite product (SSS<sub>SAT</sub>): SMAP SSS L2 v6 40 km (RSS)
- In situ dataset (SSS<sub>Insitu</sub>): Argo (download the corresponding in situ report here)

In the following,  $\Delta SSS = SSS_{SAT}$ -  $SSS_{Insitu}$  denotes the difference between the satellite and *in* situ SSS at the colocalized points that form the MDB.

This report presents successively:

The MDB file DataSets (Section 2)

- A short description of the satellite SSS product considered in the match-up (2.1)
- A short description of the *in situ* SSS dataset considered in the match-up (2.2)
- A short description of the auxiliary geophysical datasets co-localized with SSS pairs (2.3)
- An overview of how the Match-ups were evaluated (2.4)
- An overview of the MDB characteristics for the particular *in situ*/satellite pairs (2.5)

The major results of the MDB file Analyses (Section 3)

- Spatial Maps of the Time-mean and temporal Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of the  $\Delta$ SSS (3.1)
- Time series of the monthly median and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of the  $\Delta$ SSS (3.2)
- Zonal mean and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of the  $\Delta$ SSS (3.3)
- Scatterplots of satellite vs in situ SSS by latitudinal bands (3.4)
- Time series of the monthly median and Std of the  $\Delta$ SSS sorted by latitudinal bands (3.5)
- $\Delta$ SSS sorted as function of geophysical parameters (3.6)
- $\Delta$ SSS maps and statistics for different geophysical conditions (3.7)

All analyses are conducted over the Pi-MEP Region specified above and over the full satellite SSS product period. Original figures appearing in this report can be downloaded as PNG files here or by clicking directly on the figure.



## 2 The MDB file datasets

#### 2.1 Satellite SSS product

#### 2.1.1 SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS)

The RSS SMAP level 2C sea surface salinity V6.0 dataset produced by the Remote Sensing Systems (RSS) and sponsored by the NASA Ocean Salinity Science Team, is a validated product that provides orbital/swath data on sea surface salinity (SSS) derived from the NASA's Soil Moisture Active Passive (SMAP) mission. The SMAP satellite was launched on 31 January 2015 with a near-polar orbit at an inclination of 98 degrees and an altitude of 685 km. It has an ascending node time of 6 pm and is sun-synchronous. With its 1000km swath, SMAP achieves global coverage in approximately 3 days, but has an exact orbit repeat cycle of 8 days. Malfunction of the SMAP scatterometer on 7 July, 2015, has necessitated the use of collocated wind speed, primarily from WindSat, for the surface roughness correction required for the surface salinity retrieval.

The major changes in Version 6.0 from Version 5.0 are: (1) Removal of biases during the first few months of the SMAP mission that are related to the operation of the SMAP radar during that time. (2) Mitigation of biases that depend on the SMAP look angle. (3) Mitigation of salty biases at high Northern latitudes. (4) Revised sun-glint flag. The SMAP-SSS L2C product includes data for a range of parameters: derived sea surface salinity (SSS) with SSS-uncertainty, brightness temperatures for each radiometer polarization, antenna temperatures, collocated wind speed, data and ancillary reference surface salinity data from HYCOM, rain rate, quality flags, and navigation data. Each data file covers one 98-minute orbit (15 files per day), is available in netCDF-4 file format with about 4 days latency. Data begins on April 1,2015 and is ongoing. Observations are global in extent with an approximate spatial resolution of 40 km. Note that while a SSS 40 km variable is also included in the product for most open ocean applications, The standard product of the SMAP Version 6.0 release is the smoothed salinity product with a spatial resolution of approximately 70 km.

We only select data in the MDB files such as all bits from 0 to 12 and also bit 15 are 0.

	SMAP SSS L2 v6 - $40 \text{ km}$ (RSS)
Spatial resolution	$\sim 40 \text{ km gridded at } 0.25^{\circ} \text{x} 0.25^{\circ}$
Temporal repeat	8 days
Temporal coverage	From 2015-04-01 to Present
Spatial coverage	Global [-180 180 -90 90]
Data Provider	Remote Sensing Systems (RSS), Santa Rosa, USA
Release Date	2024-03-26
Version	6
User Guide	RSS_SMAP-SSS_V6.0_TechnicalDocumentation.pdf
Documentation	https://data.remss.com/smap/SSS/V06.0/documents/
ATBD	ATBD_EOM_final.pdf
DOI	http://doi.org/10.5067/SMP60-2SOCS
Data access	http://www.remss.com/missions/smap/
Reference	Meissner et al. (2018, 2022)

Table 1: Satellite SSS product characteristics



### 2.2 In situ SSS dataset

Argo is a global array of 3,000 free-drifting profiling floats that measures the temperature and salinity of the upper 2000 m of the ocean. This allows continuous monitoring of the temperature and salinity of the upper ocean, with all data being relayed and made publicly available within hours after collection. The array provides around 100,000 temperature/salinity profiles per year distributed over the global oceans at an average of 3-degree spacing. Only Argo salinity and temperature float data with quality index set to 1 or 2 and data mode set to real time (RT), real time adjusted (RTA) and delayed mode (DM) are considered in the Pi-MEP. Argo floats which may have problems with one or more sensors appearing in the grey list maintained at the Coriolis/GDACs are discarded. Furthermore, Pi-MEP provides an additional list of ~1000 "suspicious" argo salinity profiles that are also removed before analysis. The upper ocean salinity and temperature values recorded between 0m and 10m depth are considered as Argo sea surface salinities (SSS) and sea surface temperatures (SST). These data were collected and made freely available by the international Argo project and the national programs that contribute to it (Argo (2024)).

#### 2.3 Auxiliary geophysical datasets

Additional EO datasets are used to characterize the geophysical conditions at the *in situ*/satellite SSS pair measurement locations and time, and 10 days prior to the measurements, to get an estimate of the geophysical concomitant condition and history. As discussed in Boutin et al. (2016), the presence of vertical gradients in, and horizontal variability of, sea surface salinity indeed complicates comparison of satellite and in situ measurements. The additional EO data are used here to get a first estimates of conditions for which L-band satellite SSS measured in the first centimeters of the upper ocean within a 50-150 km diameter footprint might differ from pointwise in situ measurements performed in general between 10 and 5 m depth below the surface. The spatio-temporal variability of SSS within a satellite footprint (50–150 km) is a major issue for satellite SSS validation in the vicinity of river plumes, frontal zones, and significant precipitation areas, among others. Rainfall can in some cases produce vertical salinity gradients exceeding 1 pss  $m^{-1}$ ; consequently, it is recommended that satellite and in situ SSS measurements less than 3–6 h after rain events should be considered with care when used in satellite calibration/validation analyses. To identify such situation, the Pi-MEP platform is first using CMORPH products to characterize the local value and history of rain rate and ASCAT gridded data are used to characterize the local surface wind speed and history. For validation purpose, the ISAS monthly SSS in situ analysed fields at 5 m depth are collocated and compared with the satellite SSS products. The use of ISAS is motivated by the fact that it is used in the SMOS L2 official validation protocol in which systematic comparisons of SMOS L2 retrieved SSS with ISAS are done. In complement to ISAS, monthly std climatological fields from the World Ocean Atlas (WOA13) at the match-up pairs location and date are also used to have an a priori information of the local SSS variability.

#### 2.3.1 CMORPH

Precipitation are estimated using the CMORPH 3-hourly products at 1/4° resolution (Joyce et al. (2004)). CMORPH (CPC MORPHing technique) produces global precipitation analyses at very high spatial and temporal resolution. This technique uses precipitation estimates that have been derived from low orbiter satellite microwave observations exclusively, and whose features are transported via spatial propagation information that is obtained entirely from geostationary satellite IR data. At present NOAA incorporate precipitation estimates derived from

the passive microwaves aboard the DMSP 13, 14 and 15 (SSM/I), the NOAA-15, 16, 17 and 18 (AMSU-B), and AMSR-E and TMI aboard NASA's Aqua, TRMM and GPM spacecraft, respectively. These estimates are generated by algorithms of Ferraro (1997) for SSM/I, Ferraro et al. (2000) for AMSU-B and Kummerow et al. (2001) for TMI. Note that this technique is not a precipitation estimation algorithm but a means by which estimates from existing microwave rainfall algorithms can be combined. Therefore, this method is extremely flexible such that any precipitation estimates from any microwave satellite source can be incorporated.

With regard to spatial resolution, although the precipitation estimates are available on a grid with a spacing of 8 km (at the equator), the resolution of the individual satellite-derived estimates is coarser than that - more on the order of  $12 \ge 15$  km or so. The finer "resolution" is obtained via interpolation.

In effect, IR data are used as a means to transport the microwave-derived precipitation features during periods when microwave data are not available at a location. Propagation vector matrices are produced by computing spatial lag correlations on successive images of geostationary satellite IR which are then used to propagate the microwave derived precipitation estimates. This process governs the movement of the precipitation features only. At a given location, the shape and intensity of the precipitation features in the intervening half hour periods between microwave derived features that have been propagated forward in time from the previous microwave observation and those that have been propagated backward in time from the following microwave scan. NOAA refer to this latter step as "morphing" of the features.

For the present Pi-MEP products, we only considered the 3-hourly products at 1/4 degree resolution. The entire CMORPH record (December 2002-present) for 3-hourly, 1/4 degree lat/lon resolution can be found at: ftp://ftp.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/precip/CMORPH\_V1. O/CRT/. CMORPH estimates cover a global belt (-180°W to 180°E) extending from 60°S to 60°N latitude and are available for the complete period of the Pi-MEP core datasets (Jan 2010-now).

#### 2.3.2 ASCAT

Advanced SCATterometer (ASCAT) daily data produced and made available at Ifremer/CERSAT on a  $0.25^{\circ}x0.25^{\circ}$  resolution grid (Bentamy and Fillon (2012)) since March 2007 are used to characterize the mean daily wind at the match-up pair location as well as the wind history during the 10-days period preceding the in situ measurement date. These wind fields are calculated based on a geostatistical method with external drift. Remotely sensed data from ASCAT are considered as observations while those from numerical model analysis (ECMWF) are associated with the external drift. The spatial and temporal structure functions for wind speed, zonal and meridional wind components are estimated from ASCAT retrievals. Furthermore, the new procedure includes a temporal interpolation of the retrievals based on the complex empirical orthogonal function (CEOF) approach, in order to enhance the sampling length of the scatterometer observations. The resulting daily wind fields involves the main known surface wind patterns as well as some variation modes associated with temporal and spatial moving features. The accuracy of the gridded winds was investigated through comparisons with moored buoy data in Bentamy et al. (2012) and resulted in rms differences for wind speed and direction are about 1.50 m.s<sup>-1</sup> and 20°.

#### 2.3.3 ISAS

The In Situ Analysis System (ISAS), as described in Gaillard et al. (2016) is a data based re-analysis of temperature and salinity fields over the global ocean  $70^{\circ}N-70^{\circ}S$  on a  $1/2^{\circ}$  grid. It was initially designed to synthesize the temperature and salinity profiles collected by the



Argo program. It has been later extended to accommodate all type of vertical profile as well as time series. ISAS gridded fields are entirely based on *in situ* measurements. The methodology and configuration have been conceived to preserve as much as possible the data information content and resolution. ISAS is developed and run in a research laboratory (LOPS) in close collaboration with Coriolis, one of Argo Global Data Assembly Center and unique data provider for the Mercator operational oceanography system. In Pi-MEP, the products used are the INSITU\_GLO\_PHY\_TS\_OA\_MY\_013\_052 for the period 2010 to 2021 and the IN-SITU\_GLO\_PHY\_TS\_OA\_NRT\_013\_002 for the Near-Real Time (2022-2023) derived at the Coriolis data center and provided by the Copernicus Marine Environment Monitoring Service (CMEMS). The major contribution to the data set is from Argo array of profiling floats, reaching an approximate resolution of one profile every 10-days and every 3-degrees over the satellite SSS period (http://www.umr-lops.fr/SNO-Argo/Products/ISAS-T-S-fields/). The ISAS optimal interpolation involves a structure function modeled as the sum of two Gaussian functions, each associated with specific time and space scales, resulting in a smoothing over typically 3 degrees. The smallest scale which can be retrieved with ISAS analysis is not smaller than 300–500 km (Kolodziejczyk et al. (2015)). For validation purpose, the ISAS monthly SSS fields at 5 m depth are collocated and compared with the satellite SSS products and included in the Pi-MEP Match-up files. In addition, the "percentage of variance" fields (PCTVAR) contained in the ISAS analyses provide information on the local variability of *in situ* SSS measurements within  $1/2^{\circ} x 1/2^{\circ}$  boxes.

#### 2.3.4 World Ocean Atlas Climatology

The World Ocean Atlas (WOA) is a set of objectively analyzed (1° grid) climatological fields of *in situ* temperature, salinity and other variables provided at standard depth levels for annual, seasonal, and monthly compositing periods for the World Ocean. It also includes associated statistical fields of observed oceanographic profile data interpolated to standard depth levels on 5°, 1°, and 0.25° grids. We use these fields in complement to ISAS to characterize the climatological fields (montly mean and std) at the match-up pairs location and date.

#### 2.4 Overview of the Match-ups generation method

The match-up production is basically a three steps process:

- 1. preparation of the input *in situ* and satellite data, and,
- 2. co-localization of satellite products with in situ SSS measurements.
- 3. co-localization of the in situ/satellite pair with auxiliary information.

In the following, we successively detail the approaches taken for these different steps.

#### 2.4.1 In situ/Satellite data filtering

The first step consists in filtering Argo *in situ* data using the quality flags as described in 2.2 so that only valid salinity data remain in the final match-up files.

For high-spatial resolution in situ SSS measurements such as the Thermo-SalinoGraph (TSG) SSS data, as well as SSS data from surface drifters, an additional spatial filtering step is performed on the *in situ* data that will be eventually compared to the satellite SSS products. If  $R_{sat}$  is the spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product (L2 to L3-L4), the *in situ* data are spatially low pass filtered using a running median filter with a window width= $R_{sat}$  to try to minimize the



spatial representation uncertainty when comparing to the lower spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product. Both original and filtered *in situ* data are finally stored in the MDB files.

Only for satellite L2 SSS data, a third sub-step consists in filtering spurious data using the flags and associated recommendations as provided by the official data centers and described in 2.1.

#### 2.4.2 In situ/Satellite Co-localization

In this step, each SSS satellite product is co-localized with the filtered *in situ* measurements. The method used for co-location is different if the satellite SSS is a swath product (so-called Level 2-types) or a time-space composite product (so-called Level 3/level 4-types).

• For L2 SSS swath data :

If  $R_{sat}$  is the spatial resolution of the satellite swath SSS product, for each *in situ* data sample collected in the Pi-MEP database, the platform searches for all satellite SSS data found at grid nodes located within a radius of  $R_{sat}/2$  from the *in situ* data location and acquired with a time-lag from the *in situ* measurement date that is less or equal than  $\pm 12$ hours. If several satellite SSS samples are found to meet these criteria, the final satellite SSS match-up point is selected to be the closest in time from the *in situ* data measurement date. The final spatial and temporal lags between the *in situ* and satellite data are stored in the MDB files.

• For L3 and L4 composite SSS products :

If  $R_{sat}$  is the spatial resolution of the composite satellite SSS product and D the period over which the composite product was built (e.g., periods of 1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 18 days, 1 month, etc..) with central time  $t_o$ , then for each *in situ* data sample in the Pi-MEP database within the time interval  $[t_o - D/2, t_o + D/2]$ , the platform searches for all satellite SSS data of the composite product found at grid nodes located within a radius of  $R_{sat}/2$  from the *in situ* data location. If several satellite SSS product samples are found to meet these criteria, the final satellite SSS match-up point is chosen to be the composite SSS with central time  $t_o$ which is the closest in time to the *in situ* data measurement date. The final spatial and temporal lags between the *in situ* and satellite data are stored in the MDB file.

Recently, in the context of the partnership with NASA, the Pi-MEP provides a new colocalization criterion that is applied only to L2 products, called "L2-Averaged". It consists in averaging all SSS L2 swath pixels falling in a spatio-temporal window defined by  $R_{sat}=50$ km and  $D = \pm 3.5$  days around the in situ location. The spatial and temporal lags stored in the MDB files correspond to the average of all lags for each in situ data.

#### 2.4.3 MDB pair Co-localization with auxiliary data and complementary information

MDB data consist of satellite and *in situ* SSS pairs but also of auxiliary geophysical parameters such as local and history of wind speed and rain rates, as well as various information (climatology, distance to coast, mixed layer depth, barrier layer thickness, etc) that can be derived from *in situ* data and which are included in the final match-up files. The collocation of auxiliary parameters and additional information is done for each *in situ* SSS measurement contained in the match-up files as follows :

If  $t_{insitu}$  is the time/date at which the *in situ* measurement is performed, we collect:



- The ASCAT wind speed product of the same day than  $t_{insitu}$  found at the ASCAT  $1/4^{\circ}$  grid node with closest distance from the *in situ* data location. We then store the time series of the ASCAT wind speed at the same node for the 10 days prior to the *in situ* measurement day.
- If the *in situ* data is located within the 60°N-60°S band, we select the CMORPH 3-hourly product that is closest in time from  $t_{insitu}$  and found at the CMORPH 1/4° grid node with closest distance from the *in situ* data location. We then store the time series of the CMORPH rain rate at the same node for the 10 days prior to the *in situ* measurement time.

For the given month/year of the *in situ* data, we select the ISAS and WOA fields for the same month (and same year for ISAS fields) and take the SSS analysis (monthly mean, std) found at the closest grid node from the *in situ* measurement.

The distance from the *in situ* SSS data location to the nearest coast is evaluated and provided in km. We use a distance-to-coast map at  $1/4^{\circ}$  resolution where small islands have been removed.

When vertical profiles of salinity (S) and temperature (T) are made available from the *in situ* measurements used to build the match-up (Argo or marine mammals), the following variables are also included into each satellite/*in situ* match-up file:

- 1. The vertical distribution of pressure at which the profiles were measured,
- 2. The vertical S(z) and T(z) profiles,
- 3. The vertical potential density anomaly profile  $\sigma_0(z)$ ,
- 4. The Mixed Layer Depth (MLD). The MLD is defined here as the depth where the potential density has increased from the reference depth (10 meter) by a threshold equivalent to  $0.2^{\circ}$ C decrease in temperature at constant salinity:  $\sigma_0 = \sigma_{010m} + \Delta \sigma_0$  with  $\Delta \sigma_0 = \sigma_0(\theta_{10m} 0.2, S_{10m}) \sigma_0(\theta_{10m}, S_{10m})$  where  $\theta_{10m}$  and  $S_{10m}$  are the temperature and salinity at the reference depth (i.e. 10 m) (de Boyer Montégut et al. (2004), de Boyer Montégut et al. (2007)).
- 5. The Top of the Thermocline Depth (TTD) is defined as the depth at which temperature decreases from its 10 m value by 0.2°C.
- 6. The Barrier Layer thickness (BLT) is defined as the difference between the MLD and the TTD. If BLT<0, it corresponds to a vertically density compensated layer whose thickness is then the absolute value of (TTD-MLD).
- 7. The vertical profile of the buoyancy frequency  $N^2(z)$

The resulting match-ups files are serialized as NetCDF-4 files whose structure depends on the origin of the *in situ* data and is described in section 2.4.4.

#### 2.4.4 Content of the Match-Up NetCDF files

The content of the Match-Up NetCDF files for Argo is described here.



### 2.5 MDB characteristics for each specific *in situ*/satellite pair

#### 2.5.1 Number of paired SSS data as a function of time and distance to coast

Figure 2 shows the time (a) and distance to coast (b) distributions of the match-ups between Argo and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) for the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

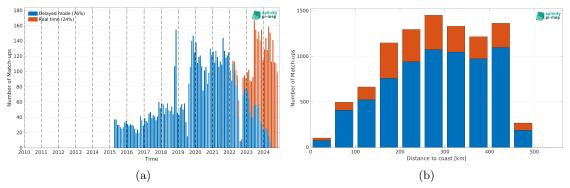


Figure 2: Number of match-ups between Argo and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS as a function of time (a) and as function of the distance to coast (b) over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

#### 2.5.2 Histograms of the SSS match-ups

Figure 3 shows the SSS distribution of Argo (a) and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (b) considering all match-up pairs per bins of 0.1 over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

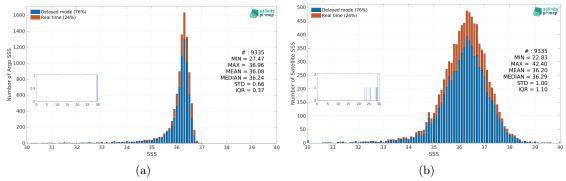


Figure 3: Histograms of SSS from Argo (a) and SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (b) considering all match-up pairs per bins of 0.1 over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

#### 2.5.3 Distribution of in situ SSS depth measurements

Figure 4 shows the depth distribution of the upper level SSS measurements from Argo in the Match-up DataBase for the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region (a) and temporal mean spatial distribution of pressure of the *in situ* SSS data over  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  boxes and for the full satellite product period (b).



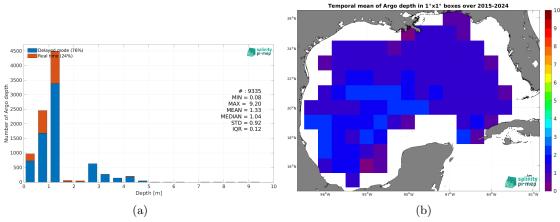


Figure 4: Histograms of the depth of the upper level SSS measurements from Argo in the Matchup DataBase for the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region (a) and temporal mean spatial distribution of pressure of the *in situ* SSS data over  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  boxes and for the full satellite product period (b).

#### 2.5.4 Spatial Distribution of Match-ups

The number of SSS match-ups between Argo SSS and the SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS product for the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region over  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  boxes and for the full satellite product period is shown in Figure 5.

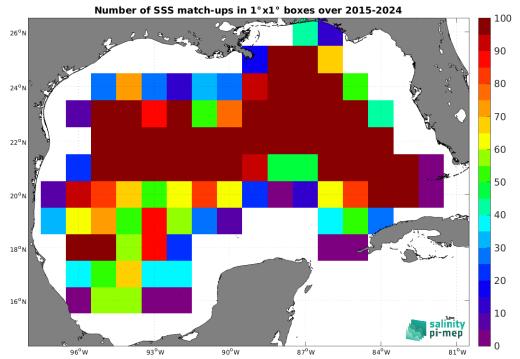


Figure 5: Number of SSS match-ups between Argo SSS and the SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS product for the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region over  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  boxes and for the full satellite product period.



#### 2.5.5 Histograms of the spatial and temporal lags of the match-ups pairs

Figure 6 reveals the spatial (left) and temporal (right) lags between the location/time of the Argo measurement and the position/date of the corresponding SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS pixel of all match-ups pairs.

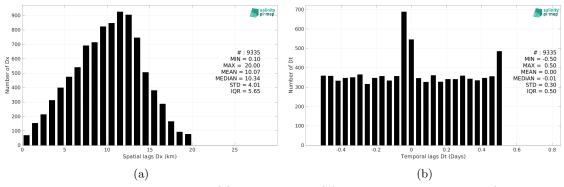


Figure 6: Histograms of the spatial (a) and temporal (b) lags between the location/time of the Argo measurement and the date of the corresponding SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS pixel.

# 3 MDB file Analyses

# 3.1 Spatial Maps of the Temporal mean and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of their difference ( $\Delta$ SSS)

In Figure 7, we show maps of temporal mean (left) and standard deviation (right) of the SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (top) and of the Argo *in situ* dataset at the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs. The temporal mean and std are gridded over the full satellite product period and over spatial boxes of size  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ .

At the bottom of Figure 7, the temporal mean (left) and standard deviation (right) of the differences between the satellite SSS product and *in situ* data found at match-up pairs, namely  $\Delta$ SSS(Satellite -Argo), is also gridded over the full satellite product period and over spatial boxes of size 1°×1°.



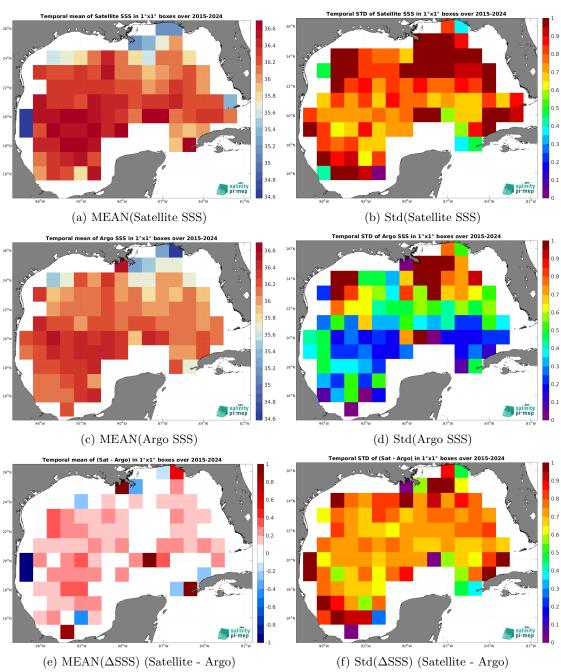


Figure 7: Temporal mean (left) and Std (right) of SSS from SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) (top), Argo (middle), and of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo). Only match-up pairs are used to generate these maps.



# 3.2 Time series of the monthly median and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of their difference ( $\Delta$ SSS)

In the top panel of Figure 8, we show the time series of the monthly median SSS estimated over the full Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region for both SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) satellite SSS product (in black) and the Argo *in situ* dataset (in blue) at the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs.

In the middle panel of Figure 8, we show the time series of the monthly median of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) for the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs and estimated over the full Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region.

In the bottom panel of Figure 8, we show the time series of the monthly standard deviation of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) for the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs and estimated over the full Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region.

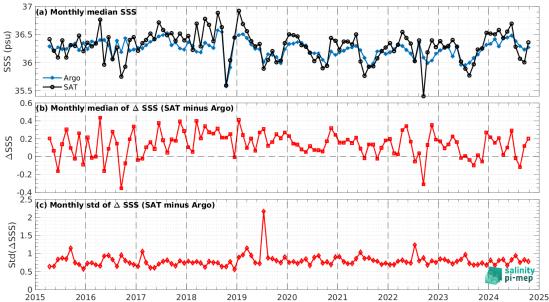
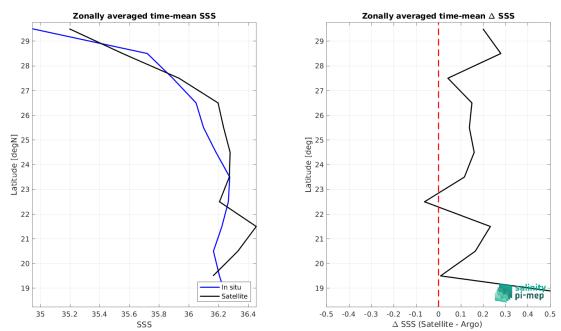


Figure 8: Time series of the monthly median SSS (top), median of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) and Std of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region considering all match-ups collected by the Pi-MEP.

# 3.3 Zonal mean and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of the difference ( $\Delta$ SSS)

In Figure 9 left panel, we show the zonal mean SSS considering all Pi-MEP match-up pairs for both SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) satellite SSS product (in black) and the Argo *in situ* dataset (in blue). The full satellite SSS product period is used to derive the mean.

In the right panel of Figure 9, we show the zonal mean of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the full satellite product period.



salinity pi-mep

Figure 9: Left panel: Zonal mean SSS from SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) satellite product (black) and from Argo (blue). Right panel: Zonal mean of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the full satellite product period.

### 3.4 Scatterplots of satellite vs in situ SSS by latitudinal bands

In Figure 10, contour maps of the concentration of SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS (yaxis) versus Argo SSS (x-axis) at match-up pairs for different latitude bands: (a)  $80^{\circ}$ S- $80^{\circ}$ N, (b)  $20^{\circ}$ S- $20^{\circ}$ N, (c)  $40^{\circ}$ S- $20^{\circ}$ S and  $20^{\circ}$ N- $40^{\circ}$ N and (d)  $60^{\circ}$ S- $40^{\circ}$ S and  $40^{\circ}$ N- $60^{\circ}$ N. For each plot, the red line shows x=y. The black thin and dashed lines indicate a linear fit through the data cloud and the  $\pm 95\%$  confidence levels, respectively. The number match-up pairs *n*, the slope and R<sup>2</sup> coefficient of the linear fit, the root mean square (RMS) and the mean bias between satellite and *in situ* data are indicated for each latitude band in each plots.

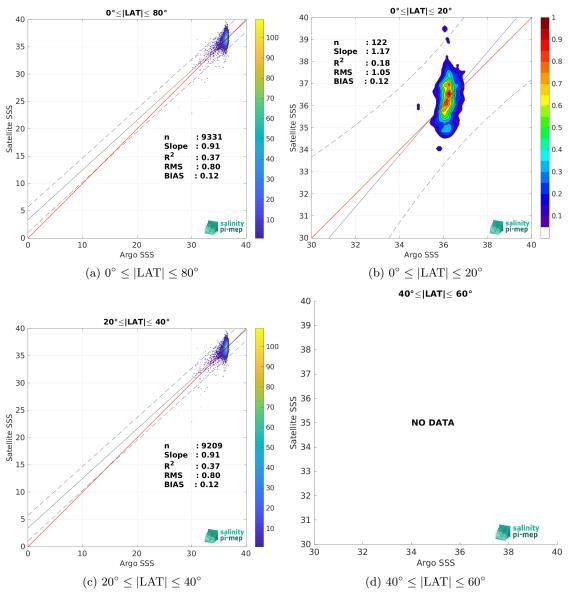


Figure 10: Contour maps of the concentration of SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) SSS (y-axis) versus Argo SSS (x-axis) at match-up pairs for different latitude bands. For each plot, the red line shows x=y. The black thin and dashed lines indicate a linear fit through the data cloud and the  $\pm 95\%$  confidence levels, respectively. The number match-up pairs n, the slope and R<sup>2</sup> coefficient of the linear fit, the root mean square (RMS) and the mean bias between satellite and *in situ* data are indicated for each latitude band in each plots.

# 3.5 Time series of the monthly median and Std of $\Delta$ SSS sorted by latitudinal bands

In Figure 11, time series of the monthly median (red curves) of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) and  $\pm 1$ Std (black vertical thick bars) as function of time for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs



estimated over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period are shown for different latitude bands: (a) 80°S-80°N, (b) 20°S-20°N, (c) 40°S-20°S and 20°N-40°N and (d) 60°S-40°S and 40°N-60°N.

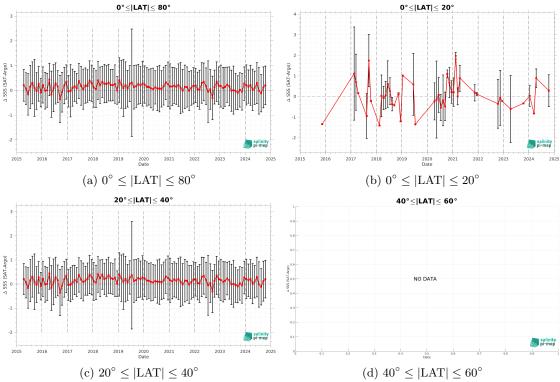


Figure 11: Monthly median (red curves) of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) and ±1 Std (black vertical thick bars) as function of time for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period are shown for different latitude bands: (a) 80°S-80°N, (b) 20°S-20°N, (c) 40°S-20°S and 20°N-40°N and (d) 60°S-40°S and 40°N-60°N.

#### 3.6 $\triangle$ SSS sorted as function of geophysical parameters

In Figures 12 and 13, we classify the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) between SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) and Argo SSS as function of the geophysical conditions at match-up points. The median and std of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) is thus evaluated as function of the

- in situ SSS values per bins of width 0.2,
- in situ SST values per bins of width 1°C,
- CCMP 6h/ASCAT daily wind values per bins of width 1 m/s,
- IMERG 30 min/CMORPH 3-hourly rain rates per bins of width 1 mm/h,
- distance to the coast per bins of width 50 km,
- distance to the ice edge per bins of width 50 km,



- *in situ* measurement depth (if relevant),
- sea ice fraction per bins of width 10%,
- CMC/ERA5/AVHRR SST values per bins of width 1°C,
- ISAS SSS values per bins of width 0.2.

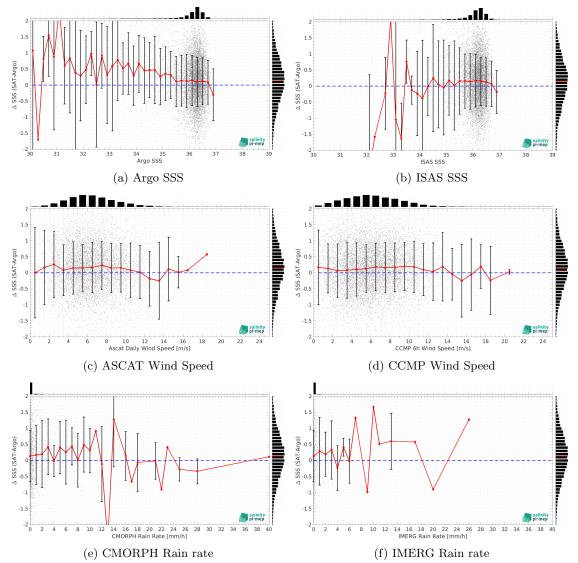


Figure 12:  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) sorted as function of Argo SSS values (a), ISAS SSS (b), ASCAT Wind speed (c), CCMP Wind speed (d), CMORPH rain rate (e) and IMERG rain rate (f). In all plots the median and Std of  $\Delta$ SSS for each bin is indicated by the red curves and black vertical thick bars (±1 Std).



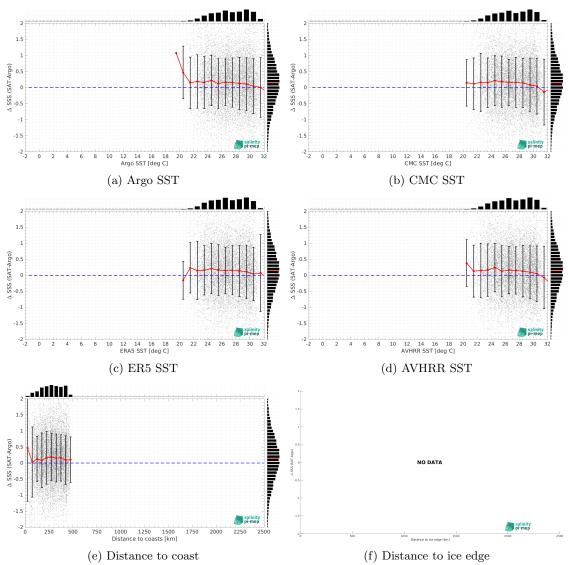


Figure 13:  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) sorted as function of Argo SST values (a), CMC SST (b), ERA5 SST (c), AVHRR SST (d), distance to coast (e) and distance to ice edge (f). In all plots the median and Std of  $\Delta$ SSS for each bin is indicated by the red curves and black vertical thick bars (±1 Std). Links to similar figures sorted as function of Sea ice fraction and *in situ* measurement depth.

#### 3.7 $\Delta$ SSS maps and statistics for different geophysical conditions

In Figures 14 and 15, we focus on sub-datasets of the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) between SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) and Argo for the following specific geophysical conditions:

• C1: if the local value at *in situ* location of estimated rain rate is zero, mean daily wind is in the range [3, 12] m/s, the SST is > 5°C and distance to coast is > 800 km.



- C2: if the local value at *in situ* location of estimated rain rate is zero, mean daily wind is in the range [3, 12] m/s.
- C3: if the local value at *in situ* location of estimated rain rate is high (ie. > 1 mm/h) and mean daily wind is low (ie. < 4 m/s).
- C4: if the mixed layer is shallow with depth <20m.
- C5: if the *in situ* data is located where the climatological SSS standard deviation is low (ie. above < 0.2).
- C6: if the *in situ* data is located where the climatological SSS standard deviation is high (ie. above > 0.2).

For each of these conditions, the temporal mean (gridded over spatial boxes of size  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ ) and the histogram of the difference  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) are presented.

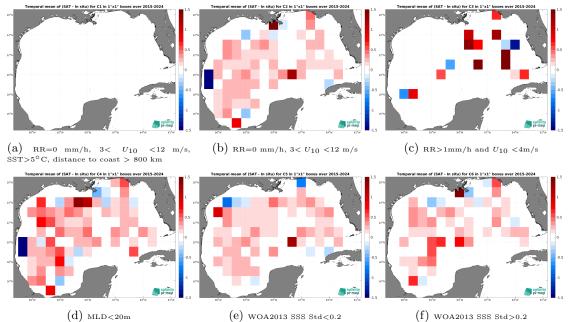


Figure 14: Temporal mean gridded over spatial boxes of size  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  of  $\Delta$ SSS (SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) - Argo) for 6 different subdatasets corresponding to:RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km (a), RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s (b), RR>1mm/h and  $U_{10} < 4$ m/s (c),MLD<20m (d),WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2 (e),WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2 (f).



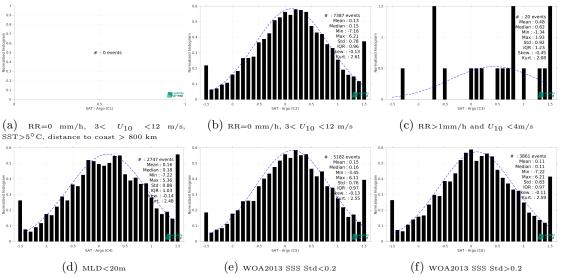


Figure 15: Normalized histogram of  $\Delta$ SSS (SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) - Argo) for 6 different subdatasets corresponding to: RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km (a), RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s (b), RR>1mm/h and  $U_{10} < 4$ m/s (c), MLD<20m (d), WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2 (e), WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2 (f).

## 4 Summary

► Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient ( $r^2$ ) and robust standard deviation (Std<sup>\*</sup>) of the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) between SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS) and Argo derived over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period and for the following conditions:

- all: All the match-up pairs satellite/in situ SSS are used to derive the statistics
- C1: only pairs where RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km
- C2: only pairs where RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s
- C3: only pairs where RR>1mm/h and  $U_{10} < 4m/s$
- C4: only pairs where MLD<20m
- C5: only pairs where WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2
- C6: only pairs at WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2
- C7a: only pairs where distance to coast is < 150 km.
- C7b: only pairs where distance to coast is in the range [150, 800] km.
- C7c: only pairs where distance to coast is > 800 km.
- C8a: only pairs where in situ SST is  $< 5^{\circ}$ C.



- C8b: only pairs where in situ SST is in the range  $[5, 15]^{\circ}$ C.
- C8c: only pairs where in situ SST is  $> 15^{\circ}$ C.
- C9a: only pairs where in situ SSS is < 33.
- C9b: only pairs where *in situ* SSS is in the range [33, 37].
- C9c: only pairs where in situ SSS is > 37.

Condition	#	Median	Mean	$\mathbf{Std}$	$\mathbf{RMS}$	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$
all	9335	0.14	0.12	0.80	0.81	0.98	0.361	0.73
C1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C2	7387	0.15	0.13	0.78	0.79	0.96	0.347	0.71
C3	20	0.62	0.48	0.92	1.01	1.23	0.266	0.97
C4	2747	0.18	0.16	0.88	0.89	1.03	0.536	0.77
C5	5182	0.16	0.15	0.76	0.77	0.97	0.102	0.73
C6	3861	0.11	0.11	0.83	0.84	0.97	0.499	0.72
C7a	1264	0.09	0.08	0.99	0.99	1.15	0.120	0.86
C7b	8071	0.14	0.13	0.77	0.78	0.96	0.404	0.71
C7c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8a	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8b	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8c	9335	0.14	0.12	0.80	0.81	0.98	0.361	0.73
C9a	93	0.64	0.38	1.86	1.89	1.58	0.295	1.24
C9b	9242	0.14	0.12	0.78	0.79	0.97	0.238	0.73
C9c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

 $\blacktriangleright$  Table 2 presents statistics of  $\Delta {\rm SSS}$  (Satellite - Argo) using Argo delayed mode only.

Table 2:	$\mathbf{S} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{i}$	stics of $\Delta$ s	SSS (Sat	ellite -	· Argo)	- Delay	ved mo	$\mathbf{d}\mathbf{e}$
Condition	#	Median	Mean	$\mathbf{Std}$	RMS	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$
all	7088	0.15	0.14	0.81	0.82	0.97	0.372	0.72
C1	0	NaN	$\operatorname{NaN}$	NaN	$\operatorname{NaN}$	$\operatorname{NaN}$	$\operatorname{NaN}$	NaN
C2	5735	0.16	0.15	0.79	0.80	0.95	0.362	0.71
C3	16	0.52	0.47	0.86	0.96	1.04	0.330	0.78
C4	1948	0.21	0.19	0.90	0.92	1.03	0.555	0.78
C5	4076	0.18	0.17	0.76	0.78	0.96	0.099	0.72
C6	2813	0.13	0.13	0.85	0.85	0.96	0.516	0.72
C7a	1010	0.14	0.11	0.99	1.00	1.12	0.115	0.84
C7b	6078	0.16	0.15	0.77	0.78	0.94	0.419	0.71
C7c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8a	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8b	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8c	7088	0.15	0.14	0.81	0.82	0.97	0.372	0.72
C9a	79	0.62	0.33	2.00	2.01	1.77	0.283	1.35
C9b	7009	0.15	0.14	0.78	0.79	0.96	0.231	0.72
C9c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN



▶ Table 3 presents statistics of  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - ISAS) using only ISAS SSS values with PCTVAR<80%.

	Table 3: Statistics of $\triangle$ SSS (Satellite - ISAS)								
Condition	#	Median	Mean	$\mathbf{Std}$	RMS	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$	
all	9261	0.14	0.10	0.86	0.86	0.99	0.272	0.74	
C1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
C2	7326	0.15	0.11	0.84	0.84	0.98	0.253	0.73	
C3	20	0.42	0.32	0.99	1.02	1.38	0.153	1.12	
C4	2738	0.06	-0.04	1.01	1.01	1.09	0.414	0.81	
C5	5147	0.16	0.15	0.77	0.78	0.99	0.074	0.73	
C6	3825	0.12	0.05	0.95	0.95	1.03	0.360	0.75	
C7a	1250	0.10	0.07	0.99	0.99	1.10	0.111	0.82	
C7b	8011	0.15	0.10	0.84	0.84	0.98	0.300	0.74	
C7c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
C8a	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
C8b	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
C8c	9261	0.14	0.10	0.86	0.86	0.99	0.272	0.74	
C9a	93	-1.92	-2.28	1.99	3.02	2.18	0.181	1.56	
C9b	9168	0.15	0.12	0.80	0.81	0.98	0.193	0.74	
C9c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

▶ Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1, Table 2 and Table 3.

# 5 More Comparison/Validation Materials

### 5.1 Comparisons with other satellite products

► Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient ( $r^2$ ) and robust standard deviation (Std<sup>\*</sup>) of the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) between different satellite products and **Argo** derived over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region considering all match-up pairs satellite/*in situ* SSS values to derive the statistics:



$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Table 1: Statistics of $\triangle$ SSS (Satellite - Argo) - All										
smap-l2-rss-v6   10067   0.11   0.11   0.54   0.55   0.57   0.521   0.43     smap-l2-rss-v6-40km   9335   0.14   0.12   0.80   0.81   0.98   0.361   0.73     smap-l2-jpl-v5.0   10929   0.09   0.06   0.73   0.78   0.382   0.58     aquarius-l2-jpl-v5   483   0.34   0.29   0.77   0.83   0.56   0.274   0.44     smap-l2.5-jpl-v5   1551   -0.19   -0.18   0.62   0.65   0.64   0.424   0.47     smap-l2.5-jpl-v5   12915   0.11   0.11   0.44   0.45   0.38   0.617   0.22     aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5   19137   0.34   0.30   0.67   0.73   0.43   0.39   0.33   smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d   12687   -0.07   0.99   0.99   1.18   0.273   0.38     smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-lm-25km   12871   -0.10   0.10   0.54   0.55   0.55   0.52   0.51	Satellite products	#	Median	Mean	$\mathbf{Std}$	RMS	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$		
smap-l2-rss-v6-40km   9335   0.14   0.12   0.80   0.81   0.98   0.361   0.73     smap-l2-jpl-v5.0   10929   0.09   0.06   0.73   0.73   0.78   0.882   0.53     aquarius-l2-jpl-v5.0   529   0.21   0.59   0.62   0.51   0.355   0.33     aquarius-l2-jpl-v5.0   15851   -0.19   -0.18   0.62   0.65   0.64   0.424   0.44     smap-l2.5-jpl-v5.0   13398   0.08   0.07   0.44   0.45   0.38   0.667   0.22     aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5.0   1937   0.34   0.30   0.67   0.44   0.45   0.38   0.61   0.33   0.33     aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5   1937   0.34   0.30   0.67   0.44   0.45   0.38   0.613   0.33   0.33   0.33   0.33   0.33   0.33   0.33   0.33   0.33   0.33   0.34   0.56   0.50   0.51   0.51   0.51   0.51   0.51	smos-l2-v700	5304	-0.18	-0.18	0.90	0.92	1.15	0.307	0.86		
smap-12-jpl-v5.0   10929   0.09   0.06   0.73   0.73   0.78   0.382   0.58     aquarius-12-or-v5   529   0.24   0.21   0.59   0.62   0.51   0.355   0.38     aquarius-12-jpl-v5   483   0.34   0.29   0.77   0.83   0.56   0.274   0.44     smos-12.5-v700   15851   -0.19   -0.18   0.62   0.65   0.64   0.424   0.47     smap-12.5-jpl-v5.0   13398   0.08   0.07   0.44   0.42   0.30   0.658   0.22     aquarius-12.5-jpl-v5   1937   0.34   0.30   0.67   0.73   0.43   0.239   0.32     smos-13-catds-cpdc-v332-10d   12687   -0.07   -0.99   0.49   0.42   0.554   0.33     smos-13-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km   12867   -0.08   -0.10   0.54   0.55   0.56   0.43   0.452   0.33     smos-13-catds-cpdc-v335-11m-25km   12871   -0.10   -0.16   0.55 <td< td=""><td>smap-l2-rss-v6</td><td>10067</td><td>0.11</td><td>0.11</td><td>0.54</td><td>0.55</td><td>0.57</td><td>0.521</td><td>0.43</td></td<>	smap-l2-rss-v6	10067	0.11	0.11	0.54	0.55	0.57	0.521	0.43		
aquarius-l2-or-v5   529   0.24   0.21   0.59   0.62   0.51   0.355   0.38     aquarius-l2-jpl-v5   483   0.34   0.29   0.77   0.83   0.56   0.274   0.44     smos-l2.5-v700   15851   -0.19   -0.18   0.62   0.65   0.64   0.424   0.47     smap-l2.5-jpl-v5.0   13398   0.08   0.07   0.44   0.45   0.38   0.617   0.28     aquarius-l2.5-or-v5   2010   0.24   0.21   0.50   0.54   0.40   0.373   0.33     aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5   1937   0.34   0.30   0.67   0.73   0.43   0.239   0.33     smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d   12687   -0.07   -0.08   0.49   0.49   0.42   0.554   0.33     smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km   12871   -0.10   0.55   0.56   0.51   0.53   0.56   0.43   0.576   0.32     smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d   14803   -0.04   -0.05 </td <td>smap-l2-rss-v6-40km</td> <td>9335</td> <td>0.14</td> <td>0.12</td> <td>0.80</td> <td>0.81</td> <td>0.98</td> <td>0.361</td> <td>0.73</td>	smap-l2-rss-v6-40km	9335	0.14	0.12	0.80	0.81	0.98	0.361	0.73		
aquarius-12-jpl-v5 483 0.34 0.29 0.77 0.83 0.56 0.274 0.42   smap-12.5-v700 15851 -0.19 -0.18 0.62 0.65 0.64 0.424 0.47   smap-12.5-jpl-v5.0 13398 0.08 0.07 0.44 0.45 0.38 0.617 0.22   aquarius-12.5-jpl-v5.0 13398 0.08 0.07 0.44 0.42 0.33 0.32   aquarius-12.5-jpl-v5.0 1937 0.34 0.30 0.67 0.73 0.43 0.239 0.32   smos-13-catds-cpdc-v333-12q 3966 -0.07 -0.08 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.42 0.54 0.32   smos-13-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km 12867 -0.07 -0.08 0.49 0.49 0.42 0.54 0.32   smos-13-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km 12871 -0.10 -0.16 0.55 0.56 0.43 0.442 0.32   smos-13-catds-locean-v9-9d 14803 -0.04 -0.05 0.48 0.48 0.44 0.32   smap-13-jrss-v6-8dr 13313	smap-l2-jpl-v5.0	10929	0.09	0.06	0.73	0.73	0.78	0.382	0.58		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	aquarius-12-or-v5	529	0.24	0.21	0.59	0.62	0.51	0.355	0.38		
smap-12.5-rss-v6   12915   0.11   0.11   0.41   0.42   0.30   0.658   0.22     smap-12.5-jpl-v5.0   13398   0.08   0.07   0.44   0.45   0.38   0.617   0.23     aquarius-12.5-jpl-v5.0   1937   0.34   0.30   0.67   0.73   0.43   0.239   0.33     smos-13-catds-cpdc-v333-12q   3966   -0.05   -0.07   0.99   0.99   1.18   0.273   0.38     smos-13-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km   12867   -0.07   -0.08   0.49   0.49   0.42   0.554   0.32     smos-13-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km   12871   -0.10   -0.10   0.55   0.56   0.43   0.452   0.32     smos-13-catds-locean-v9-18d   14803   -0.04   -0.05   0.48   0.48   0.34   0.576   0.25     smos-13-bec-v2-9d   6725   -0.06   -0.04   0.56   0.41   0.42   0.32   0.663   0.24     smap-13-jpl-v5.0-8dr   13313   0.08   0	aquarius-l2-jpl-v5	483	0.34	0.29	0.77	0.83	0.56	0.274	0.42		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smos-l2.5-v700	15851	-0.19	-0.18	0.62	0.65	0.64	0.424	0.47		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smap-l2.5-rss-v6	12915	0.11	0.11	0.41	0.42	0.30	0.658	0.22		
aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v519370.340.300.670.730.430.2390.32smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q3966-0.05-0.070.990.991.180.2730.88smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-l0d-25km12867-0.07-0.080.490.490.420.5540.32smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-lnn-25km12871-0.10-0.100.550.560.430.4520.33smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d14803-0.04-0.070.510.510.440.5760.32smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d14803-0.04-0.050.480.480.340.5760.32smos-l3-sex-v6-8dr133040.100.080.420.420.320.6630.42smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr133130.080.070.430.440.380.6360.28smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m15100.250.230.570.390.3290.22aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr15100.250.230.560.330.320.62aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr15680.240.250.500.560.330.330.27aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr15870.320.330.490.590.320.22aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr15680.240.250.500.560.330.330.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr15690.320.330.490.590.320.320.22aquariu	smap-l2.5-jpl-v5.0	13398	0.08	0.07	0.44	0.45	0.38	0.617	0.28		
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q   3966   -0.05   -0.07   0.99   0.99   1.18   0.273   0.88     smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d   12687   -0.07   -0.08   0.49   0.49   0.42   0.554   0.32     smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km   12867   -0.08   -0.10   0.55   0.52   0.514   0.32     smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d   14803   -0.04   -0.07   0.51   0.51   0.44   0.576   0.33     smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d   14803   -0.04   -0.05   0.48   0.44   0.576   0.32     smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d   14803   -0.04   -0.56   0.56   0.41   0.424   0.32     smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr   13304   0.10   0.08   0.42   0.32   0.663   0.24     smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr   13313   0.08   0.07   0.43   0.44   0.38   0.636   0.22     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr   1510   0.25   0.23   0.52   0.57   0.39   0.329 </td <td>aquarius-l2.5-or-v5</td> <td>2010</td> <td>0.24</td> <td>0.21</td> <td>0.50</td> <td>0.54</td> <td>0.40</td> <td>0.373</td> <td>0.30</td>	aquarius-l2.5-or-v5	2010	0.24	0.21	0.50	0.54	0.40	0.373	0.30		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5	1937	0.34	0.30	0.67	0.73	0.43	0.239	0.32		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q	3966	-0.05	-0.07	0.99	0.99	1.18	0.273	0.88		
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km   12871   -0.10   -0.55   0.56   0.43   0.452   0.32     smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d   14803   -0.04   -0.07   0.51   0.51   0.44   0.576   0.32     smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d   14803   -0.04   -0.05   0.48   0.48   0.34   0.576   0.25     smos-l3-bec-v2-9d   6725   -0.06   -0.04   0.56   0.56   0.41   0.424   0.33     smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr   13304   0.10   0.08   0.42   0.42   0.28   0.548   0.24     smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr   13313   0.08   0.07   0.43   0.44   0.38   0.636   0.22     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr   1510   0.25   0.23   0.52   0.57   0.39   0.329   0.22     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr   1510   0.25   0.23   0.52   0.58   0.37   0.319   0.22     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask   1483   0.27   0.26   0.52   0.	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d	12687	-0.07	-0.08	0.49	0.49	0.42	0.554	0.32		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km	12867	-0.08	-0.10	0.54	0.55	0.52	0.514	0.39		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km	12871	-0.10	-0.10	0.55	0.56	0.43	0.452	0.32		
smos-l3-bec-v2-9d   6725   -0.06   -0.04   0.56   0.56   0.41   0.424   0.30     smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr   13304   0.10   0.08   0.42   0.42   0.32   0.663   0.24     smap-l3-rss-v6-1m   13448   0.09   0.08   0.49   0.49   0.28   0.548   0.21     smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr   13313   0.08   0.07   0.43   0.44   0.38   0.666   0.28     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr   1510   0.25   0.23   0.52   0.57   0.39   0.329   0.29     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask   1568   0.22   0.51   0.55   0.35   0.32   0.27     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask   1568   0.24   0.25   0.50   0.56   0.33   0.34   0.25     aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr   1441   0.33   0.32   0.53   0.62   0.36   0.33   0.34   0.25     aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr   1441   0.33   0.32   0.55   0.56	smos-13-catds-locean-v9-9d	14803	-0.04	-0.07	0.51	0.51	0.44	0.576	0.32		
smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr133040.100.080.420.420.320.6630.24smap-l3-rss-v6-1m134480.090.080.490.490.280.5480.21smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr133130.080.070.430.440.380.6360.28smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m83180.080.080.490.500.310.5590.23aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr15100.250.230.520.570.390.3290.22aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask14830.270.260.520.580.370.3190.28aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask15680.240.250.500.560.330.3440.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.530.620.360.3030.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.550.560.330.3440.28smos-l4-bec-v2-ld8619-0.09-0.090.550.560.370.4230.28smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w12373-0.03-0.090.940.950.400.2870.30smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.20smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.660.770.610.	smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d	14803	-0.04	-0.05	0.48	0.48	0.34	0.576	0.25		
smap-l3-rss-v6-1m   13448   0.09   0.08   0.49   0.49   0.28   0.548   0.21     smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr   13313   0.08   0.07   0.43   0.44   0.38   0.636   0.28     smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m   8318   0.08   0.09   0.50   0.31   0.559   0.23     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr   1510   0.25   0.23   0.52   0.57   0.39   0.329   0.29     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr   1568   0.22   0.22   0.51   0.55   0.35   0.32   0.27     aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask   1483   0.27   0.26   0.52   0.58   0.37   0.319   0.28     aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr   1441   0.33   0.32   0.53   0.62   0.36   0.303   0.27     aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m   1587   0.32   0.33   0.49   0.59   0.32   0.22   0.24     smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w   12373   -0.03   -0.09   0.55   0.56	smos-l3-bec-v2-9d	6725	-0.06	-0.04	0.56	0.56	0.41	0.424	0.30		
smap-13-jpl-v5.0-8dr 13313 0.08 0.07 0.43 0.44 0.38 0.636 0.28   smap-13-jpl-v5.0-1m 8318 0.08 0.08 0.49 0.50 0.31 0.559 0.23   aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr 1510 0.25 0.23 0.52 0.57 0.39 0.329 0.29   aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr 1510 0.22 0.22 0.51 0.55 0.35 0.322 0.27   aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask 1483 0.27 0.26 0.52 0.58 0.37 0.319 0.28   aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr 1441 0.33 0.32 0.53 0.62 0.36 0.303 0.27   aquarius-13-jpl-v5-7dr 1441 0.33 0.32 0.53 0.62 0.36 0.303 0.27   aquarius-13-jpl-v5-1m 1587 0.32 0.33 0.49 0.59 0.32 0.32 0.24   smos-14-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w 12373 -0.03 -0.09 0.55 0.56 0.37 0.423 0.28   smos-14-cmems-cnr-v1-1m <t< td=""><td>smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr</td><td>13304</td><td>0.10</td><td>0.08</td><td>0.42</td><td>0.42</td><td>0.32</td><td>0.663</td><td>0.24</td></t<>	smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr	13304	0.10	0.08	0.42	0.42	0.32	0.663	0.24		
smap-13-jpl-v5.0-1m83180.080.080.490.500.310.5590.23aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr15100.250.230.520.570.390.3290.29aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr15680.220.220.510.550.350.3320.27aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask14830.270.260.520.580.370.3190.28aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask15680.240.250.500.560.330.3440.25aquarius-13-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.530.620.360.3030.27aquarius-13-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.530.620.360.3030.27aquarius-13-jpl-v5-1m15870.320.330.490.590.320.3220.24smos-14-bec-v2-1d8619-0.09-0.090.550.560.370.4230.28smos-14-cmems-cnr-v1-1d10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-14-cmems-cnr-v1-1m10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-14-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-14-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-14-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.495 <td>smap-l3-rss-v6-1m</td> <td>13448</td> <td>0.09</td> <td>0.08</td> <td>0.49</td> <td>0.49</td> <td>0.28</td> <td>0.548</td> <td>0.21</td>	smap-l3-rss-v6-1m	13448	0.09	0.08	0.49	0.49	0.28	0.548	0.21		
smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m83180.080.080.490.500.310.5590.23aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr15100.250.230.520.570.390.3290.29aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m15680.220.220.510.550.350.3320.27aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask14830.270.260.520.580.370.3190.28aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask15680.240.250.500.560.330.3340.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.530.620.360.3030.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.550.560.370.4230.28smos-l4-bec-v2-1d8619-0.09-0.090.550.560.370.4230.28smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w12373-0.03-0.090.940.950.400.2870.30smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m10944-0.05-0.080.470.480.320.5830.24cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.060.480.490.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.27<	smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr	13313	0.08	0.07	0.43	0.44	0.38	0.636	0.28		
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m15680.220.220.510.550.350.3320.27aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask14830.270.260.520.580.370.3190.28aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask15680.240.250.500.560.330.3340.25aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.530.620.360.3030.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.530.620.360.3030.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m15870.320.330.490.590.320.3220.24smos-l4-bec-v2-1d8619-0.09-0.090.550.560.370.4230.28smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w12373-0.03-0.090.940.950.400.2870.30smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770	smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m	8318	0.08	0.08	0.49	0.50	0.31	0.559	0.23		
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask1483 $0.27$ $0.26$ $0.52$ $0.58$ $0.37$ $0.319$ $0.28$ aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask1568 $0.24$ $0.25$ $0.50$ $0.56$ $0.33$ $0.334$ $0.25$ aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr1441 $0.33$ $0.32$ $0.53$ $0.62$ $0.36$ $0.303$ $0.27$ aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m1587 $0.32$ $0.33$ $0.49$ $0.59$ $0.32$ $0.322$ $0.24$ smos-l4-bec-v2-1d $8619$ $-0.09$ $-0.09$ $0.55$ $0.56$ $0.37$ $0.423$ $0.28$ smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w $12373$ $-0.03$ $-0.09$ $0.94$ $0.95$ $0.40$ $0.287$ $0.30$ smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d $10936$ $-0.02$ $-0.07$ $0.43$ $0.44$ $0.17$ $0.651$ $0.12$ smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m $10944$ $-0.05$ $-0.09$ $0.55$ $0.56$ $0.28$ $0.445$ $0.20$ cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr $8391$ $-0.05$ $-0.08$ $0.47$ $0.48$ $0.32$ $0.583$ $0.24$ smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d $39287$ $-0.05$ $-0.02$ $0.46$ $0.46$ $0.31$ $0.577$ $0.25$ smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m $9789$ $-0.06$ $-0.02$ $0.50$ $0.27$ $0.495$ $0.20$ aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m $1682$ $-0.26$ $-0.40$ $0.68$ $0.79$ $0.60$ $0.201$ $0.39$ aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m $1682$ $-0.26$ $-0.40$ <	aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr	1510	0.25	0.23	0.52	0.57	0.39	0.329	0.29		
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask15680.240.250.500.560.330.3340.25aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.530.620.360.3030.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m15870.320.330.490.590.320.3220.24smos-l4-bec-v2-1d8619-0.09-0.090.550.560.370.4230.28smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w12373-0.03-0.090.940.950.400.2870.30smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.080.470.480.320.5830.24smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.240.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m	1568	0.22	0.22	0.51	0.55	0.35	0.332	0.27		
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr14410.330.320.530.620.360.3030.27aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m15870.320.330.490.590.320.3220.24smos-l4-bec-v2-1d8619-0.09-0.090.550.560.370.4230.28smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w12373-0.03-0.090.940.950.400.2870.30smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.080.470.480.320.5830.24cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr8263-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.28smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask	1483	0.27	0.26	0.52	0.58	0.37	0.319	0.28		
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m15870.320.330.490.590.320.3220.24smos-l4-bec-v2-ld8619-0.09-0.090.550.560.370.4230.28smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w12373-0.03-0.090.940.950.400.2870.30smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-ld10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-lm10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.080.470.480.320.5830.24cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr8263-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask	1568	0.24	0.25	0.50	0.56	0.33	0.334	0.25		
smos-l4-bec-v2-ld8619-0.09-0.090.550.560.370.4230.28smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w12373-0.03-0.090.940.950.400.2870.30smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-ld10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-lm10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.080.470.480.320.5830.24cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr8263-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-ld39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-lm9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr	1441	0.33	0.32	0.53	0.62	0.36	0.303	0.27		
smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w12373-0.03-0.090.940.950.400.2870.30smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.080.470.480.320.5830.24cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr8263-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m	1587	0.32	0.33	0.49	0.59	0.32	0.322	0.24		
smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-ld10936-0.02-0.070.430.440.170.6510.12smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-lm10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.080.470.480.320.5830.24cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr8263-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	smos-l4-bec-v2-1d	8619	-0.09	-0.09	0.55	0.56	0.37	0.423	0.28		
smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m10944-0.05-0.090.550.560.280.4450.20cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr8391-0.05-0.080.470.480.320.5830.24cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr8263-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w	12373	-0.03	-0.09	0.94	0.95	0.40	0.287	0.30		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d	10936	-0.02	-0.07	0.43	0.44	0.17	0.651	0.12		
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr8263-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m	10944	-0.05	-0.09	0.55	0.56	0.28	0.445	0.20		
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr8263-0.05-0.060.480.490.300.5540.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr	8391	-0.05	-0.08	0.47	0.48	0.32	0.583	0.24		
smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d39287-0.05-0.020.460.460.310.5770.23smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24		8263	-0.05	-0.06	0.48	0.49	0.30	0.554	0.23		
smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m9789-0.06-0.020.500.500.270.4950.20aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w1717-0.24-0.390.660.770.610.2190.39aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24		39287							0.23		
aquarius-14-iprc-v5-1m1682-0.26-0.400.680.790.600.2010.39cci-14-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr9615-0.05-0.060.430.430.320.6190.24		9789	-0.06	-0.02	0.50	0.50	0.27	0.495	0.20		
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr 9615 -0.05 -0.06 0.43 0.43 0.32 0.619 0.24	aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w	1717	-0.24	-0.39	0.66	0.77	0.61	0.219	0.39		
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr 9615 -0.05 -0.06 0.43 0.43 0.32 0.619 0.24	aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m	1682	-0.26	-0.40	0.68	0.79	0.60	0.201	0.39		
cci-14-esa-merged-oi-v5 5-30dr 9652 -0.05 -0.04 0.45 0.46 0.29 0.578 0.29	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr	9615	-0.05	-0.06	0.43	0.43	0.32	0.619	0.24		
0.011000  more of 0.000 0.000 0.001 0.000 0.001 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-30dr	9652	-0.05	-0.04	0.45	0.46	0.29	0.578	0.22		

▶ Table 2 is similar to Table 1 but considering only match-up pairs where RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12$  m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km.



Table 2: Statis	$\mathbf{stics}$	of $\Delta SSS$ (	Satellite	e - Arg	o) - C1			
Satellite products	#	Median	Mean	$\mathbf{Std}$	$\mathbf{RMS}$	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$
smos-12-v700	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l2-rss-v6	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l2-rss-v6-40km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l2-jpl-v5.0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2-or-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	$\operatorname{NaN}$	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2-jpl-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l2.5-v700	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	$\operatorname{NaN}$	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l2.5-rss-v6	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l2.5-jpl-v5.0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2.5-or-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v333-l2q	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-locean-v9-18d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-bec-v2-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-rss-v6-8dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-rss-v6-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l4-bec-v2-1d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l4-cmems-catds-lops-oi-v346-1w	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l4-cmems-cnr-v1-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.41-30dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l4-esr-oi-v3-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v5.5-30dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

f ASSS (Satallit  $C_1$ m 11 D. Statist . `

▶ Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1 and Table 2.

▶ Figures using numerical values of Table 1 sorted by MEDIANS, MEANS, IQR, RMS, STD, R2 are also provided.

▶ Figures using numerical values of Table 2 sorted by MEDIANS, MEANS, IQR, RMS, STD, R2 are also provided.



Caution has to be made in the interpretation of the "ranking" between different satellite products in particular when looking at the dispersion parameters like the standard deviation (STD), or the interquartile range (IQR). Keep in mind that low spatial and/or temporal resolution satellite SSS products tend to have lower dispersions than products at higher resolutions. For example, a level 2 (swath) product of a specific sensor will always have more dispersion than level 3 or 4 products where spatial and temporal averaging tend to reduce the instrumental noise and potential small scale variability. In general, products at  $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$  spatial resolution have lower dispersion than products at  $0.25^{\circ} \times 0.25^{\circ}$ . Same result applies for monthly products compared to daily products.

#### 5.2 Statistics derived for the different *in situ* databases

► Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient ( $r^2$ ) and robust standard deviation (Std<sup>\*</sup>) of the match-up differences  $\Delta$ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) between **SMAP SSS L2 v6 - 40 km (RSS)** and all the available *in situ* datasets derived over the Gulf of Mexico Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period and considering all match-up pairs satellite/*in situ* SSS values to derive the statistics:

Table 1. Statistics of $\Delta SSS$ (Satellite - in situ)										
in situ database	#	Median	Mean	$\mathbf{Std}$	$\mathbf{RMS}$	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$		
argo	9335	0.14	0.12	0.80	0.81	0.98	0.361	0.73		
tsg-samos	204736	0.11	0.40	2.49	2.53	1.40	0.453	1.04		
saildrone	14338	0.01	0.04	0.69	0.69	0.95	0.276	0.69		

Table 1: Statistics of  $\triangle$ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*)

▶ Table 2 is similar to Table 1 but considering only match-up pairs where RR=0 mm/h,  $3 < U_{10} < 12 \text{ m/s}$ , SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km.

Table 2: Statistics of $\Delta SSS$ (Satellite - $m situ$ )										
in situ database	#	Median	Mean	$\mathbf{Std}$	$\mathbf{RMS}$	IQR	$\mathbf{r}^2$	$\mathbf{Std}^{\star}$		
argo	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN		
tsg-samos	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN		
saildrone	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN		

Table 2: Statistics of  $\triangle$ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*)

▶ Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1 and Table 2.

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