



Match-up database Analyses Report

Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL)

Argo

Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes

prepared by the Pi-MEP Consortium June 15, 2023

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Acronym

Aquarius	NASA/CONAE Salinity mission
ASCAT	Advanced Scatterometer
ATBD	Algorithm Theoretical Baseline Document
BLT	Barrier Layer Thickness
CMORPH	CPC MORPHing technique (precipitation analyses)
CPC	Climate Prediction Center
CTD	Instrument used to measure the conductivity, temperature, and pressure of
	seawater
DM	Delayed Mode
EO	Earth Observation
ESA	European Space Agency
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
GOSUD	Global Ocean Surface Underway Data
GTMBA	The Global Tropical Moored Buoy Array
Ifremer	Institut français de recherche pour l'exploitation de la mer
IPEV	Institut polaire français Paul-Émile Victor
IQR	Interquartile range
ISAS	In Situ Analysis System
Kurt	Kurtosis (fourth central moment divided by fourth power of the standard de-
	viation)
L2	Level 2
LEGOS	Laboratoire d'Etudes en Géophysique et Océanographie Spatiales
LOCEAN	Laboratoire d'Océanographie et du Climat : Expérimentations et Approches
	Numériques
LOPS	Laboratoire d'Océanographie Physique et Spatiale
MDB	Match-up Data Base
MEOP	Marine Mammals Exploring the Oceans Pole to Pole
MLD	Mixed Layer Depth
NCEI	National Centers for Environmental Information
NRT	Near Real Time
NTAS	Northwest Tropical Atlantic Station
OI	Optimal interpolation
Pi-MEP	Pilot-Mission Exploitation Platform
PIRATA	Prediction and Researched Moored Array in the Atlantic
QC	Quality control
R_{sat}	Spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product
RAMA	Research Moored Array for African-Asian-Australian Monsoon Analysis and
	Prediction
r^2	Square of the Pearson correlation coefficient
RMS	Root mean square
\mathbf{RR}	Rain rate
SAMOS	Shipboard Automated Meteorological and Oceanographic System
Skew	Skewness (third central moment divided by the cube of the standard deviation)
SMAP	Soil Moisture Active Passive (NASA mission)
SMOS	Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity (ESA mission)
SPURS	Salinity Processes in the Upper Ocean Regional Study
SSS	Sea Surface Salinity
SSS_{insitu}	In situ SSS data considered for the match-up



SSS_{SAT}	Satellite SSS product considered for the match-up
ΔSSS	Difference between satellite and in situ SSS at colocalized point (Δ SSS =
	SSS_{SAT} - SSS_{insitu})
SST	Sea Surface Temperature
Std	Standard deviation
$\operatorname{Std}^{\star}$	Robust Standard deviation = $median(abs(x-median(x)))/0.67$ (less affected by
	outliers than Std)
Stratus	Surface buoy located in the eastern tropical Pacific
Survostral	SURVeillance de l'Océan AuSTRAL (Monitoring the Southern Ocean)
TAO	Tropical Atmosphere Ocean
TSG	ThermoSalinoGraph
WHOI	Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution
WHOTS	WHOI Hawaii Ocean Time-series Station
WOA	World Ocean Atlas



1 Overview

In this report, we present systematic analyses of the Match-up DataBase (MDB) files generated by the Pi-MEP platform within the following Pi-MEP region and for the below pair of Satellite/in situ SSS data:

- Pi-MEP region: Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes (download the corresponding mask in NetCDF here)
- SSS satellite product (SSS_{SAT}): Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL)
- In situ dataset (SSS_{Insitu}): Argo (download the corresponding in situ report here)

In the following, $\Delta SSS = SSS_{SAT}$ - SSS_{Insitu} denotes the difference between the satellite and *in* situ SSS at the colocalized points that form the MDB.

This report presents successively:

The MDB file DataSets (Section 2)

- A short description of the satellite SSS product considered in the match-up (2.1)
- A short description of the *in situ* SSS dataset considered in the match-up (2.2)
- A short description of the auxiliary geophysical datasets co-localized with SSS pairs (2.3)
- An overview of how the Match-ups were evaluated (2.4)
- An overview of the MDB characteristics for the particular in situ/satellite pairs (2.5)

The major results of the MDB file Analyses (Section 3)

- Spatial Maps of the Time-mean and temporal Std of in situ and satellite SSS and of the Δ SSS (3.1)
- Time series of the monthly median and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of the Δ SSS (3.2)
- Zonal mean and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of the Δ SSS (3.3)
- Scatterplots of satellite vs in situ SSS by latitudinal bands (3.4)
- Time series of the monthly median and Std of the Δ SSS sorted by latitudinal bands (3.5)
- Δ SSS sorted as function of geophysical parameters (3.6)
- Δ SSS maps and statistics for different geophysical conditions (3.7)

All analyses are conducted over the Pi-MEP Region specified above and over the full satellite SSS product period. Original figures appearing in this report can be downloaded as PNG files here or by clicking directly on the figure.



2 The MDB file datasets

2.1 Satellite SSS product

2.1.1 Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL)

The version 5.0 Aquarius CAP Level 2 product contains the fourth release of the AQUARIUS/SAC-D orbital/swath data based on the Combined Active Passive (CAP) algorithm. CAP is a P.I. produced data set developed and provided by JPL (Yueh et al. (2014)). This Level 2 data set contains sea surface salinity (SSS), wind speed and wind direction data derived from 3 different radiometers and the onboard scatterometer. The CAP algorithm simultaneously retrieves the salinity, wind speed and direction by minimizing the sum of squared differences between model and observations. The main improvements in CAP V5.0 relative to the previous version include: updates to the Geophysical Model Functions to 4th order harmonics with the inclusion of sea surface temperature (SST) and stability at air-sea interface effects; use of the Canadian Meteorological Center (CMC) SST product as the new source ancillary sea surface temperature data in place of NOAA OI SST. Each L2 data file covers one 98 minute orbit. The Aquarius instrument is onboard the AQUARIUS/SAC-D satellite, a collaborative effort between NASA and the Argentinian Space Agency Comision Nacional de Actividades Espaciales (CONAE). The instrument consists of three radiometers in push broom alignment at incidence angles of 29, 38, and 46 degrees incidence angles relative to the shadow side of the orbit. Footprints for the beams are: 76 km (along-track) x 94 km (cross-track), 84 km x 120 km and 96 km x 156 km, yielding a total cross-track swath of 370 km. The radiometers measure brightness temperature at 1.413 GHz in their respective horizontal and vertical polarizations (TH and TV). A scatterometer operating at 1.26 GHz measures ocean backscatter in each footprint that is used for surface roughness corrections in the estimation of salinity. The scatterometer has an approximate 390km swath.

We only select data in the MDB files such as the following conditions or flags are met:

- land_frac < 0.01
- ice_frac < 0.0005,
- anc_surface_temp > 273
- cap_flag < 3 or $10 \leq \text{cap}_flag < 13$

	Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL)								
Spatial resolution	$96 \text{ km} (\text{Along}) \ge 390 \text{ km} (\text{Across})$								
Temporal repeat	7 days								
Temporal coverage	From 2011-08-25 to 2015-06-07								
Spatial coverage	Global [-180 180 -90 90]								
Data Provider	Simon Yueh at Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, USA								
Release Date	2018-10-01								
Version	5								
User Guide	Aquarius-CAP-User-Guide-v5.0.pdf								
Documentation	ftp://podaac-ftp.jpl.nasa.gov/allData/aquarius/docs/CAPv5/								
DOI	http://dx.doi.org/10.5067/AQR50-2TOCS								

Table 1: Satellite SSS product characteristics



2.2 In situ SSS dataset

Argo is a global array of 3,000 free-drifting profiling floats that measures the temperature and salinity of the upper 2000 m of the ocean. This allows continuous monitoring of the temperature and salinity of the upper ocean, with all data being relayed and made publicly available within hours after collection. The array provides around 100,000 temperature/salinity profiles per year distributed over the global oceans at an average of 3-degree spacing. Only Argo salinity and temperature float data with quality index set to 1 or 2 and data mode set to real time (RT), real time adjusted (RTA) and delayed mode (DM) are considered in the Pi-MEP. Argo floats which may have problems with one or more sensors appearing in the grey list maintained at the Coriolis/GDACs are discarded. Furthermore, Pi-MEP provides an additional list of ~1000 "suspicious" argo salinity profiles that are also removed before analysis. The upper ocean salinity and temperature values recorded between 0m and 10m depth are considered as Argo sea surface salinities (SSS) and sea surface temperatures (SST). These data were collected and made freely available by the international Argo project and the national programs that contribute to it (Argo (2023)).

2.3 Auxiliary geophysical datasets

Additional EO datasets are used to characterize the geophysical conditions at the *in situ*/satellite SSS pair measurement locations and time, and 10 days prior to the measurements, to get an estimate of the geophysical concomitant condition and history. As discussed in Boutin et al. (2016), the presence of vertical gradients in, and horizontal variability of, sea surface salinity indeed complicates comparison of satellite and in situ measurements. The additional EO data are used here to get a first estimates of conditions for which L-band satellite SSS measured in the first centimeters of the upper ocean within a 50-150 km diameter footprint might differ from pointwise in situ measurements performed in general between 10 and 5 m depth below the surface. The spatio-temporal variability of SSS within a satellite footprint (50–150 km) is a major issue for satellite SSS validation in the vicinity of river plumes, frontal zones, and significant precipitation areas, among others. Rainfall can in some cases produce vertical salinity gradients exceeding 1 pss m^{-1} ; consequently, it is recommended that satellite and in situ SSS measurements less than 3–6 h after rain events should be considered with care when used in satellite calibration/validation analyses. To identify such situation, the Pi-MEP platform is first using CMORPH products to characterize the local value and history of rain rate and ASCAT gridded data are used to characterize the local surface wind speed and history. For validation purpose, the ISAS monthly SSS in situ analysed fields at 5 m depth are collocated and compared with the satellite SSS products. The use of ISAS is motivated by the fact that it is used in the SMOS L2 official validation protocol in which systematic comparisons of SMOS L2 retrieved SSS with ISAS are done. In complement to ISAS, monthly std climatological fields from the World Ocean Atlas (WOA13) at the match-up pairs location and date are also used to have an a priori information of the local SSS variability.

2.3.1 CMORPH

Precipitation are estimated using the CMORPH 3-hourly products at 1/4° resolution (Joyce et al. (2004)). CMORPH (CPC MORPHing technique) produces global precipitation analyses at very high spatial and temporal resolution. This technique uses precipitation estimates that have been derived from low orbiter satellite microwave observations exclusively, and whose features are transported via spatial propagation information that is obtained entirely from geostationary satellite IR data. At present NOAA incorporate precipitation estimates derived from



the passive microwaves aboard the DMSP 13, 14 and 15 (SSM/I), the NOAA-15, 16, 17 and 18 (AMSU-B), and AMSR-E and TMI aboard NASA's Aqua, TRMM and GPM spacecraft, respectively. These estimates are generated by algorithms of Ferraro (1997) for SSM/I, Ferraro et al. (2000) for AMSU-B and Kummerow et al. (2001) for TMI. Note that this technique is not a precipitation estimation algorithm but a means by which estimates from existing microwave rainfall algorithms can be combined. Therefore, this method is extremely flexible such that any precipitation estimates from any microwave satellite source can be incorporated.

With regard to spatial resolution, although the precipitation estimates are available on a grid with a spacing of 8 km (at the equator), the resolution of the individual satellite-derived estimates is coarser than that - more on the order of $12 \ge 15$ km or so. The finer "resolution" is obtained via interpolation.

In effect, IR data are used as a means to transport the microwave-derived precipitation features during periods when microwave data are not available at a location. Propagation vector matrices are produced by computing spatial lag correlations on successive images of geostationary satellite IR which are then used to propagate the microwave derived precipitation estimates. This process governs the movement of the precipitation features only. At a given location, the shape and intensity of the precipitation features in the intervening half hour periods between microwave derived features that have been propagated forward in time from the previous microwave observation and those that have been propagated backward in time from the following microwave scan. NOAA refer to this latter step as "morphing" of the features.

For the present Pi-MEP products, we only considered the 3-hourly products at 1/4 degree resolution. The entire CMORPH record (December 2002-present) for 3-hourly, 1/4 degree lat/lon resolution can be found at: ftp://ftp.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/precip/CMORPH_V1. O/CRT/. CMORPH estimates cover a global belt (-180°W to 180°E) extending from 60°S to 60°N latitude and are available for the complete period of the Pi-MEP core datasets (Jan 2010-now).

2.3.2 ASCAT

Advanced SCATterometer (ASCAT) daily data produced and made available at Ifremer/CERSAT on a $0.25^{\circ}x0.25^{\circ}$ resolution grid (Bentamy and Fillon (2012)) since March 2007 are used to characterize the mean daily wind at the match-up pair location as well as the wind history during the 10-days period preceding the in situ measurement date. These wind fields are calculated based on a geostatistical method with external drift. Remotely sensed data from ASCAT are considered as observations while those from numerical model analysis (ECMWF) are associated with the external drift. The spatial and temporal structure functions for wind speed, zonal and meridional wind components are estimated from ASCAT retrievals. Furthermore, the new procedure includes a temporal interpolation of the retrievals based on the complex empirical orthogonal function (CEOF) approach, in order to enhance the sampling length of the scatterometer observations. The resulting daily wind fields involves the main known surface wind patterns as well as some variation modes associated with temporal and spatial moving features. The accuracy of the gridded winds was investigated through comparisons with moored buoy data in Bentamy et al. (2012) and resulted in rms differences for wind speed and direction are about 1.50 m.s⁻¹ and 20°.

2.3.3 ISAS

The In Situ Analysis System (ISAS), as described in Gaillard et al. (2016) is a data based re-analysis of temperature and salinity fields over the global ocean $70^{\circ}N-70^{\circ}S$ on a $1/2^{\circ}$ grid. It was initially designed to synthesize the temperature and salinity profiles collected by the



Argo program. It has been later extended to accommodate all type of vertical profile as well as time series. ISAS gridded fields are entirely based on *in situ* measurements. The methodology and configuration have been conceived to preserve as much as possible the data information content and resolution. ISAS is developed and run in a research laboratory (LOPS) in close collaboration with Coriolis, one of Argo Global Data Assembly Center and unique data provider for the Mercator operational oceanography system. In Pi-MEP, the products used are the INSITU_GLO_PHY_TS_OA_MY_013_052 for the period 2010 to 2021 and the IN-SITU_GLO_PHY_TS_OA_NRT_013_002 for the Near-Real Time (2022-2023) derived at the Coriolis data center and provided by the Copernicus Marine Environment Monitoring Service (CMEMS). The major contribution to the data set is from Argo array of profiling floats, reaching an approximate resolution of one profile every 10-days and every 3-degrees over the satellite SSS period (http://www.umr-lops.fr/SNO-Argo/Products/ISAS-T-S-fields/). The ISAS optimal interpolation involves a structure function modeled as the sum of two Gaussian functions, each associated with specific time and space scales, resulting in a smoothing over typically 3 degrees. The smallest scale which can be retrieved with ISAS analysis is not smaller than 300–500 km (Kolodziejczyk et al. (2015)). For validation purpose, the ISAS monthly SSS fields at 5 m depth are collocated and compared with the satellite SSS products and included in the Pi-MEP Match-up files. In addition, the "percentage of variance" fields (PCTVAR) contained in the ISAS analyses provide information on the local variability of *in situ* SSS measurements within $1/2^{\circ} x 1/2^{\circ}$ boxes.

2.3.4 World Ocean Atlas Climatology

The World Ocean Atlas (WOA) is a set of objectively analyzed (1° grid) climatological fields of *in situ* temperature, salinity and other variables provided at standard depth levels for annual, seasonal, and monthly compositing periods for the World Ocean. It also includes associated statistical fields of observed oceanographic profile data interpolated to standard depth levels on 5°, 1°, and 0.25° grids. We use these fields in complement to ISAS to characterize the climatological fields (montly mean and std) at the match-up pairs location and date.

2.4 Overview of the Match-ups generation method

The match-up production is basically a three steps process:

- 1. preparation of the input *in situ* and satellite data, and,
- 2. co-localization of satellite products with in situ SSS measurements.
- 3. co-localization of the in situ/satellite pair with auxiliary information.

In the following, we successively detail the approaches taken for these different steps.

2.4.1 In situ/Satellite data filtering

The first step consists in filtering Argo *in situ* data using the quality flags as described in 2.2 so that only valid salinity data remain in the final match-up files.

For high-spatial resolution in situ SSS measurements such as the Thermo-SalinoGraph (TSG) SSS data, as well as SSS data from surface drifters, an additional spatial filtering step is performed on the *in situ* data that will be eventually compared to the satellite SSS products. If R_{sat} is the spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product (L2 to L3-L4), the *in situ* data are spatially low pass filtered using a running median filter with a window width= R_{sat} to try to minimize the



spatial representation uncertainty when comparing to the lower spatial resolution of the satellite SSS product. Both original and filtered *in situ* data are finally stored in the MDB files.

Only for satellite L2 SSS data, a third sub-step consists in filtering spurious data using the flags and associated recommendations as provided by the official data centers and described in 2.1.

2.4.2 In situ/Satellite Co-localization

In this step, each SSS satellite product is co-localized with the filtered *in situ* measurements. The method used for co-location is different if the satellite SSS is a swath product (so-called Level 2-types) or a time-space composite product (so-called Level 3/level 4-types).

• For L2 SSS swath data :

If R_{sat} is the spatial resolution of the satellite swath SSS product, for each *in situ* data sample collected in the Pi-MEP database, the platform searches for all satellite SSS data found at grid nodes located within a radius of $R_{sat}/2$ from the *in situ* data location and acquired with a time-lag from the *in situ* measurement date that is less or equal than ± 12 hours. If several satellite SSS samples are found to meet these criteria, the final satellite SSS match-up point is selected to be the closest in time from the *in situ* data measurement date. The final spatial and temporal lags between the *in situ* and satellite data are stored in the MDB files.

• For L3 and L4 composite SSS products :

If R_{sat} is the spatial resolution of the composite satellite SSS product and D the period over which the composite product was built (e.g., periods of 1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 18 days, 1 month, etc..) with central time t_o , then for each *in situ* data sample in the Pi-MEP database within the time interval $[t_o - D/2, t_o + D/2]$, the platform searches for all satellite SSS data of the composite product found at grid nodes located within a radius of $R_{sat}/2$ from the *in situ* data location. If several satellite SSS product samples are found to meet these criteria, the final satellite SSS match-up point is chosen to be the composite SSS with central time t_o which is the closest in time to the *in situ* data measurement date. The final spatial and temporal lags between the *in situ* and satellite data are stored in the MDB file.

Recently, in the context of the partnership with NASA, the Pi-MEP provides a new colocalization criterion that is applied only to L2 products, called "L2-Averaged". It consists in averaging all SSS L2 swath pixels falling in a spatio-temporal window defined by $R_{sat}=50$ km and $D = \pm 3.5$ days around the in situ location. The spatial and temporal lags stored in the MDB files correspond to the average of all lags for each in situ data.

2.4.3 MDB pair Co-localization with auxiliary data and complementary information

MDB data consist of satellite and *in situ* SSS pairs but also of auxiliary geophysical parameters such as local and history of wind speed and rain rates, as well as various information (climatology, distance to coast, mixed layer depth, barrier layer thickness, etc) that can be derived from *in situ* data and which are included in the final match-up files. The collocation of auxiliary parameters and additional information is done for each *in situ* SSS measurement contained in the match-up files as follows :

If t_{insitu} is the time/date at which the *in situ* measurement is performed, we collect:



- The ASCAT wind speed product of the same day than t_{insitu} found at the ASCAT $1/4^{\circ}$ grid node with closest distance from the *in situ* data location. We then store the time series of the ASCAT wind speed at the same node for the 10 days prior to the *in situ* measurement day.
- If the *in situ* data is located within the 60°N-60°S band, we select the CMORPH 3-hourly product that is closest in time from t_{insitu} and found at the CMORPH 1/4° grid node with closest distance from the *in situ* data location. We then store the time series of the CMORPH rain rate at the same node for the 10 days prior to the *in situ* measurement time.

For the given month/year of the *in situ* data, we select the ISAS and WOA fields for the same month (and same year for ISAS fields) and take the SSS analysis (monthly mean, std) found at the closest grid node from the *in situ* measurement.

The distance from the *in situ* SSS data location to the nearest coast is evaluated and provided in km. We use a distance-to-coast map at $1/4^{\circ}$ resolution where small islands have been removed.

When vertical profiles of salinity (S) and temperature (T) are made available from the *in situ* measurements used to build the match-up (Argo or marine mammals), the following variables are also included into each satellite/*in situ* match-up file:

- 1. The vertical distribution of pressure at which the profiles were measured,
- 2. The vertical S(z) and T(z) profiles,
- 3. The vertical potential density anomaly profile $\sigma_0(z)$,
- 4. The Mixed Layer Depth (MLD). The MLD is defined here as the depth where the potential density has increased from the reference depth (10 meter) by a threshold equivalent to 0.2° C decrease in temperature at constant salinity: $\sigma_0 = \sigma_{010m} + \Delta \sigma_0$ with $\Delta \sigma_0 = \sigma_0(\theta_{10m} 0.2, S_{10m}) \sigma_0(\theta_{10m}, S_{10m})$ where θ_{10m} and S_{10m} are the temperature and salinity at the reference depth (i.e. 10 m) (de Boyer Montégut et al. (2004), de Boyer Montégut et al. (2007)).
- 5. The Top of the Thermocline Depth (TTD) is defined as the depth at which temperature decreases from its 10 m value by 0.2°C.
- 6. The Barrier Layer thickness (BLT) is defined as the difference between the MLD and the TTD. If BLT<0, it corresponds to a vertically density compensated layer whose thickness is then the absolute value of (TTD-MLD).
- 7. The vertical profile of the buoyancy frequency $N^2(z)$

The resulting match-ups files are serialized as NetCDF-4 files whose structure depends on the origin of the *in situ* data and is described in section 2.4.4.

2.4.4 Content of the Match-Up NetCDF files

The content of the Match-Up NetCDF files for Argo is described here.



2.5 MDB characteristics for each specific in situ/satellite pair

2.5.1 Number of paired SSS data as a function of time and distance to coast

Figure 1 shows the time (a) and distance to coast (b) distributions of the match-ups between Argo and Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) for the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

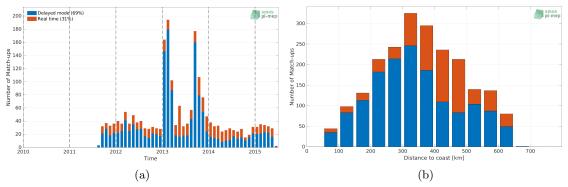


Figure 1: Number of match-ups between Argo and Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) SSS as a function of time (a) and as function of the distance to coast (b) over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

2.5.2 Histograms of the SSS match-ups

Figure 2 shows the SSS distribution of Argo (a) and Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) (b) considering all match-up pairs per bins of 0.1 over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

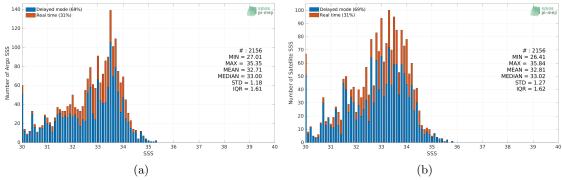


Figure 2: Histograms of SSS from Argo (a) and Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) (b) considering all match-up pairs per bins of 0.1 over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period.

2.5.3 Distribution of in situ SSS depth measurements

Figure 3 shows the depth distribution of the upper level SSS measurements from Argo in the Match-up DataBase for the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region (a) and temporal mean spatial distribution of pressure of the *in situ* SSS data over $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ boxes and for the full satellite product period (b).



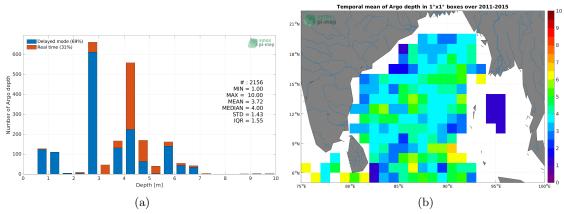


Figure 3: Histograms of the depth of the upper level SSS measurements from Argo in the Matchup DataBase for the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region (a) and temporal mean spatial distribution of pressure of the *in situ* SSS data over $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ boxes and for the full satellite product period (b).

2.5.4 Spatial Distribution of Match-ups

The number of SSS match-ups between Argo SSS and the Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) SSS product for the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region over $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ boxes and for the full satellite product period is shown in Figure 4.

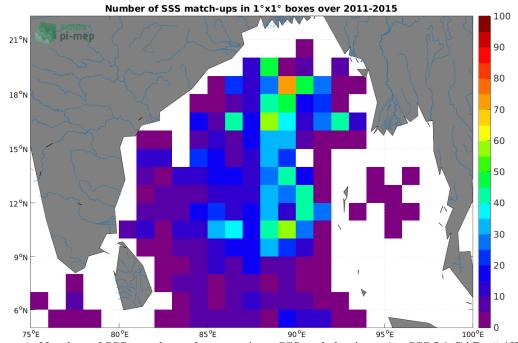


Figure 4: Number of SSS match-ups between Argo SSS and the Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) SSS product for the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region over $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ boxes and for the full satellite product period.



2.5.5 Histograms of the spatial and temporal lags of the match-ups pairs

Figure 5 reveals the spatial (left) and temporal (right) lags between the location/time of the Argo measurement and the position/date of the corresponding Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) SSS pixel of all match-ups pairs.

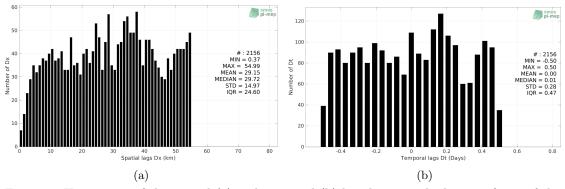


Figure 5: Histograms of the spatial (a) and temporal (b) lags between the location/time of the Argo measurement and the date of the corresponding Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) SSS pixel.

3 MDB file Analyses

3.1 Spatial Maps of the Temporal mean and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of their difference (Δ SSS)

In Figure 6, we show maps of temporal mean (left) and standard deviation (right) of the Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) (top) and of the Argo *in situ* dataset at the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs. The temporal mean and std are gridded over the full satellite product period and over spatial boxes of size $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$.

At the bottom of Figure 6, the temporal mean (left) and standard deviation (right) of the differences between the satellite SSS product and *in situ* data found at match-up pairs, namely Δ SSS(Satellite -Argo), is also gridded over the full satellite product period and over spatial boxes of size 1°×1°.

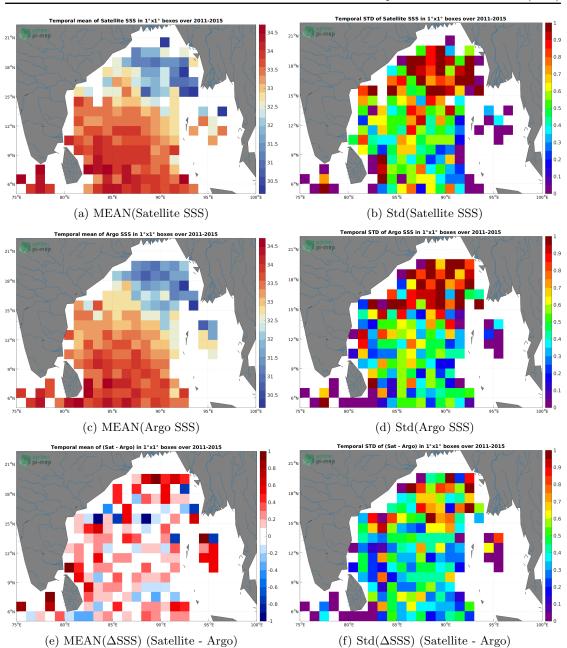


Figure 6: Temporal mean (left) and Std (right) of SSS from Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) (top), Argo (middle), and of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo). Only match-up pairs are used to generate these maps.

3.2 Time series of the monthly median and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of their difference (Δ SSS)

In the top panel of Figure 7, we show the time series of the monthly median SSS estimated over the full Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region for both Aquarius SSS L2 CAP



v5 (JPL) satellite SSS product (in black) and the Argo *in situ* dataset (in blue) at the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs.

In the middle panel of Figure 7, we show the time series of the monthly median of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) for the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs and estimated over the full Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region.

In the bottom panel of Figure 7, we show the time series of the monthly standard deviation of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) for the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs and estimated over the full Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region.

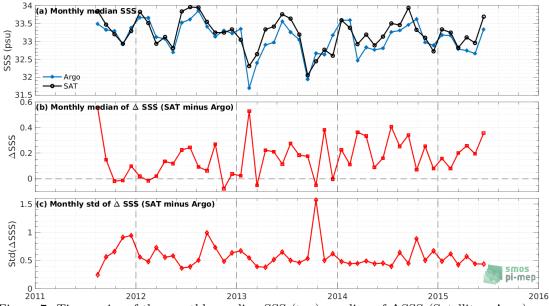


Figure 7: Time series of the monthly median SSS (top), median of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) and Std of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region considering all match-ups collected by the Pi-MEP.

3.3 Zonal mean and Std of *in situ* and satellite SSS and of the difference (Δ SSS)

In Figure 8 left panel, we show the zonal mean SSS considering all Pi-MEP match-up pairs for both Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) satellite SSS product (in black) and the Argo *in situ* dataset (in blue). The full satellite SSS product period is used to derive the mean.

In the right panel of Figure 8, we show the zonal mean of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the full satellite product period.



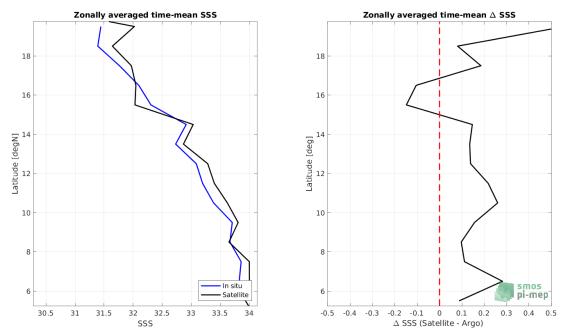


Figure 8: Left panel: Zonal mean SSS from Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) satellite product (black) and from Argo (blue). Right panel: Zonal mean of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the full satellite product period.

3.4 Scatterplots of satellite vs in situ SSS by latitudinal bands

In Figure 9, contour maps of the concentration of Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) SSS (y-axis) versus Argo SSS (x-axis) at match-up pairs for different latitude bands: (a) 80° S- 80° N, (b) 20° S- 20° N, (c) 40° S- 20° S and 20° N- 40° N and (d) 60° S- 40° S and 40° N- 60° N. For each plot, the red line shows x=y. The black thin and dashed lines indicate a linear fit through the data cloud and the $\pm 95\%$ confidence levels, respectively. The number match-up pairs *n*, the slope and R² coefficient of the linear fit, the root mean square (RMS) and the mean bias between satellite and *in situ* data are indicated for each latitude band in each plots.



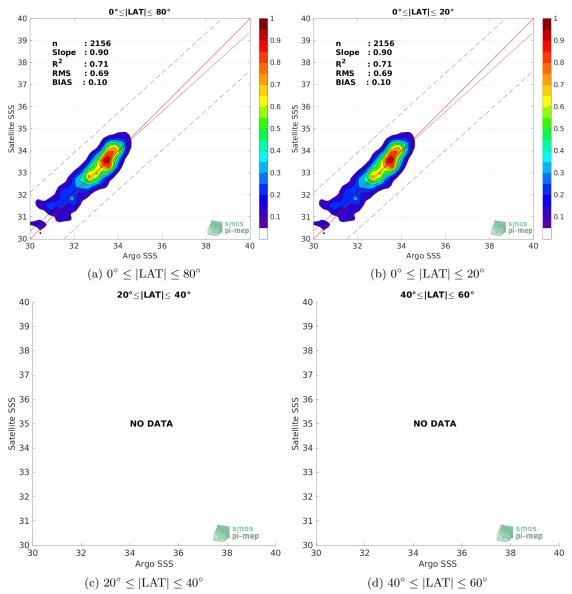


Figure 9: Contour maps of the concentration of Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) SSS (y-axis) versus Argo SSS (x-axis) at match-up pairs for different latitude bands. For each plot, the red line shows x=y. The black thin and dashed lines indicate a linear fit through the data cloud and the $\pm 95\%$ confidence levels, respectively. The number match-up pairs n, the slope and R² coefficient of the linear fit, the root mean square (RMS) and the mean bias between satellite and *in situ* data are indicated for each latitude band in each plots.

3.5 Time series of the monthly median and Std of Δ SSS sorted by latitudinal bands

In Figure 10, time series of the monthly median (red curves) of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) and ± 1 Std (black vertical thick bars) as function of time for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up



pairs estimated over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period are shown for different latitude bands: (a) 80°S-80°N, (b) 20°S-20°N, (c) 40°S-20°S and 20°N-40°N and (d) 60°S-40°S and 40°N-60°N.

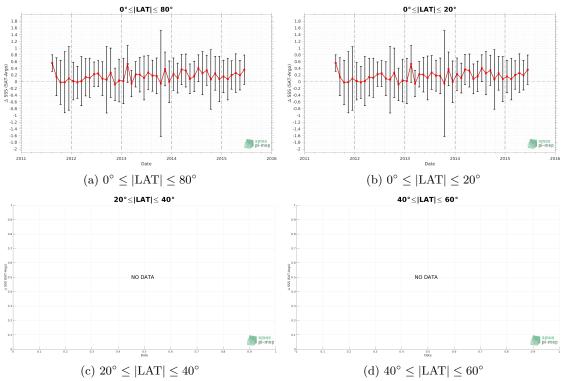


Figure 10: Monthly median (red curves) of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) and ±1 Std (black vertical thick bars) as function of time for all the collected Pi-MEP match-up pairs estimated over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period are shown for different latitude bands: (a) 80°S-80°N, (b) 20°S-20°N, (c) 40°S-20°S and 20°N-40°N and (d) 60°S-40°S and 40°N-60°N.

3.6 Δ SSS sorted as function of geophysical parameters

In Figure 11, we classify the match-up differences Δ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) between Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) and Argo SSS as function of the geophysical conditions at match-up points. The median and std of Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) is thus evaluated as function of the

- in situ SSS values per bins of width 0.2,
- in situ SST values per bins of width 1°C,
- ASCAT daily wind values per bins of width 1 m/s,
- CMORPH 3-hourly rain rates per bins of width 1 mm/h,
- distance to coasts per bins of width 50 km,
- *in situ* measurement depth (if relevant).

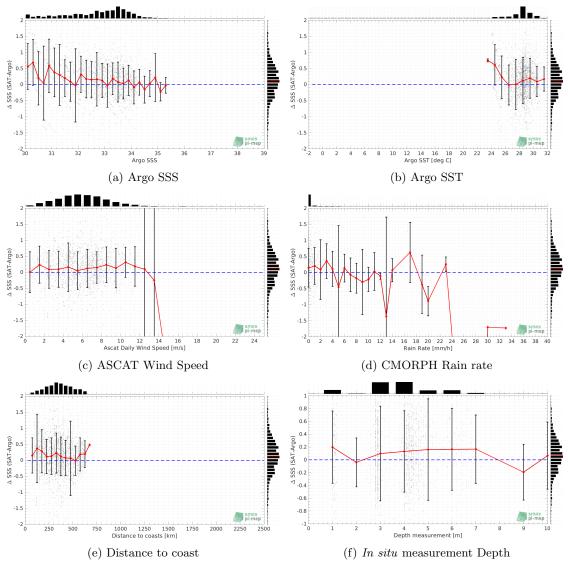


Figure 11: Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) sorted as function of Argo SSS values a), Argo SST b), ASCAT Wind speed c), CMORPH rain rate d), distance to coast (e) and *in situ* measurement depth (f). In all plots the median and Std of Δ SSS for each bin is indicated by the red curves and black vertical thick bars (±1 Std)

3.7 Δ SSS maps and statistics for different geophysical conditions

In Figures 12 and 13, we focus on sub-datasets of the match-up differences Δ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) between Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) and Argo for the following specific geophysical conditions:

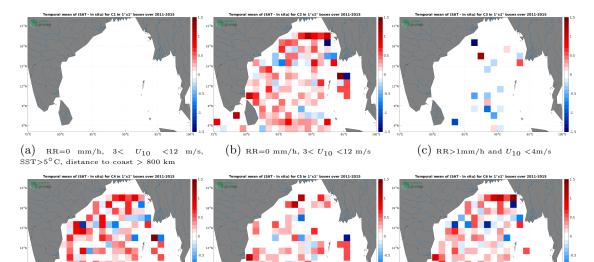
- C1: if the local value at *in situ* location of estimated rain rate is zero, mean daily wind is in the range [3, 12] m/s, the SST is > 5°C and distance to coast is > 800 km.
- C2: if the local value at in situ location of estimated rain rate is zero, mean daily wind is



in the range [3, 12] m/s.

- C3:if the local value at *in situ* location of estimated rain rate is high (ie. > 1 mm/h) and mean daily wind is low (ie. < 4 m/s).
- C4:if the mixed layer is shallow with depth <20m.
- C5: if the *in situ* data is located where the climatological SSS standard deviation is low (ie. above < 0.2).
- C6: if the *in situ* data is located where the climatological SSS standard deviation is high (ie. above > 0.2).

For each of these conditions, the temporal mean (gridded over spatial boxes of size $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$) and the histogram of the difference Δ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) are presented.



(d) $_{MLD<20m}$

(e) woa2013 SSS Std<0.2

(f) WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2

Figure 12: Temporal mean gridded over spatial boxes of size $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ of Δ SSS (Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) - Argo) for 6 different subdatasets corresponding to:RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km (a), RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s (b), RR>1mm/h and $U_{10} < 4$ m/s (c),MLD<20m (d),WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2 (e),WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2 (f).

smos pi-mep

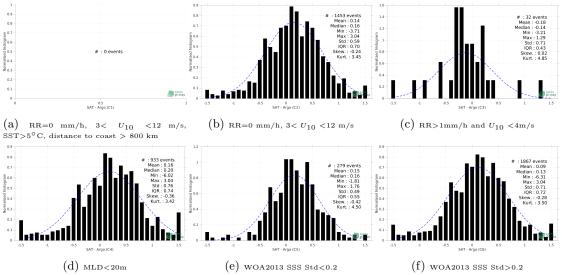


Figure 13: Normalized histogram of Δ SSS (Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) - Argo) for 6 different subdatasets corresponding to: RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km (a), RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s (b), RR>1mm/h and $U_{10} < 4$ m/s (c), MLD<20m (d), WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2 (e), WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2 (f).

4 Summary

► Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient (r^2) and robust standard deviation (Std^{*}) of the match-up differences Δ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) between Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) and Argo derived over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period and for the following conditions:

- all: All the match-up pairs satellite/in situ SSS are used to derive the statistics
- C1: only pairs where RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km
- C2: only pairs where RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s
- C3: only pairs where RR>1mm/h and $U_{10} < 4m/s$
- C4: only pairs where MLD<20m
- C5: only pairs where WOA2013 SSS Std<0.2
- C6: only pairs at WOA2013 SSS Std>0.2
- C7a: only pairs where distance to coast is < 150 km.
- C7b: only pairs where distance to coast is in the range [150, 800] km.
- C7c: only pairs where distance to coast is > 800 km.
- C8a: only pairs where in situ SST is $< 5^{\circ}$ C.

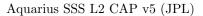


- C8b: only pairs where in situ SST is in the range $[5, 15]^{\circ}$ C.
- C8c: only pairs where in situ SST is $> 15^{\circ}$ C.
- C9a: only pairs where in situ SSS is < 33.
- C9b: only pairs where *in situ* SSS is in the range [33, 37].
- C9c: only pairs where in situ SSS is > 37.

	10010	1. 2000000		~~~ (~		8-		
Condition	#	Median	Mean	\mathbf{Std}	\mathbf{RMS}	\mathbf{IQR}	\mathbf{r}^2	\mathbf{Std}^{\star}
all	2156	0.13	0.10	0.69	0.69	0.70	0.715	0.52
C1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C2	1453	0.16	0.14	0.59	0.61	0.70	0.757	0.53
C3	32	-0.14	-0.18	0.71	0.72	0.43	0.793	0.31
C4	933	0.20	0.16	0.76	0.78	0.74	0.685	0.56
C5	279	0.16	0.15	0.49	0.52	0.55	0.665	0.42
C6	1867	0.13	0.09	0.71	0.72	0.72	0.708	0.53
C7a	142	0.24	0.06	0.94	0.94	0.64	0.668	0.50
C7b	2014	0.13	0.11	0.66	0.67	0.70	0.722	0.53
C7c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8a	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8b	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
C8c	2154	0.13	0.10	0.69	0.69	0.70	0.715	0.52
C9a	1077	0.23	0.17	0.80	0.81	0.76	0.514	0.56
C9b	1079	0.06	0.04	0.55	0.55	0.62	0.334	0.46
C9c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

 \blacktriangleright Table 2 presents statistics of $\Delta {\rm SSS}$ (Satellite - Argo) using Argo delayed mode only.

Table 2: Statistics of \triangle SSS (Satellite - Argo) - Delayed mode									
Condition	#	Median	Mean	\mathbf{Std}	RMS	IQR	\mathbf{r}^2	\mathbf{Std}^{\star}	
all	1492	0.14	0.13	0.61	0.62	0.70	0.781	0.53	
C1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
C2	998	0.16	0.15	0.61	0.63	0.74	0.769	0.54	
C3	24	-0.14	-0.11	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.954	0.25	
C4	659	0.22	0.18	0.69	0.72	0.76	0.737	0.56	
C5	205	0.14	0.13	0.48	0.50	0.56	0.700	0.42	
C6	1278	0.14	0.13	0.63	0.64	0.73	0.776	0.55	
C7a	118	0.21	0.00	0.93	0.93	0.61	0.644	0.42	
C7b	1374	0.13	0.14	0.57	0.59	0.71	0.802	0.53	
C7c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
C8a	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
C8b	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
C8c	1490	0.14	0.13	0.61	0.62	0.70	0.781	0.53	
C9a	767	0.25	0.20	0.71	0.74	0.72	0.577	0.54	
C9b	725	0.06	0.05	0.47	0.47	0.63	0.411	0.47	
C9c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	





 \blacktriangleright Table 3 presents statistics of \triangle SSS (Satellite - ISAS) using only ISAS SSS values with PCTVAR<80%.

Table 3: Statistics of \triangle SSS (Satellite - ISAS)										
Condition	#	Median	Mean	Std	RMS	IQR	\mathbf{r}^2	\mathbf{Std}^{\star}		
all	2156	0.17	0.12	0.70	0.71	0.68	0.693	0.52		
C1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN		
C2	1453	0.18	0.18	0.57	0.60	0.63	0.761	0.47		
C3	32	-0.29	-0.32	1.23	1.25	1.28	0.503	0.99		
C4	933	0.05	-0.01	0.79	0.79	0.80	0.647	0.58		
C5	279	0.12	0.13	0.51	0.53	0.62	0.630	0.47		
C6	1867	0.17	0.12	0.72	0.73	0.68	0.687	0.52		
C7a	142	0.37	0.31	0.94	0.99	1.05	0.673	0.71		
C7b	2014	0.15	0.11	0.68	0.69	0.66	0.696	0.49		
C7c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN		
C8a	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN		
C8b	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN		
C8c	2154	0.17	0.12	0.70	0.71	0.68	0.693	0.51		
C9a	1077	0.06	0.01	0.83	0.83	0.89	0.480	0.65		
C9b	1079	0.24	0.23	0.52	0.57	0.60	0.407	0.46		
C9c	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN		

▶ Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1, Table 2 and Table 3.

More Comparison/Validation Materials $\mathbf{5}$

5.1Comparisons with other satellite products

▶ Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient (r^2) and robust standard deviation (Std^*) of the match-up differences Δ SSS (Satellite - Argo) between different satellite products and Argo derived over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region considering all match-up pairs satellite/in situ SSS values to derive the statistics:



Satellite products#MedianMeanStdRMSIQR r^2 Std'smap-l2-vrs.v520310.120.070.870.870.870.750.43smap-l2-rss.v5-40km8059-0.05-0.080.860.660.550.43smap-l2-pl.v5.0100230.160.130.800.810.750.43aquarius-l2-pl.v521560.130.100.690.690.700.7150.52smap-l2.rss.v521560.130.100.690.690.700.7150.52smap-l2.5-pl.v512538-0.02-0.070.570.580.380.8440.62smap-l2.5-jpl.v5.0129140.160.120.570.580.480.8060.36aquarius-l2.5-or.v587640.060.030.520.520.530.7930.39smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v331-l2q23730.060.060.961.150.3720.86smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d17440.010.000.720.720.750.42smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-1m-25km17480.010.020.680.650.6840.49smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v33-1m-25km17480.010.020.620.590.7430.44smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v33-1m-25km17480.010.020.600.650.7890.44smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v33-1m-25km17480.010.020.620.590.	Table 1: Sta	atistics	of ΔSSS (Satellite	- Arg	o) - All			
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Satellite products	#	Median	Mean	Std	RMS	IQR	\mathbf{r}^2	\mathbf{Std}^{\star}
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smos-12-v700	2031	0.12	0.07	0.87	0.87	1.07	0.436	0.80
smap-l2-jpl-v5.0 10023 0.16 0.13 0.80 0.81 0.75 0.687 0.56 aquarius-l2-or-v5 2156 0.13 0.10 0.69 0.69 0.70 0.775 0.43 aquarius-l2-jpl-v5 2156 0.13 0.10 0.69 0.69 0.70 0.775 0.52 smos-l2.5-v700 11607 0.12 0.14 0.72 0.73 0.83 0.642 0.62 smap-l2.5-jpl-v5.0 12914 0.16 0.12 0.57 0.58 0.42 0.799 0.31 aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5.0 8710 0.15 0.13 0.55 0.56 0.53 0.793 0.39 smos-l3-catds-epdc-v331-l2q 2373 0.06 0.00 0.59 0.57 0.72 0.75 0.42 smos-l3-catds-epdc-v335-l0d-25km 17428 0.01 -0.02 0.68 0.68 0.65 0.644 0.49 smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-9d 2300 0.03 0.02 0.60 0.60	smap-l2-rss-v5	8736	-0.03	-0.08	0.68	0.69	0.58	0.755	0.43
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smap-l2-rss-v5-40km	8059	-0.05	-0.08	0.86	0.86	0.92	0.659	0.68
aquarius-l2-jpl-v521560.130.100.690.690.700.7150.52smos-l2.5-v700116970.120.140.720.730.830.5440.62smap-l2.5-jpl-v5.0129140.160.120.570.580.380.8020.28aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5.0129140.160.120.570.580.420.7990.31aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v587640.060.030.520.520.480.8060.36aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v587100.150.130.550.560.530.7930.39smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v331-l2q23730.060.060.961.150.3720.86smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km174280.010.000.720.720.7570.42smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-9d233000.030.020.620.690.790.7390.41smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-1d233000.010.020.600.600.550.7390.41smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-1d233000.01-0.020.640.640.700.7100.52smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-1d233000.02-0.041.601.400.2921.05smos-l3-cmems-v31-l2q-noflag77420.02-0.041.601.400.2921.05smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noflag74720.02-0.041.601.400.2921.05smap-l3-rss-v5-lm12	smap-l2-jpl-v5.0	10023	0.16	0.13	0.80	0.81	0.75	0.687	0.56
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	aquarius-12-or-v5	2187	0.06	0.01	0.61	0.61	0.57	0.755	0.43
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	aquarius-l2-jpl-v5	2156	0.13	0.10	0.69	0.69	0.70	0.715	0.52
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	smos-12.5-v700	11697	0.12	0.14	0.72	0.73	0.83	0.544	0.62
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smap-l2.5-rss-v5	12538	-0.02	-0.07	0.57	0.58	0.38	0.802	0.28
aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5 8710 0.15 0.13 0.55 0.56 0.53 0.793 0.39 smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v331-l2q 2373 0.06 0.06 0.96 0.96 1.15 0.372 0.86 smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km 17428 0.01 0.00 0.72 0.72 0.72 0.757 0.42 smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km 17428 0.01 -0.02 0.68 0.68 0.65 0.684 0.49 smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-9d 23300 0.03 0.02 0.62 0.62 0.59 0.743 0.44 smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-18d 23300 0.03 0.02 0.60 0.60 0.55 0.739 0.41 smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-18d 23300 0.01 0.02 0.60 0.60 0.55 0.739 0.41 smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noftag 7742 0.01 -0.06 1.73 1.73 1.45 0.270 1.08 smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag 7472 0.02 -0.04 1.60 1.60 1.40 0.292 1.05 smap-l3-rss-v5-8dr 12831 -0.06 -0.11 0.65 0.46 0.734 0.34 smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr 12747 0.16 0.12 0.58 0.60 0.41 0.796 0.31 smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m 13078 0.14 0.10 0.66 0.66 0.61 0.77 0.42 aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr 7033 0.02 <	smap-l2.5-jpl-v5.0	12914	0.16	0.12	0.57	0.58	0.42	0.799	0.31
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	aquarius-12.5-or-v5	8764	0.06	0.03	0.52	0.52	0.48	0.806	0.36
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d 17304 0.00 0.00 0.59 0.57 0.757 0.42 smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km 17428 0.01 0.00 0.72 0.72 0.72 0.685 0.54 smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km 17546 -0.01 -0.02 0.68 0.68 0.65 0.684 0.49 smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-9d 23300 0.03 0.02 0.60 0.60 0.55 0.739 0.41 smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-9d 23300 0.01 0.02 0.60 0.60 0.55 0.739 0.41 smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-moftag 7742 0.01 -0.06 1.73 1.73 1.45 0.270 1.08 smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag 7472 0.02 -0.04 1.60 1.40 0.292 1.05 smap-l3-rss-v5-8dr 12831 -0.06 -0.11 0.57 0.58 0.39 0.805 0.29 smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr 12747 0.16 0.12 0.58 <	aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5	8710	0.15	0.13	0.55	0.56	0.53	0.793	0.39
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v331-l2q	2373	0.06	0.06	0.96	0.96	1.15	0.372	0.86
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d	17304	0.00	0.00	0.59	0.59	0.57	0.757	0.42
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km	17428	0.01	0.00	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.685	0.54
smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-18d233000.010.020.600.600.550.7390.41smos-l3-bec-v2-9d163190.050.070.640.640.700.7010.52smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noflag77420.01-0.061.731.731.450.2701.08smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag74720.02-0.041.601.601.400.2921.05smap-l3-rss-v5-8dr12831-0.06-0.110.570.580.390.8050.29smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr127470.160.120.580.600.410.7960.31smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr127470.160.120.580.600.410.7960.31smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m130780.140.100.640.650.480.7320.36aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr70330.020.000.600.600.570.7500.43aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr70330.020.000.600.660.610.7070.45aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr7240.01-0.020.660.660.590.7040.42aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m72140.030.010.660.660.590.7040.44aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m72180.110.110.610.530.7520.40smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.530.530.500.570.740.35 <tr< td=""><td>smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km</td><td>17546</td><td>-0.01</td><td>-0.02</td><td>0.68</td><td>0.68</td><td>0.65</td><td>0.684</td><td>0.49</td></tr<>	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km	17546	-0.01	-0.02	0.68	0.68	0.65	0.684	0.49
smos-l3-bec-v2-9d163190.050.070.640.640.700.7010.52smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noflag77420.01-0.061.731.731.450.2701.08smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag74720.02-0.041.601.601.400.2921.05smap-l3-rss-v5-8dr12831-0.06-0.110.570.580.390.8050.29smap-l3-rss-v5-1m12964-0.07-0.120.630.640.460.7340.34smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr127470.160.120.580.600.410.7960.31smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m130780.140.100.640.650.480.7320.36aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr70330.020.000.600.600.570.7500.43aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask68020.040.020.660.660.610.7070.42aquarius-l3-pl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-pl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.39aquarius-l3-pl-v5-1m72180.110.110.610.610.530.7240.50smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7240.50smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.500.7940.35	smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-9d	23300	0.03	0.02	0.62	0.62	0.59	0.743	0.44
smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noflag 7742 0.01 -0.06 1.73 1.73 1.45 0.270 1.08 smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag 7472 0.02 -0.04 1.60 1.60 1.40 0.292 1.05 smap-l3-rss-v5-8dr 12831 -0.06 -0.11 0.57 0.58 0.39 0.805 0.29 smap-l3-rss-v5-1m 12964 -0.07 -0.12 0.63 0.64 0.46 0.734 0.34 smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr 12747 0.16 0.12 0.58 0.60 0.41 0.796 0.31 smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m 13078 0.14 0.10 0.64 0.65 0.48 0.732 0.36 aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr 7033 0.02 0.00 0.60 0.57 0.750 0.43 aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask 6802 0.04 0.02 0.66 0.66 0.61 0.707 0.42 aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr 6926 0.14 0.13 0.52 0.54 0.51 0.808 0.38 aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr 6926 0.14 0.13 0.52 0.54 0.51 0.808 0.38 aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr 6926 0.14 0.13 0.52 0.54 0.51 0.808 0.38 aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m 7218 0.11 0.11 0.61 0.61 0.67 0.724 0.50 smos-H4-bec-v2-1d 19085 0.00 0.03 0.61 0.61 <	smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-18d	23300	0.01	0.02	0.60	0.60	0.55	0.739	0.41
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	smos-l3-bec-v2-9d	16319	0.05	0.07	0.64	0.64	0.70	0.701	0.52
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noflag	7742	0.01	-0.06	1.73	1.73	1.45	0.270	1.08
smap-l3-rss-v5-1m12964-0.07-0.120.630.640.460.7340.34smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr127470.160.120.580.600.410.7960.31smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m130780.140.100.640.650.480.7320.36aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr70330.020.000.600.600.570.7500.43aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m72240.01-0.020.660.660.610.7070.45aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask68020.040.020.600.600.570.7490.42aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask68020.040.020.600.660.590.7040.44aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr1490850.000.030.610.610.530.7520.40smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7240.50smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36 </td <td>smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag</td> <td>7472</td> <td>0.02</td> <td>-0.04</td> <td>1.60</td> <td>1.60</td> <td>1.40</td> <td>0.292</td> <td>1.05</td>	smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag	7472	0.02	-0.04	1.60	1.60	1.40	0.292	1.05
smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr127470.160.120.580.600.410.7960.31smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m130780.140.100.640.650.480.7320.36aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr70330.020.000.600.600.570.7500.43aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m72240.01-0.020.660.660.610.7070.45aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask68020.040.020.600.600.570.7490.42aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask68020.040.020.600.660.590.7040.44aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask72140.030.010.660.660.590.7040.44aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m72180.110.110.610.610.670.7240.50smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.470.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.42<	smap-l3-rss-v5-8dr	12831	-0.06	-0.11	0.57	0.58	0.39	0.805	0.29
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-0.07	-0.12	0.63	0.64	0.46		0.34
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr70330.020.000.600.600.570.7500.43aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m72240.01-0.020.660.660.610.7070.45aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask68020.040.020.600.600.570.7490.42aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask72140.030.010.660.660.590.7040.44aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m72180.110.110.610.610.670.7240.50smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7920.37cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.470.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr	12747	0.16	0.12	0.58	0.60	0.41	0.796	0.31
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m72240.01-0.020.660.660.610.7070.45aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask68020.040.020.600.600.570.7490.42aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask72140.030.010.660.660.590.7040.44aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.610.610.530.7520.40smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7240.50smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.500.7920.37cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.470.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m	13078	0.14	0.10	0.64	0.65	0.48	0.732	0.36
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask68020.040.020.600.600.570.7490.42aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask72140.030.010.660.660.590.7040.44aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.610.610.530.7520.40smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7240.50smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.500.7920.37cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr	7033	0.02	0.00	0.60	0.60	0.57	0.750	0.43
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask72140.030.010.660.660.590.7040.44aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m72180.110.110.610.610.530.7520.40smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7240.50smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.500.7920.37cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m	7224	0.01	-0.02	0.66	0.66	0.61	0.707	0.45
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr69260.140.130.520.540.510.8080.38aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m72180.110.110.610.610.530.7520.40smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7240.50smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.500.7920.37cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.470.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask	6802	0.04	0.02	0.60	0.60	0.57	0.749	0.42
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m72180.110.110.610.610.530.7520.40smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7240.50smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.500.7920.37cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.470.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask	7214	0.03		0.66	0.66	0.59	0.704	0.44
smos-l4-bec-v2-1d190850.000.030.610.610.670.7240.50smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.500.7920.37cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.470.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	aquarius-13-jpl-v5-7dr	6926	0.14	0.13	0.52	0.54	0.51	0.808	0.38
smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d143100.050.070.520.530.500.7920.37cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.470.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m	7218	0.11	0.11	0.61	0.61	0.53	0.752	0.40
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr146270.00-0.030.530.530.470.7940.35cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	smos-l4-bec-v2-1d	19085	0.00	0.03	0.61	0.61	0.67	0.724	0.50
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr14835-0.01-0.040.580.580.480.7590.36smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d	14310	0.05	0.07		0.53	0.50	0.792	0.37
smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d16725-0.03-0.040.470.470.410.8350.31smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr	14627	0.00	-0.03	0.53	0.53	0.47	0.794	0.35
smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m16697-0.05-0.050.550.480.7730.36aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w7771-0.02-0.010.440.440.420.8600.31	·								
aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w 7771 -0.02 -0.01 0.44 0.44 0.42 0.860 0.31	smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d	16725	-0.03	-0.04	0.47	0.47	0.41	0.835	0.31
1 1	smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m	16697	-0.05	-0.05	0.55	0.55			
aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m 7585 -0.02 -0.01 0.51 0.51 0.49 0.808 0.36	aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w	7771	-0.02	-0.01			0.42	0.860	
	aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m	7585	-0.02	-0.01	0.51	0.51	0.49	0.808	0.36

▶ Table 2 is similar to Table 1 but considering only match-up pairs where RR=0 mm/h, $3 < U_{10} < 12$ m/s, SST>5°C, distance to coast > 800 km.



$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Table 2: Stat	istics	s of ΔSSS	(Satellit	e - Ar	go) - C	1		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Satellite products	#	Median	Mean	Std	RMS	IQR	\mathbf{r}^2	\mathbf{Std}^{\star}
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smos-12-v700	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smap-l2-rss-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2-or-v50NaNNanNaNNanN	smap-l2-rss-v5-40km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2-jpl-v50NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l2.5-v7000NaN <td>smap-l2-jpl-v5.0</td> <td>0</td> <td>NaN</td> <td>NaN</td> <td>NaN</td> <td>NaN</td> <td>NaN</td> <td>NaN</td> <td>NaN</td>	smap-l2-jpl-v5.0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	aquarius-l2-or-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	aquarius-l2-jpl-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	smos-l2.5-v700	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-12.5-or-v50NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-12.5-jpl-v50NaN <td< td=""><td>smap-l2.5-rss-v5</td><td>0</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td></td<>	smap-l2.5-rss-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v50NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l3-catds-cpdc-v331-l2q0NaN	smap-l2.5-jpl-v5.0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v331-l2q0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d0NaN <t< td=""><td>aquarius-12.5-or-v5</td><td>0</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td></t<>	aquarius-12.5-or-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	aquarius-l2.5-jpl-v5	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
$\begin{array}{l c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v331-l2q	0		NaN					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v332-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-9d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l3-catds-locean-v8-18d0NaN <t< td=""><td>smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km</td><td>0</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td><td>NaN</td></t<>	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-10d-25km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	smos-l3-catds-cpdc-v335-1m-25km	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-bec-v2-9d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noflag0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-rss-v5-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-rss-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap	smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noflag0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-rss-v5-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-rss-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v	smos-l3-catds-locean-v8-18d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-rss-v5-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-rss-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	smos-l3-bec-v2-9d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-rss-v5-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-rss-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-ipr-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0N	smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-noflag	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l3-rss-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaN	smos-l3-cmems-v331-l2q-withflag	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-13-jpl-v5.0-8dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-13-jpl-v5.0-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-1m-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-jpl-v5-1m-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-14-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-14-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-14-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-14-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-14-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	smap-l3-rss-v5-8dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-13-jpl-v5.0-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-13-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-14-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-14-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-14-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-14-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-14-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-14-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	smap-l3-rss-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-8dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	smap-l3-jpl-v5.0-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	aquarius-13-or-v5-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	aquarius-l3-or-v5-7dr-rain-mask	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-l4-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	aquarius-l3-or-v5-1m-rain-mask	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-14-bec-v2-1d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmos-smap-14-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-14-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-14-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-14-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-14-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-14-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-14-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	aquarius-l3-jpl-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNcci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	smos-l4-bec-v2-1d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	smos-smap-l4-lops-oi-v1-7d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-14-esr-oi-v2-7d0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNsmap-14-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-14-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-7dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaNaquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w0NaNNaNNaNNaNNaNNaN	cci-l4-esa-merged-oi-v4.3-30dr	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w 0 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN	smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-7d	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1 1	smap-l4-esr-oi-v2-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m 0 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN	aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1w	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
1 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	aquarius-l4-iprc-v5-1m	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

▶ Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1 and Table 2.

▶ Figures using numerical values of Table 1 sorted by MEDIANS, MEANS, IQR, RMS, STD, R2 are also provided.

▶ Figures using numerical values of Table 2 sorted by MEDIANS, MEANS, IQR, RMS, STD, R2 are also provided.

Caution has to be made in the interpretation of the "ranking" between different satellite products in particular when looking at the dispersion parameters like the



standard deviation (STD), or the interquartile range (IQR). Keep in mind that low spatial and/or temporal resolution satellite SSS products tend to have lower dispersions than products at higher resolutions. For example, a level 2 (swath) product of a specific sensor will always have more dispersion than level 3 or 4 products where spatial and temporal averaging tend to reduce the instrumental noise and potential small scale variability. In general, products at $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ spatial resolution have lower dispersion than products at 0.25°x0.25°. Same result applies for monthly products compared to daily products.

5.2Statistics derived for the different *in situ* databases

▶ Table 1 shows the mean, median, standard deviation (Std), root mean square (RMS), interquartile range (IQR), correlation coefficient (r^2) and robust standard deviation (Std^{*}) of the match-up differences Δ SSS (Satellite - *in situ*) between Aquarius SSS L2 CAP v5 (JPL) and all the available in situ datasets derived over the Ganga and Brahmaputra river plumes Pi-MEP region and for the full satellite product period and considering all match-up pairs satellite/in situ SSS values to derive the statistics:

Table 1: Statistics of Δ SSS (Satellite - in situ)												
in situ database	#	Median	Mean	\mathbf{Std}	\mathbf{RMS}	IQR	\mathbf{r}^2	\mathbf{Std}^{\star}				
argo	2156	0.13	0.10	0.69	0.69	0.70	0.715	0.52				
tsg-legos-dm	950	0.28	0.31	0.42	0.52	0.47	0.555	0.35				
tsg-samos	232	0.12	0.18	0.08	0.19	0.14	0.000	0.01				
drifter	369	0.11	0.18	0.40	0.44	0.55	0.006	0.33				

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 \blacktriangleright Table 2 is similar to Table 1 but considering only match-up pairs where RR=0 mm/h, 3< $U_{10} < 12 \text{ m/s}, \text{SST} > 5^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ distance to coast} > 800 \text{ km}.$

Table 2: Statistics of ΔSSS (Satellite - in situ)											
in situ database	#	Median	Mean	\mathbf{Std}	\mathbf{RMS}	IQR	\mathbf{r}^2	\mathbf{Std}^{\star}			
argo	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN			
tsg-legos-dm	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN			
tsg-samos	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN			
drifter	0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN			

Table 2: Statistics of \triangle SSS (Satellite - *in situ*)

▶ Numerical values can be downloaded as csv files for Table 1 and Table 2.

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